

MA SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY
MSO – 102 [IMPROVEMENT]
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 20 min.

Marks: 20

(Objective)

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. What are the root words of Sociology?
 - a. Socio and logy
 - b. Socius and logos
 - c. Socio and logy
 - d. Socius and logy
2. Which of the following aspects does Spencer emphasize as the framework of the study of society?
 - a. Structure
 - b. Function
 - c. Evolution
 - d. Progress
3. Spencer classifies societies into-
 - a. Agrarian and Industrial societies
 - b. Military and Industrial societies
 - c. Pre-industrial and industrial societies
 - d. None
4. Who among the following has discussed about governing and non-governing elite?
 - a. Emile Durkheim
 - b. Max Weber
 - c. Vilfredo Pareto
 - d. Talcott Parsons
5. Positivism is the theory that-
 - a. One should remain positive about historical changes
 - b. Only when one is positive can one have genuine knowledge
 - c. Philosophers disagree about the methods of the sciences
 - d. The only way to acquire knowledge is to follow the methods of the sciences.

6. In the history of the development of sociology..... is known as a period of remarkable intellectual development and change in philosophical thought.
 - a. Industrial revolution
 - b. Period of enlightenment
 - c. Urbanization
 - d. Religious change
7. The second stage in 'the Law of Three stages' is-
 - a. Theological stage
 - b. Meta-physical stage
 - c. Evolutionary stage
 - d. Positive stage
8. 'Principles of Sociology' is a work done by-
 - a. August Comte
 - b. Herbert Spencer
 - c. Emile Durkheim
 - d. Max Weber
9. Who among the following is known as 'Social Darwinist'?
 - a. Herbert Spencer
 - b. August Comte
 - c. Georg Simmel
 - d. Emile Durkheim
10. The "profane" means:
 - a. Anything which is forbidden
 - b. Anything which is extraordinary
 - c. It involves mundane individual concerns.
 - d. None of the above
11. The "sacred" means:
 - a. Which is set apart and forbidden.
 - b. It involves mundane individual concerns.
 - c. Anything abnormal
 - d. None of the above
12. Who wrote the book economy and society?
 - a. Max Weber
 - b. Karl Marx
 - c. Emile Durkheim
 - d. Karl Mannheim
13. Repressive laws and restitutive laws represent the different types of societies based on:
 - a. The collective conscience of the society
 - b. Technological advancement of the societies
 - c. Moral status of the society
 - d. All of the above

14. The two classes of the capitalist order are
- Patricians and plebeians
 - Lords and serfs
 - Bourgeois and proletariat
 - Managers and worker
15. The source of social change, according to Marx, is
- Development of forces of production
 - Intellectual development
 - Idea
 - Conflict
16. According to Durkheim, social facts are to be treated as...
- Ideal types
 - Psychological phenomena
 - Natural Forces
 - Things
17. The religious system which Durkheim analyzed in connection with his causal explanation of religion was
- Naturism
 - Animism
 - Totemism
 - Fetishism
18. Anomie refers to:
- A construct or a made-up model that serves as a measuring rod against which actual cases can be evaluated.
 - The study of small groups.
 - The loss of direction that a society feels when social control of individual behaviour has become ineffective.
 - A set of statements that seeks to explain problems, actions, or behaviour.
19. Ideal types refers to:
- A construct or a made-up model that serves as a measuring rod against which actual cases can be evaluated.
 - The study of small groups.
 - The loss of direction that a society feels when social control of individual behaviour has become ineffective.
 - A set of statements that seeks to explain problems, actions, or behaviour.
20. Who has written the book 'Ideology and Utopia'?
- Karl Mannheim
 - Karl Marx
 - Max Weber
 - None

(Descriptive)

Time: 2 hr. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. What is Bureaucracy? According to Max Weber, what are the basic characteristics of Bureaucracy? | 3+7=10 |
| 2. What is social solidarity? According to Emile Durkheim, how mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity are different from one another. | 3+7=10 |
| 3. Critically examine the materialistic interpretation of history given by Karl Marx. | 10 |
| 4. Write short notes on-

(a) Alienation
(b) Surplus value | 5+5=10 |
| 5. Discuss Spencer's theory of social evolution. | 10 |
| 6. What do you understand by latent and manifest functions as discussed by R. K. Merton? With the help of examples explain R. K. Merton's theory of 'reference group'. | 5+5=10 |
| 7. What do you understand by 'protestant ethics'? How 'protestant ethics' is responsible for the development of the 'spirit of modern capitalism' according to Max Weber. | 3+7=10 |
| 8. Write short notes on-

(a) Anomie
(b) Social Facts | 5+5=10 |