REV-01 MSC/03/08

Duration: 3 hrs.

## M.Sc. CHEMISTRY FIRST SEMESTER **INORGANIC CHEMISTRY I** MSC - 102 [REPEAT] [USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Full Marks: 70

(Objective)

Time: 30 min

Marks: 20

2024/12

SET

C	hoose the correct answer from t	he following:	1×20=20	
1.	Which of the following have same bond or	der?		
	a, O <sub>2</sub> -, N <sub>2</sub> + and N <sub>2</sub> -	b. O <sub>2</sub> +, O <sub>2</sub> - and N <sub>2</sub> -		
	c. O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , N <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup> and N <sub>2</sub>	<b>d.</b> $O_2^+$ , $N_2^+$ and $N_2^-$		
2.	Magnetic moment of N <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup> is			
	a. 2.82 BM	b. 4.87 BM		
	c. 1.73 BM	d. 5.92 BM		
	Which of the following diatomic molecules electron?	would be stabilized by the	e removal of an	
	a. C <sub>2</sub>	b. CO		
	c. N <sub>2</sub>	d. O <sub>2</sub>		
١.	The bond energy of H <sub>2</sub> is 436 kJ mol-1. Thus	s bond energy of H <sub>2</sub> + is		
	a. 436 kJ mol-1	b. 218 kJ mol-1		
	c. 512 kJ mol-1	d. 872 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>		
5.	Which one of the following is diamagnetic and has shortest bond length?			
	a. C <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> -	b. N <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> -		
	c. O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup> -	d. O <sub>2</sub>		
<b>)</b> .	What is the axis of symmetry (Cn) for the r	nolecule CO <sub>2</sub> ?		
	a. C <sub>2</sub>	b. C <sub>∞</sub>		
	c. C <sub>4</sub>	d. C <sub>6</sub>		
7.	What is the matrix representation of an inv	ersion (i) through the orig	gin?	
	a. [100;010;001]	b. [-1 0 0; 0 -1 0; 0 0 -1]		
	c. [0 1 0; 1 0 0; 0 0 1]	d. [0-10;100;001]		
8.	Which point group corresponds to a molecular elements: E, C <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , 4S <sub>4</sub> , 4O <sub>d</sub> ?	ule with the following syr	nmetry	
	a. D <sub>4</sub>	b. D <sub>4h</sub>		
	c. D <sub>4d</sub>	d. C <sub>4v</sub>		
9.	What is the order of the C <sub>3v</sub> point group?			
	a. 4	b. 6		
	. 0	4 10		

10.	The value of reducible representation of wa a. (3,-1, 1, 1) c. (-3, -1, 1, 3)	ter molecule using 3-cartesian basis se b. (-3, -1, 1, -1) d. (1, 1, 1, 1)
11.	Archaea are group of organisms that are sin a. enzymes c. proteins	nilar to but evolutionarily distinct fror b. bacteria d. lipids
12.	Functions of lipids include  a. destruction of energy  c. generation of energy	<ul><li>b. storing of energy</li><li>d. generation of bacteria</li></ul>
13.	The transport across membrane is achieved a. ion pumps and channels c. magnesium pump	b. haemoglobin pump. d. calcium pump
14.	Acid phosphatase contain a dinuclear metal. Fe(III) in conjunction with Fe, Zn or Mn.	b. Mg or Ca
15.	<ul> <li>c. Na or K</li> <li>Calvin is a process that plants and algae use</li> <li>a. CO<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar</li> <li>c. H<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>d. Cd or Hg</li> <li>to turn</li> <li>b. SO<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar.</li> <li>d. N<sub>2</sub> from air in to sugar</li> </ul>
16.		b. Li <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> d. LiCO <sub>3</sub>
17.	Which of the following drugs are used for a a. Solganol and ferroquine c. Ferroquine and deferasirox	rthristis treatment?  b. Auranofin and deferasirox  d. Solganol and auranofin
18.	Which of the following metal is present in t tissue is  a. Bi  c. Au	he drug that isused to locate damaged b. Gd d. Fe
19.	Anti cancer drugs  a. Prevents replication of DNA  c. Helps in healthy cell division	<ul><li>b. Binds with cytocin base</li><li>d. All of the above</li></ul>
20.	Which of the following statement is wrong a. It works according to HSAB principle c. Cures joint pain	about anti arthritis drug b. It binds with Cysteine protein d. None of the above

2

## $\left( \ \underline{\underline{Descriptive}} \right)$

Time: 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks:50

## [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	<ul> <li>a. What is the bond order and magnetic moment of O<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> ion.</li> <li>b. Draw the dihedral plane of symmetry for methane molecule.</li> <li>c. What are lipids? What are their functions?</li> <li>d. Give the name and structure of one anti-arthritis drug.</li> </ul>	3+2+3+ 2=10
2.	<ul> <li>a. Draw molecular orbital diagramof CO and O<sub>2</sub> molecule. Calculate bond order for both and comment on their magnetic behaviour.</li> <li>b. Draw molecular orbital diagramof HF and N<sub>2</sub> molecule. Compare bond order, bond strength and bond length of N<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> and N<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>.</li> </ul>	5+5=10
3.	<ul> <li>a. What is Na*/ K* pump? What are it's role?</li> <li>b. Why Ca²+ is more suitable to Mg²+ for fast signalling process in the cell?</li> <li>c. What do you understand by the term zinc transcription? What are transcript factors?</li> </ul>	3+3+4 =10
4.	<ul> <li>a. "Cadmium which is normally regarded as highly toxic is now recognized as being essential nutrient of certain organisms"-elucidate.</li> <li>b. Give a plausible mechanism of the action of acotinise based on structural, kinetic and spectroscopic evidences.</li> <li>c. Why is cobalt based macrocyclic complex rather than iron complex like haem, is well suited for radical based rearrangement?</li> </ul>	3+4+3 =10
5.	<ul> <li>a. Define symmetry elements and symmetry operations with one example for each?</li> <li>b. Find out the acceptable improper symmetry operation for S<sub>4</sub> improper axis of symmetry.</li> <li>c. Find out the matrix representation of following symmetry elements: (i) Identity and (ii) Inversion</li> </ul>	2×5=10

d. Match the following columns:

Column I	Column II
C <sub>2v</sub>	Tetrahedral geometry with 4C <sub>3</sub> -axes
D <sub>4h</sub>	Linear molecule with infinite C <sub>r</sub> -axis
$T_d$	Octahedral geometry with 3C <sub>4</sub> -axes
Oh	Planar molecule with 2C <sub>2</sub> -axes and 2ov planes
Cev	Cubic geometry with $4C_3$ -axes and $6\sigma_d$ planes

- e. State the axis of symmetry for the following molecules:
  - (i) water and (ii) ammonia
- 6. a. What type of symmetry operation transforms the coordinates (x,y,z) to (-x, y, -z) with n=4 and  $\theta = 90^{\circ}$ ?

2×5=10

- b. Find out the class and order of  $D_{4h}$  point group.
- c. State the Great Orthogonality Theorem.
- **d.** The symmetry group is  $C_2$  for a molecule (AX) which is having the following reducible representation:

AX	E	C <sub>2</sub>	σv	ov/
$A_1$	1	1	1	1

Identify the irreducible representation which is orthogonal to  $A_1$  among the following irreducible representation present in the molecule:

$C_{2v}$	E	C <sub>2</sub>	σv	ov/
$\Gamma_1$	1	-1	1	1
Γ2	1	-1	-1	1
Γ3	1	1	1	-2
$\Gamma_4$	1	1	1	2

- **e.** Prove that  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  representation in  $C_{2v}$  point group are orthogonal to each other.
- 7. a. Give the pathway on how anti-cancer drugs work. Why trans platin is not an anti-cancer drug?
  - b. What is iron overload? How to treat it? Write in detail.
- 8. a. What are the cause and consequences of malaria in human body?

  Give the name and structure of the organometallic drug to treat malaria.
  - b. What is the cause of gastric ulcer and how to treat it.
  - c. Draw molecular orbital diagram for SF<sub>6</sub> molecule.

==\*\*\*==

5+5=10

4+3+3 =10