

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY  
FIRST SEMESTER  
INORGANIC CHEMISTRY I  
MSC – 102

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

2024-25

**SET  
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

( Objective )

1×20=20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

- Which of the following have same bond order?  
a.  $O_2^-$ ,  $N_2^+$  and  $N_2^-$   
b.  $O_2^+$ ,  $O_2^-$  and  $N_2^-$   
c.  $O_2^{2-}$ ,  $N_2^{2-}$  and  $N_2$   
d.  $O_2^+$ ,  $N_2^+$  and  $N_2^-$
- Magnetic moment of  $N_2^{2-}$  is  
a. 2.82 BM  
b. 4.87 BM  
c. 1.73 BM  
d. 5.92 BM
- Which of the following diatomic molecules would be stabilized by the removal of an electron?  
a.  $C_2$   
b. CO  
c.  $N_2$   
d.  $O_2$
- The bond energy of  $H_2$  is  $436 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . Thus bond energy of  $H_2^+$  is  
a.  $436 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$   
b.  $218 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$   
c.  $512 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$   
d.  $872 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- Which one of the following is diamagnetic and has shortest bond length?  
a.  $C_2^{2-}$   
b.  $N_2^{2-}$   
c.  $O_2^{2-}$   
d.  $O_2$
- What is the axis of symmetry ( $C_n$ ) for the molecule  $CO_2$ ?  
a.  $C_2$   
b.  $C_\infty$   
c.  $C_4$   
d.  $C_6$
- What is the matrix representation of an inversion (i) through the origin?  
a.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$   
b.  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$   
c.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$   
d.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- Which point group corresponds to a molecule with the following symmetry elements:  $E$ ,  $C_4$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $4C_2$ ,  $4C_2$ ,  $4C_2$ ?  
a.  $D_4$   
b.  $D_{4h}$   
c.  $D_{4d}$   
d.  $C_{4v}$
- What is the order of the  $C_{3v}$  point group?  
a. 4  
b. 6  
c. 8  
d. 12

10. The value of reducible representation of water molecule using 3-cartesian basis set
  - a. (3, -1, 1, 1)
  - b. (-3, -1, 1, -1)
  - c. (-3, -1, 1, 3)
  - d. (1, 1, 1, 1)
11. Archaea are group of organisms that are similar to but evolutionarily distinct from
  - a. enzymes
  - b. bacteria
  - c. proteins
  - d. lipids
12. Functions of lipids include
  - a. destruction of energy
  - b. storing of energy
  - c. generation of energy
  - d. generation of bacteria
13. The transport across membrane is achieved by proteins known as
  - a. ion pumps and channels
  - b. haemoglobin pump.
  - c. magnesium pump
  - d. calcium pump
14. Acid phosphatase contain a dinuclear metal site comprising
  - a. Fe(III) in conjunction with Fe, Zn or Mn.
  - b. Mg or Ca
  - c. Na or K
  - d. Cd or Hg
15. Calvin is a process that plants and algae use to turn
  - a. CO<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar
  - b. SO<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar.
  - c. H<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar
  - d. N<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar
16. Bipolar disease is treated by
  - a. Li<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>4</sub>
  - b. Li<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - c. Li<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - d. LiCO<sub>3</sub>
17. Which of the following drugs are used for arthristis treatment?
  - a. Solganol and ferroquine
  - b. Auranofin and deferasirox
  - c. Ferroquine and deferasirox
  - d. Solganol and auranofin
18. Which of the following metal is present in the drug that is used to locate damaged tissue is
  - a. Bi
  - b. Gd
  - c. Au
  - d. Fe
19. Anti cancer drugs
  - a. Prevents replication of DNA
  - b. Binds with cytocin base
  - c. Helps in healthy cell division
  - d. All of the above
20. Which of the following statement is wrong about anti arthritis drug
  - a. It works according to HSAB principle
  - b. It binds with Cysteine protein
  - c. Cures joint pain
  - d. None of the above



**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1.
  - a. What is the bond order and magnetic moment of  $O_2^-$  ion. 3+2+3+
  - b. Draw the dihedral plane of symmetry for methane molecule. 2=10
  - c. What are lipids? What are their functions?
  - d. Give the name and structure of one anti-arthritis drug.
  
2.
  - a. Draw molecular orbital diagram of CO and  $O_2$  molecule. Calculate bond order for both and comment on their magnetic behaviour. 5+5=10
  - b. Draw molecular orbital diagram of HF and  $N_2$  molecule. Compare bond order, bond strength and bond length of  $N_2$ ,  $N_2^+$  and  $N_2^-$ .
  
3.
  - a. What is  $Na^+ / K^+$  pump? What are its role? 3+3+4
  - b. Why  $Ca^{2+}$  is more suitable to  $Mg^{2+}$  for fast signalling process in the cell? =10
  - c. What do you understand by the term zinc transcription? What are transcript factors?
  
4.
  - a. "Cadmium which is normally regarded as highly toxic is now recognized as being essential nutrient of certain organisms"- elucidate. 3+4+3
  - b. Give a plausible mechanism of the action of acotinise based on structural, kinetic and spectroscopic evidences. =10
  - c. Why is cobalt based macrocyclic complex rather than iron complex like haem, is well suited for radical based rearrangement?
  
5.
  - a. Define symmetry elements and symmetry operations with one example for each? 2×5=10
  - b. Find out the acceptable improper symmetry operation for  $S_4$  improper axis of symmetry.
  - c. Find out the matrix representation of following symmetry elements: (i) Identity and (ii) Inversion

d. Match the following columns:

| Column I       | Column II                                                |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| $C_{2v}$       | Tetrahedral geometry with $4C_3$ -axes                   |
| $D_{4h}$       | Linear molecule with infinite $C_\infty$ -axis           |
| $T_d$          | Octahedral geometry with $3C_4$ -axes                    |
| $O_h$          | Planar molecule with $2C_2$ -axes and $2\sigma_v$ planes |
| $C_{\infty v}$ | Cubic geometry with $4C_3$ -axes and $6\sigma_d$ planes  |

e. State the axis of symmetry for the following molecules:

(i) water and (ii) ammonia

6. a. What type of symmetry operation transforms the coordinates  $(x, y, z)$  to  $(-x, y, -z)$  with  $n=4$  and  $\theta = 90^\circ$ ? 2×5=10

b. Find out the class and order of  $D_{4h}$  point group.

c. State the Great Orthogonality Theorem.

d. The symmetry group is  $C_2$  for a molecule (AX) which is having the following reducible representation:

| AX    | E | $C_2$ | $\sigma_v$ | $\sigma_v'$ |
|-------|---|-------|------------|-------------|
| $A_1$ | 1 | 1     | 1          | 1           |



Identify the irreducible representation which is orthogonal to  $A_1$  among the following irreducible representation present in the molecule:

| $C_{2v}$   | E | $C_2$ | $\sigma_v$ | $\sigma_v'$ |
|------------|---|-------|------------|-------------|
| $\Gamma_1$ | 1 | -1    | 1          | 1           |
| $\Gamma_2$ | 1 | -1    | -1         | 1           |
| $\Gamma_3$ | 1 | 1     | 1          | -2          |
| $\Gamma_4$ | 1 | 1     | 1          | 2           |

- e. Prove that  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  representation in  $C_{2v}$  point group are orthogonal to each other.
7. a. Give the pathway on how anti-cancer drugs work. Why trans platin is not an anti-cancer drug? 5+5=10
- b. What is iron overload? How to treat it? Write in detail.
8. a. What are the cause and consequences of malaria in human body? Give the name and structure of the organometallic drug to treat malaria. 4+3+3=10
- b. What is the cause of gastric ulcer and how to treat it.
- c. Draw molecular orbital diagram for  $SF_6$  molecule.

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