LLB SECOND SEMESTER CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II

LLB-201

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]



Full Marks: 70

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Duration: 3 hrs.

Objective)

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

- 1. Who is the head of the Executive in India?
 - a. The Prime Minister

b. The Governor

c. The President

- d. The Attorney General
- 2. Which article of the Indian Constitution mentions of Judicial Review?
 - a. Article 13

b. Article 31

c. Article 32

- d. Article 368
- 3. By whom can a money bill be introduced?
 - a. Lok Sabha

b. Both a) & b)

c. Rajya Sabha

- d. None
- 4. From which fund are the salaries and allowances of the Supreme Court Judges in India are paid?
 - a. Consolidated fund

b. Both a) & b)

c. Contingency fund

- d. None
- 5. Who is the current Chief Justice of India?
 - a. Justice D.Y. Chandrachud
- b. Justice H.J. Kania

c. Justice Ranjan Gogoi

- d. Justice Shastri
- 6. What is the First Judges Case also known as?
 - Supreme Court Advocates on Record
 - a. Association
 - ASSOCIATION
 - Keshavananda Bharati V. Union of
 - India

- b. S.P. Gupta V. Union of India
- d. Re:Berubari case
- 7. What is the full form of NJAC?
 - National Judicial Appointments
 - " Commission
 - National Judiciary Appointments
 - Commission

- b. National Justice Appointments
- Commission
- d National Judges Appointment
- " Commission
- 8. Under which article of the Indian Constitution is the ordinance making power of the President mentioned?
 - a. Article 213

b. Article 62

c. Article 123

d. Article 72

	amended? a. S.P. Gupta V. Union of India	b.	Ashby V. White	
	c. Keshavananda Bharati V. Union of India	d.	M.C. Mehta V. Union of India	
10.	Does freedom of trade exist in India?	b	Yes but with some restrictions	
	a. Yes c. No		None	
11.	By whom can the impeachment procedure			
	a. Lok Sabha c. Rajya Sabha		Both a) & b) None	
12.	Which part of the Indian Constitution me			
	a. Part XVIII c. Part VII		Part V Part IX	
13.	What is the current number of Judges in S			
	a. 124 c. 33		34 32	
14.	Article 360 of the Indian Constitution state	es of	what kind of emergency?	
	a. National Emergencyc. Financial Emergency		State Emergency None	
15.	Which article of the Indian Constitution n			
	a. Article 311 c. Article 310	b.	Article 309 Article 368	
16	What is the term of office of the President			
	a. Four Years	b.	Three years	
17	c. Five Years		No limitation	
17.	Right to information is a part of right to li following?	te and	d liberty is an example of which of the	
	a. Judicial Review c. Judicial Over reach		Judicial activism None	
18.	Legislative powers between the Union and the State are mentioned under which articles of the Indian Constitution?			
	a. Arts. 245-255 c. Art. 256-262		Arts. 264-267 Art. 268-274	
19.	How many kinds of emergencies are there			
	a. Four	b.	Two	
	c. Five	d.	Three	

20. Freedom of trade finds mentions under which articles of the Indian Constitution?
a. Arts. 301-307
b. Arts. 308-301
c. Arta. 201-207
d. Arts. 101-107

(<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Write about the appointment of the Judges of the Supreme Court in India Mention its evolution along with case laws.	10
2.	What is an Emergency? Mention its kinds and effects under the Indian Constitution.	2+8=10
3.	Write about the Executive, Legislative, Financial and Diplomatic powers of the President in India.	10
4.	What is Doctrine of Pleasure? Explain Doctrine of Pleasure in the Indian context along with its exceptions.	2+8=10
5.	Mention the provisions relating to impeachment of the President in India.	10
6.	What is freedom of trade as mentioned in the Indian Constitution.	10
7.	What is Independence of Judiciary? State the Constitutional provisions that ensures Independence of Judiciary in India.	3+7=10

== *** = =

8. Write about the Governor under the Indian Constitution.

10