REV-01 BSP/03/08

B.Sc. PHYSICS FIRST SEMESTER PHYSICS I

BSP - 711 | SPECIAL REPEAT| [USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

2024/07

SET

Objective]

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. When a constant force is applied to a body, it moves with uniform a. Acceleration

b. Velocity

c. Speed

d. Momentum

2. Work done by a centripetal force is always

a. Positive

b. zero

c. Negative

d. Both positive & Negative

3. In an inverse law of force, the gravitational potential is-

4. Scalar product of two vectors is maximum when angle between them is-

 $a.\frac{\pi}{2}$

b. π

c. 0^{0}

 $d. \pi$

5. The resultant of two equal vectors is zero when angle between them is?

a. π

 $c. 0^{0}$

6. If 2 J work is done in 2 Sec, the power is said to be-

a. 2 Watt

b. 1 Watt

c. 3 Watt

d. 4 Watt

7. When a torque acting on a system is zero, what is conserved?

a. Angular velocity

b. Linear momentum

d. Angular momentum

8. The moment of inertia of a ring of mass M and radius R about anyone of its diameter

is-

a. M R2

9. The relation between angular momentum L		
a. $L = MI$ c. $I = L \omega$	b. $L = \omega I$ d. $\omega = L I$	
10. Moment of inertia in rotational motion has	its analogue in translator motion-	
a. Mass	b. Force	
c. Velocity	d. Torque	
11. The gradient of the scalar field $f(x, y, z) =$		
$a. y \hat{i} + (x - z) \hat{j} - y \hat{k}$	b. $y \hat{i} - (x + z) \hat{j} - y \hat{k}$	
c. $(z+y) \hat{\imath} + x \hat{\jmath} - y \hat{k}$	$\mathbf{d.} \ x \ \hat{\imath} + (y - z) \ \hat{\jmath} - z \ \hat{k}$	
12. If \vec{a} is a constant vector field, then $\vec{\nabla}(\vec{a} \circ \vec{r})$ is		
a. r̄ c. d̄ ° r̄	b. <i>ā</i> d. 0	
 A vector field is said to be solenoidal if- a. Divergence of the vector field is zero 	b. Divergence of the vector field	l is non-zero
c. Curl of the vector field is zero	d. Gradient of the vector field	
14. Laws of physics are same in		
P. Accelerated frames of reference		
Q. Every inertial frames of reference		
Which one of the following is true-		
a. P is true & Q is false	b. P & Q are false	
c. P & Q are true	d. P is false & Q is true	
15. Which one of the following identity is corre	ct?	
a. Div $\left(\operatorname{curl}\left(\vec{F}\right)\right)=0$	b. Curl $(\operatorname{div}(\vec{F}))=0$	
c. Div (div F)=0	d. Curl $\left(\operatorname{curl}\left(\vec{F}\right)\right)=0$	
16. The value of acceleration due to gravity 'g'		
a. Center of the Earth	b. Equator	
c. Poles	d. Both Poles and Equator	
17. Escape velocity for an object of mass 'm' to	escape from the gravitational att	raction of a
massive body of mass M and radius R is- a. $v_{esc} = 2\sqrt{gR}$	b. $v_{esc} = \sqrt{2 g R}$	
c. $v_{esc} = \sqrt{g}R$	$d. v_{esc} = \sqrt{2 g R}$	
18. According to which transformations relatio every inertial frame		same in
a. Lorentz Transformations	b. Galileo Transformation	
Both Galileo & Lorentz C. Transformations	d. None of these	
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19. The propagation vector K of a wave is related with its wave-length λ - a. $K = \frac{\pi}{\lambda}$ b. $K = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ c. $K = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi}$ d. $K = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$

a.
$$K = \frac{\pi}{\lambda}$$

b.
$$K = \frac{1}{3}$$

c.
$$K = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi}$$

d.
$$K = \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

- 20. Surface tension of a liquid
 - a. increases with rise in temperature
 - c. increases with decrease in temperature
- b. decreases with rise in temperature
- d. decreases with decrease in temperature

Descriptive

Marks: 25 Time: 1 hr. 15min. [Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest] 4+6=10 1. a. State Kepler's law of orbit and law of period in planetary motions. b. Using law of gravitation prove that the square of the time period of revolution (T) of a planet around the sun is directly proportional to the cube of the semi-major axis (R). 4+6=10 2. a. Find Galilean transformation relations. b. Show that Newton's second law of motion is valid in Galilean transformation relations. 2+6+2 3. a. What do you mean by viscosity? b. Find the expression of viscous force acting between two liquid layers. c. Define 1 Decapoise. 10 4. Derive the expression for velocity and acceleration of a particle executing SHM in terms of displacement. Plot a graph showing the variation velocity and acceleration with displacement. 2+8=10 5. a. Define radius of gyration. b. Find the moment of inertial of a circular solid disc of mass M, radius R about an axis passing through its center and perpendicular to its plane.

6. a. What do you mean escape velocity?

from the surface of earth.

b. Find an expression of escape velocity of an artificial satellite projected

c. Write two important applications of artificial satellites.

2+6+2

=10

7. a. State superposition principle of waves.

2+8=10

- **b.**Two harmonic waves of displacements $y_1 = a \sin \omega t$ and $y_2 = b \sin(\omega t + \delta)$ superimpose each other. Using the superposition principle find the amplitude and phase angle of the resultant displacement of the wave.
- 8. Show that

6+4=10

- a. $\vec{A} \times (\vec{B} \times \vec{C}) = (\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C}) \vec{B} (\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}) \vec{C}$
- **b.** Find an unit vector perpendicular to the vectors $\vec{A} = -2 \hat{\imath} + 3 \hat{\jmath} 2 \hat{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 3 \hat{\imath} 2 \hat{\jmath} + 3 \hat{k}$.

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