**REV-00** MBA/17/22

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION FOURTH SEMESTER

## **SUPPLY CHAIN DISTRIBUTION & MANAGEMENT**

**MBA-402** 

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 20 min.

## Choose the correct answer from the following:

- 1. Who is the customer of Wholesaler?
  - a. Distributer
  - c. Retailer
- Security Agencies are one of the example of: 2.
  - a. 4PL
  - c. VMI
- Early movers have one benefit called: 3.
  - a. Cost Leadership
  - c. Competitive Advantage

Managing predictable variability in Supply chain is called: 4.

- a. Creating value
- c. Bullwhip Effect

Importance of demand forecast in Supply chain: 5.

- a. Increase in customer satisfaction
- c. Lowering safety stock requirement
- Importance of ERP in SCM: 6.
  - a. Integrates all the departments of a company.
  - b. Provide information across departments in real time.
  - c. Both (a) & (b).
  - d. None of these.

## 7. **Inventory Management Models are:**

- a. Fixed order quantity
- c. Economic order quantity
- 8. POS stands for:
  - a. Price Order Sale
  - c. Periodic Order Sale
- 9. Importance of VMI:
  - a. Frequent communication can happen
  - c. None of these
- 10. Reasons for Inventory:
  - a. Meet variation in production demand
  - c. Economies of purchasing

- b. Fixed order period
- d. All of the above
- b. Point of Sale
- d. None of these
- b. Reduction in inventory cost
- **d.** Both (a) & (b)
- b. Take advantage in price increase
- d. All of the above

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- b. Reducing inventory stock outs
- d. All of the above
- b. Competitive advantage d. None of these
- b. Focus

d. None of these

b. 3PL d. None of these

b. Manufacturer d. None of these 2018/06

Full Marks: 70

Marks:20

1x20=20

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11.	The reasons for Reverse logistics:a. Maintenance, repair & recycleb. Cost reduction		
	c. Lead time reduction d. None of these	(PART-B: Descriptive)	
12.	How do we can overcome the lead time gap?a. Visibilityb. Predictabilityc. Scalabilityd. All of the above	Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.	Marks : 50
13.	Concept of JIT is:	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
	<ul><li>a. Elimination of waste in production activity</li><li>b. Cost Reduction</li><li>c. Process Improvement</li><li>d. All of the above</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Write down the concept of supply chain management with diagram. What do you know about by Competitive Advantage?</li> </ol>	6+4=10
14.	<ul><li>Intensive Distribution Strategy used in:</li><li>a. Company is having a mass marketing product.</li><li>b. Companies are likely to have only limited outlets.</li></ul>	2. What is Inventory Management? What do you mean by ROL (Re Order Level)? What is the importance of IT in SCM?	2+4+4=10
	<ul><li>c. Company selling on an e commerce portal.</li><li>d. None of these.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Describe briefly about Bullwhip Effect? What are the 5 R's of Purchasing? Write down the objectives of Purchasing.</li> </ol>	3+3+4=10
15.	How many Strategies are there in distribution?a. 4b. 6c. 5d. None of these	4. What is Logistics Management? What are the types of Distribution Management Strategy, Explain?	3+7=10
16.	Maximum Retail Price of a product includes: a. Transportation Cost b. Manufacturing Cost	5. Write down the meaning of 3PL & 4PL with example. What do you know about VMI in warehousing?	6+4=10
17.	<ul><li>c. Inventory Cost</li><li>d. All of them</li><li>What are the benefits of Quick Response?</li></ul>	6. Write down about Value Engineering. What are the main components of value engineering? Write down about Transportation Management.	4+3+3=10
	a. Reduce costb. Reduce lead timec. Focus on sustainabilityd. All of the above	7. What is the concept of Lead Time? Write briefly about Lead Time Gap with Diagram. What do you know about JIT?	3+5+2=10
18.	<ul> <li>Lead Time Gap=</li> <li>a. Logistics lead time- customers order cycle time</li> <li>b. Logistics lead time+ customers order cycle time</li> <li>c. Reorder level- safety stock</li> <li>d. None of these</li> </ul>	8. What is the role of Marketing in SCM? What is the importance of forecasting in SCM?	5+5=10
19.	<ul> <li>The sequence of a typical manufacturing supply chain is:</li> <li>a. Supplier-manufacturing-distributor-retailer-customer.</li> <li>b. Manufacturer- supplier -distributor-retailer-customer.</li> <li>c. Supplier-manufacturing-retailer- distributor-customer.</li> <li>d. None of these.</li> </ul>	= = *** = =	
20.	<ul> <li>Which of the following is true for supply chain management?</li> <li>a. The physical material moves in the direction of the end of chain.</li> <li>b. Flow of cash backwards through the chain.</li> <li>c. Exchange of information moves in both the direction.</li> <li>d. All of the above.</li> </ul>		