

REV-01
BPH/95/32/37

2024/06

**B. PHARM.
SECOND SEMESTER
PATHOPHYSIOLOGY
BP204T**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
B**

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 75

Time : 30 min.

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

$1 \times 20 = 20$

1. Which of the following statements about ulcerative and crohn's disease is false?
a. Peak age of onset of UC & CD is 15-30 years b. Second peak occurs between 60-80 years
c. Appendectomy aggravates UC d. IBD runs in families
2. Rheumatoid arthritis is a chronic disease of _____
a. Bone b. Joints
c. Muscle d. Multisystem
3. Synovial membrane in rheumatoid arthritis is characterized by?
a. Hyperplasia b. Increased vascularity
c. Infiltrate of inflammatory cells d. All of the above
4. Cancer is caused by?
a. Uncontrolled mitosis b. Uncontrolled meiosis
c. Rupturing of cell d. Loss of immunity of the cells
5. Cancer of beta lymphocytes is called?
a. Sarcoma b. Melanoma
c. Myeloma d. Carcinoma
6. Which of the following is false about salmonella?
a. Gramm negative b. Non-spore forming
c. Factultatively anaerobic bacilli d. None of the above
7. Hosts for salmonella include?
a. Humans b. Monkey
c. Dogs d. All of the above
8. The highest incidents of gonorrhoea happen in which age group?
a. 9-15 years b. 15-35 years
c. 30-45 years d. 15-24 years
9. Primary lesion of syphilis appear how many weeks after infection?
a. 2-6 weeks b. 6-12 weeks
c. 12-24 weeks d. 24-60 weeks

10. Dolar means.....?
a. Redness
c. Swelling
 b. Pain
d. Tumor
11. Necrosis is?
a. Reversible
 c. Not reversible
b. Lack of oxygen to the tissue
d. Blebbing of the periphery
12. Asthma is a disease of?
a. Large airway
 c. Terminal bronchiole
b. Medium airway
d. Respiratory bronchiole
13. According to JNC-7, stage 2 hypertension is?
 a. 120/80 mm Hg
 c. 160/100 mm Hg
b. 140-159/90-99 mm Hg
d. 180/110 mm Hg
14. Which of the following is a classic sign of heart failure?
a. Dyspnoea
c. Fatigue
 b. Ankle swelling
 d. JVP elevation
15. In kidneys, most of the blood supply is directed to?
 a. Renal cortex
c. Medullary rays
 b. Outer medulla
d. None of the above
16. What is the normal range for the hematocrit level in adult females?
a. 45-55%
c. 50-6-%
 b. 35-45%
 d. 40-50%
17. Type of diabetes mellitus resulting from autoimmune beta cell destruction is?
 a. Type IA
 c. Type II
 b. Type IB
d. All of the above
18. Which of the following is false about epilepsy?
a. Single seizure
c. Avoidable circumstance
 b. Acute
 d. All of the above
19. Which of these medications could be responsible for depression mood?
a. Aspirin
c. Salbutamol
 b. Bisoprolol
 d. Simvastatin
20. Gastric acid production is inhibited by?
a. Prostaglandins
c. EGF
 b. Somatostatin
 d. All of the above

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PART-B :Descriptive

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 35

[Answer any seven (7) questions]

1. Define cell injury. Write a note on pathogenesis and mechanism of cell injury? 5
2. Explain in details vascular events in acute inflammation? 5
3. What are the trigger factors of asthma? Explain in details different types of asthma? 5
4. What are sign and symptoms of acute renal system? Explain in details different phase of acute renal system? 5
5. Define anemia and explain different types of anemia? 5
6. Define and classify diabetes mellitus. Write a note pathophysiology of type-II diabetes mellitus? 5
7. Define and classify peptic ulcer. Write the differences between gastric ulcer and duodenal ulcer? 1+2+2
=5
8. Define hepatitis and explain in details types of hepatitis? 5
9. Define and classify cancer. Write a note pathogenesis of cancer? 5

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[PART-C: Long type questions]

[Answer any two (2) questions]

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| 1. ✓ Define and classify epilepsy. Write a note on pathophysiology and management of epilepsy? | 10 |
| 2. Define congestive heart failure. Write a note on pathophysiology of CHF, ANGINA and MI? | 10 |
| 3. ✓ Write a causative agent of meningitis & leprosy. Write a note on pathophysiology and management of typhoid? | 10 |