

**MA PSYCHOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
FOUNDATION OF PSYCHOLOGY
MPY – 101**

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

(Objective)

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. What method did Wilhelm Wundt use to study consciousness by having people report on their conscious experiences?
 - a. Behaviorism
 - b. Psychoanalysis
 - c. Cognitive observation
 - d. Introspection
2. What does the word "psychology" derive from?
 - a. Latin roots meaning "study of the mind"
 - b. Greek roots meaning "mind" and "study"
 - c. Ancient Egyptian terms related to "behavior"
 - d. Arabic words meaning "science of the soul"
3. Who is generally credited with founding psychology as an experimental science?
 - a. Sigmund Freud
 - b. Wilhelm Wundt
 - c. John Watson
 - d. Carl Rogers
4. Who established the first psychological lab to study the internal process?
 - a. John Watson
 - b. William James
 - c. Wilhelm Wundt
 - d. Sigmund Freud
5. Which psychological approach is associated with Wilhelm Wundt and Edward Titchener?
 - a. Functionalism
 - b. Gestalt psychology
 - c. Structuralism
 - d. Humanistic psychology
6. Which of these structures is not a part of a neuron?
 - a. Cell body
 - b. Axon
 - c. Dendrite
 - d. Glomerulus
7. Where are bipolar neurons found?
 - a. Autonomic ganglia
 - b. Embryo
 - c. Cerebral cortex
 - d. Retina of eye
8. The..... receive(s) incoming signals from other neurons.
 - a. Soma
 - b. terminal buttons
 - c. myelin sheath
 - d. dendrites

9. An action potential involves Na^+ moving.....the cell and K^+ moving.....the cell.
 - a. inside; outside
 - b. outside; inside
 - c. inside; inside
 - d. outside; outside
10. The..... is a sensory relay station where all sensory information, except for smell, goes before being sent to other areas of the brain for further processing.
 - a. Amygdala
 - b. hippocampus
 - c. Hypothalamus
 - d. Thalamus
11. What phenomenon is experienced when one knows a person's name but cannot remember it in the moment?
 - a. Tip of the tongue phenomenon
 - b. Recognition error
 - c. Forgetting
 - d. Retrieval error
12.refers to forgetting of newly acquired information due to interference from previously learned information.
 - a. Retroactive interference
 - b. Chunking
 - c. Explicit memory
 - d. Proactive interference
13. Which of the following is not a system of memory according to the three stage model of memory?
 - a. Sensory memory
 - b. Short term memory
 - c. Long term memory
 - d. Working memory
14. It holds memory for a very short period of time, for a few seconds or less.
 - a. Short-term
 - b. Sensory
 - c. Episodic
 - d. Semantic
15. It refers to the kind of memory that deals with concepts and rules.
 - a. Sensory memory
 - b. Episodic
 - c. Procedural memory
 - d. Semantic
16. Kumar wants to become an IPS Officer, and therefore he studies for 8 hrs a day. This is an example of which of the following?
 - a. Intrinsic Motivation
 - b. Intrinsic Drive
 - c. Extrinsic Motivation
 - d. Extrinsic Drive
17. Mohit like to teach children and is preparing hard for the entrance examination preparation for B.ed. He is.....motivated.
 - a. Intellectually
 - b. Intrinsically
 - c. Actively
 - d. Extrinsically
18.is the set of forces that energize, direct, and sustain behavior.
 - a. Motivation
 - b. Expectancy
 - c. Empowerment
 - d. Socialization

19. To begin motivating an apathetic associate, a manager informally questions her about her satisfaction with her job's ability to provide safety, social interaction, self-respect and opportunities for growth. What theory of motivation is this manager most likely trying to apply in working with the associate?
- a. Maslow's need hierarchy
 - b. Vroom's expectancy theory
 - c. McClelland's acquired needs theory
 - d. Herzberg's two-factor theory
20. Air, water, food, sex, sleep etc cover under which category of needs?
- a. Psychological Needs
 - b. Biological Needs
 - c. Physiological Needs
 - d. All of the above

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Discuss the definitions and meaning of Psychology. Elaborate on the early school of psychology. | 5+5=10 |
| 2. Explain Yerkes-Dodson Law with the diagram. | 10 |
| 3. What is Nervous system? Explain CNS and PNS. | 2+8=10 |
| 4. Define endocrine and exocrine gland? Write about the endocrine glands, mention the location and secretions. | 4+6=10 |
| 5. Define Memory and its processes? Explain The information processing theory of memory. | 4+6=10 |
| 6. Define and Explain Working Memory. | 4+6=10 |
| 7. Write the definition of motivation and about the three important components of it. | 4+6=10 |
| 8. Write short notes on the following:
a) Experimental Method
b) Observational Method
c) Case study
d) Survey Method | 2.5×4=10 |

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