

BALLB
EIGHTH SEMESTER
INDIAN PENAL CODE -II
BLB – 801 [REPEAT]
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

SET
A

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 80

Time : 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks : 30

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

1. What is abetment in criminal law?
 - a. The act of encouraging someone to commit an offence
 - b. The act of committing an offence alone
 - c. The act of preventing someone from committing an offence
 - d. The act of unintentionally witnessing a crime.
2. In criminal conspiracy, how many individuals are required to be involved?
 - a. At least one
 - b. At least two
 - c. At least three
 - d. At least four
3. For a defence of intoxication to escape criminal liability, the intoxication-
 - a. Can be a self administered.
 - b. Administered against his will or knowledge.
 - c. Should not be self administered.
 - d. All of above.
4. Which of the following is not an essential element of criminal conspiracy?
 - a. Agreement between two or more persons
 - b. Planning to commit a criminal act
 - c. Actual commission of the planned act
 - d. Common intention to achieve a criminal purpose
5. Preparation to commit dacoity is a -
 - a. Punishable offence.
 - b. Not punishable offence.
 - c. No offence.
 - d. None of all above.
6. Which of the following is an example of an offence against the state?
 - a. Theft
 - b. Assault
 - c. Treason
 - d. Fraud
7. A holds Z's down and fraudulently takes Z's consent. What offences A has committed?
 - a. Theft
 - b. Extortion
 - c. Robbery
 - d. Criminal misappropriation
8. When can individuals be held liable for a criminal act based on common intention?
 - a. When they were merely present at the scene of the crime
 - b. When they had prior knowledge of the crime but did not participate
 - c. When they actively participated in the crime and shared a common intention
 - d. When they had no knowledge of the crime being committed

9. Which legal principle emphasizes the importance of common intention in establishing criminal liability?
- a. Principle of Mens Rea
 - b. Principle of Actus Reus
 - c. Principle of Joint Liability
 - d. Principle of Accomplice Liability
10. Which of the following best defines "common intention" in the context of a criminal act?
- a. The intention of a single individual involved in the crime
 - b. The mutual understanding between two or more individuals to commit a crime
 - c. The intention to avoid detection by law enforcement
 - d. The intention to commit a crime without the knowledge of others

Answer the following: (Use descriptive answer sheet)

2×10=20

1. Define Criminal Breach of Trust and Cheating.
 2. Define Criminal Misappropriation of Property.
 3. Define Fraudulent Deeds.
 4. Explain the meaning of Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy.
 5. State the meaning of homicide.
 6. Define Forgery and Counterfeiting.
 7. Define the term theft.
 8. Write two differences between Common Object and Common Purpose.
 9. What is Group Liability?
 10. What do you mean by Defamation?
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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer the following questions]

1. a. Discuss the provisions with regard to Fraudulent Deeds and Disposition of Property with illustrations and relevant case laws. 5+5=10

Or

b. "What are the legal definitions of mischief and criminal trespass, and how do they manifest in practical scenarios? Please provide detailed explanations along with relevant case examples to illustrate their application in law. 10
2. a. "How does abetment differ from criminal conspiracy? Discuss all the relevant provisions with illustration under the Penal laws". 4+6=10

Or

b. "What are the provisions concerning offenses against the state, and why are such offenses considered grave matters for the state's integrity and security?" 4+6=10
3. a. "What are forgery and counterfeiting, and what laws address them? Explain the provisions with relevant case laws. 4+6=10

Or

b. What are the various forms of crimes involved in documents and property marks, and how do they happen? Can you provide some examples to clarify?" 4+6=10
4. a. "Discuss elaboratively crimes involving public servants, focusing on bribery and corruption with relevant examples. 10

Or

b. What do 'common object' and 'common intention' mean, and how are they liable in group liability. Explain 10

5. a. Discuss Criminal Intimidation, Insult and Annoyance with examples and illustrations. 10

Or

b. Explain Defamation. Discuss all the relevant provisions with proper illustrations and case laws. 2+8=10

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