

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY
SIXTH SEMESTER
ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-V
BSC - 602
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

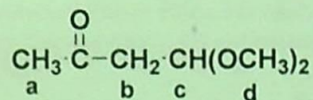
(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

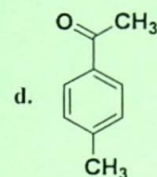
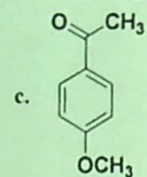
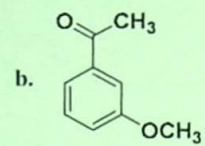
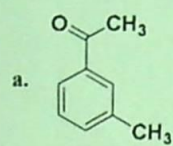
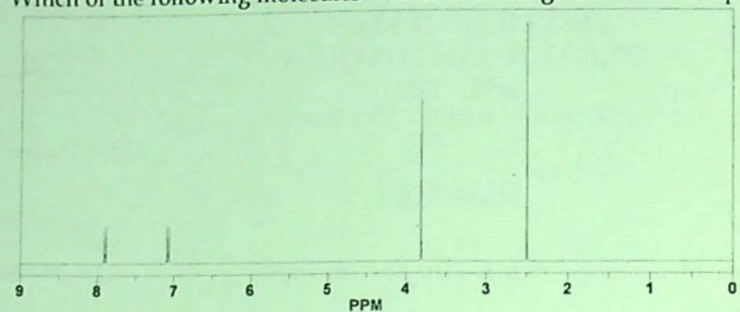
1 × 20 = 20

- Malachite green is a
 - azo-dye
 - phthalein dye
 - triphenyl methane dye
 - nitroso dye
- Chromophor in phelolphthalein is
 - p-quinonoid group
 - o-quinonoid group
 - azo-group
 - extended conjugation
- Which of the following is not a chromophore?
 - N=N—
 - NO
 - NO₂
 - NH₂
- The number of vibrational modes in ethanoic acid (CH₃COOH) molecule will be:
 - 24
 - 18
 - 16
 - 15
- Correct order of stretching frequency of the following:
 - C—C < C=C < C≡C
 - C—C > C=C > C≡C
 - C—C < C=C > C≡C
 - C—C > C=C < C≡C
- Which of the protons a - d in the following molecule will give a doublet signal in its ¹H NMR spectrum.

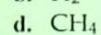
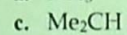


- protons - a
 - protons-b
 - Protons-a&c
 - Protons- a&d
- What do you expect to observe in the ¹H NMR spectrum of CH₃-CH₂-Cl?
 - a triplet and a quartet
 - two doublets
 - a doublet and a quartet
 - a doublet and a triplet

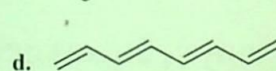
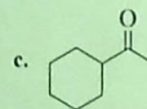
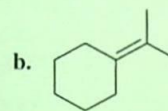
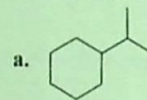
8. Which of the following molecules will fit in to the given ^1H NMR spectrum?



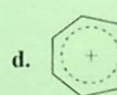
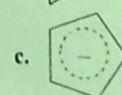
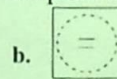
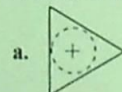
9. Which of the molecule will give $M+29$ peak in CI-MS analysis?



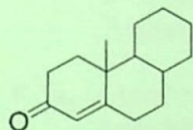
10. Ammonia can be used as the most suitable ionizing gas for CI-MS analysis to understand molecular weight of



11. Which of the following will have molecular ion peak 50% of its molecular weight?



12. Most suitable helping gas for CI-MS analysis to understand molecular weight of an unsaturated hydrocarbon compound is
- Methane
 - Isobutane
 - NH₃
 - all of them
13. For CO molecule M+2 peak in the mass spectrum will be due to the presence of
- ¹²C¹⁶O
 - ¹³C¹⁶O
 - ¹²C¹⁸O
 - ¹²C¹⁷O
14. Retro Diels-Alder fragmentation happens for the molecule containing
- Butadiene
 - Cyclohexane
 - Cyclohexene
 - Cyclopentene
15. The absorption band that originates due to $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transition in aromatic or hetero-aromatic molecules is known as
- K-Band
 - R-Band
 - B-Band
 - E-Band
16. The energy required for various transitions in electronic spectroscopy is known to follow which of the following order?
- $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^* > n \rightarrow \sigma^* > \pi \rightarrow \pi^* > n \rightarrow \pi^*$
 - $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^* > \pi \rightarrow \pi^* > n \rightarrow \sigma^* > n \rightarrow \pi^*$
 - $\pi \rightarrow \pi^* > n \rightarrow \pi^* > \sigma \rightarrow \sigma^* > n \rightarrow \sigma^*$
 - $n \rightarrow \pi^* > \sigma \rightarrow \sigma^* > n \rightarrow \sigma^* > \pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
17. Using Woodward Fieser rules, what will be the absorption maximum for the following compound?



- 315 nm
 - 300 nm
 - 275 nm
 - 244 nm
18. According to Woodward Fieser rules, for each alkyl substituent or ring residue at β -position, the structural increment for estimating λ_{\max} for a given α, β -unsaturated carbonyl compound is
- 12 nm
 - 18 nm
 - 30 nm
 - 39 nm
19. Buna-S is a copolymer of
- butene and 1,3-butadiene
 - benzene and 1,3-butadiene
 - styrene and 1,3-butadiene
 - none of all
20. An example of biodegradable polymer is
- PHBV
 - PVBH
 - PABA
 - PBHV

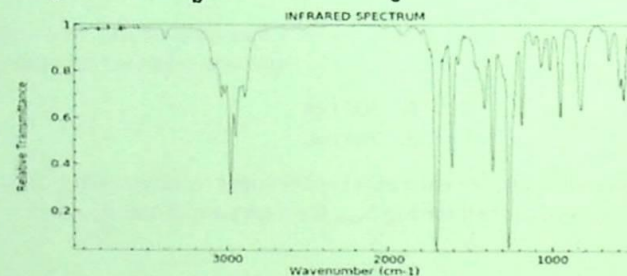
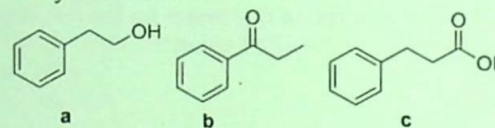
(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

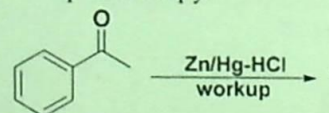
Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

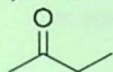
1. a. Explain the term spin-spin coupling. Why does peak of a particular set of protons split into multiplet? Explain with example. 4+3+3
=10
- b. Given, Chemical Formula: $C_7H_{13}X$. Exact Mass: 176.0201
Molecular Weight: 177.0850 m/z: 176.0201 (100.0%), 178.0180 (97.3%). Find what is X?
- c. State and explain Beer's law of UV-Visible spectroscopy.
2. a. Define infrared spectroscopy. What are the major requirements for infra-red absorption. 3+4+3
=10
- b. A compound gave the following IR spectrum. Which of the following is likely to be the structure of the molecule? Justify your answer.



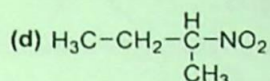
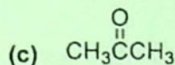
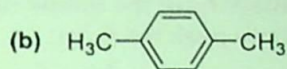
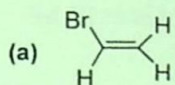
- c. How you will monitor the following reaction using IR spectroscopy?



3. a. Draw the pattern of NMR spectrum for the following molecule with justification. 3+2+2+3
=10



- b. How many proton signals would you expect in the ^1H NMR spectra of the following compounds?



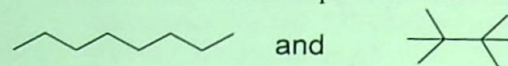
- c. Why tetramethyl silane (TMS) taken as a standard for recording chemical shifts?
- d. An organic compound with molar mass 120, gave following spectroscopic data on analysis.
IR spectra showed an absorption peak at about 1700 cm^{-1} ,
NMR spectrum gave the peaks at δ 2.6 (s, 3H), δ 7.4 (m, 3H) and δ 7.9 (d, 2H).
Assign a structure for the molecule with justification.
4. a. Compound $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$ shows an IR- band at 1715 cm^{-1} , and gives two signals- a triplet and a quartet in its NMR spectrum. Evaluate the structure of the compound. 3+2+3+2
=10
- b. Discuss the effect of H-bonding on IR absorption peak.
- c. What is meant by McLafferty fragmentation in mass spectrometric analysis? Explain with Example.
- d. Identify the ion which will show the base peak in EI-MS spectrum of 4-methoxyethylbenzene.
5. a. Write a short account of Witt's theory of colour and constitution. 3+2+5
=10
- b. Justify the statement, "All dyes are coloured but all coloured compounds are not dyes".

- c. Write down the structure of the following. Explain why these molecules give different colour in acidic and basic medium? Give synthesis of *any one* of these.

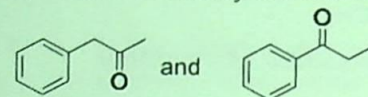
(I) Phenolphthalein

(II) Methyl Orange

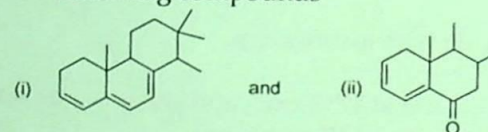
6. a. Discuss the radical mediated fragmentation routes of EI-MS. 3+4+3
=10
 b. Show the fragmentations of the following molecules in EI-MS and mention the base peak for them.



- c. How to identify the following two molecules by EI-MS study?



7. a. Define the term 'auxochrome' with examples. 2+3+5
=10
 b. What are hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts? Explain.
 c. Using Woodward-Fieser rules calculate the λ_{max} for the following compounds



8. a. What is Zeigler-Natta catalyst? Explain its use in the polymerization of alkene. 3+3+4
=10
 b. What is vulcanization of rubber? Mention its advantages.
 c. What are liquid crystals? How are they classified? Give its uses.

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