SET

Full Marks: 70

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

BACHELOR OF OPTOMETRY FIRST SEMESTER GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY **BOP-104**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Objective)

Time: 30 mins. Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. The formed elements of blood are all, except:

a. RBC b. Plasma

c. WBC

d. Platelets

2. The GFR of a normal healthy adult is (in ml/min/1.73m2)

a. 124

Duration: 3 hrs.

b. 125

c. 126

d. 128

3. The J shaped organ of the digestive system is:

a. Liver

b. Pancreas

c. Esophagus

d. Stomach

4. The plasma proteins are all except:

a. Albumin

b. Plasminogen

c. Globulin

d. Fibrinogen

5. The normal cardiac output of a healthy adult male is (in Liters):

a. 2-3

b. 3-4

c. 4-5

d. 5-6

6. The normal respiratory rate of a healthy adult is (in breaths per minute):

a. 10-12

b. 12-16

c. 20-23

d. 18-23

7. Which is not an organ of the digestive system?

a. Liver

b. Stomach

c. Pancreas

d. Prostate

8. The organs of urinary system are all except:

a. Urinary bladder

b. Uterus

c. Urethra

d. Kidneys

9. Which is a respiratory organ?

a. Trachea

b. Esophagus

c. Gall bladder

d. Pancreas

10. Which is not a part of Neuron?

a. Axon

b. Myoglobin

c. Dendrite

d. Nodes of Ranvier

11. The different parts of Small intestine are a	all except:	
a. Duodenum	b. Ileum	
c. Caecum	d. Jejunum	
12. Which is a part of the colon?	a. jojanam	
a. Esophagus	b. LES	
c. Stomach	d. Sigmoid	
13. The normal urine output of a healthy person on an average is: a. 180 liters/day b. 12 liters / day		
c 15 litera / 1	b. 12 liters /day	
c. 1.5 liters/day	d. 5 liters / day	
14. The parts of the nephron are all except:		
a. DCT	b. PCT	
c. LOH	d. DOP	
15		
15. In neuromuscular junction the main neurotransmitter is:		
a. Dopamine	b. Acetylcholine	
c. Dobutamine	d. Adrenaline	
16. The lowest level we to the state of the		
 The lowest level we term as tachycardia is a. 100 beats per minute 	when the heart rate exceeds:	
- 100 beats per minute	b. 110 beats per minute	
c. 160 beats per minute	d. 200 beats per minute	
17. The positive waves of ECG are all except:		
a. P	h one	
c. S	b. QRS	
	d. T	
18. The first heart sound is produced due to:		
a. Closure of AV valves	b. Opening of AV Valves	
c. Closure of Semilunar valves	d. Opening of Av valves	
	d. Opening of Semilunar valves	
19. The normal platelet count is:		
a. 5-6 lakhs cells per cubic mm of blood	b. 1.5-4 lakhs cells per cubic mm of blood	
c. 7-8 lakhs cells per cubic mm of blood	d. 9-10 lakhs cells per cubic mm of blood	
	and cens per cubic min of blood	
20. The main type of anemia in India in women: a. Pernicious		
c. Aplastic	b. Sickle Cell	
Apiasuc	d. Iron deficiency	

$\left(\underline{\text{Descriptive}} \right)$

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.		Marks: 50
[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]		
1.	What is Cardiac cycle? Describe the mechanical events of the cardiac cycle with proper diagrams.	3+7=10
2.	Define Erythropoiesis. Describe the different stages of Erythropoiesis.	2+8=10
3.	What is a nephron? Mention the steps of Urine formation.	2+8=10
4.	Define a neuron. Draw the diagram and label its parts of a neuron. Enumerate the differences between sympathetic and parasympathetic system.	1+4+5=10
5.	Describe the different ways of the digestion and absorption of different principal food stuff components that takes place in our body.	10
6.	Differentiate between extrinsic and intrinsic pathway of blood coagulation. Name the different clotting factors. Why blood does not clot in circulation?	4+3+3=10
7.	Describe the different static lung volumes and capacities. Mention the process of Respiration and the organs of Respiration.	6+4=10
8.	Mention the renal function tests. Define GFR. What are the factors on which GFR depends?	6+2+2=10

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