REV-01 BBT/07/14

B.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY FIFTH SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY **BBT-503**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Objective)

Marks: 20

2024/07

SET

Full Marks: 70

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Choose the correct answer from the following:

b. Doubling of chromosome without division

1. Endomitosis refers to:

a. Doubling of chromosome with division

c. Both a & b

Which temperature is adequate for callus formation?

a. 22-28°C

c. 26-28°C

b. 23-28°C

d. All of these

d. All of these

B5 medium is developed by:

a. Gamborg

c. Gottlieb Haberlandt

b. Chu

d. Murashige and Skoog

What is role of Auxin?

a. Root development

c. Callus induction

5. The optimal pH of Plant Tissue Culture is: a. 5-6

c. 6

b. 5.5-5.8

d. All of these

b. Cell Division

d. All of these

6. Which is important to enhance the callus growth and induces dwarf plantlets to elongate?

a. Auxins

c. Abscisic acid

b. Gibberellins

d. All of these

Gynogenic haploids are developed from:

a. Ovary culture

b. Anther culture

c. Leaf culture

d. All of these

8. The first successful regeneration of protoplast was achieved by:

a. Tekebe

b. Dekebe

c. Rakabe

d. None of these

Which of the following is responsible for hairy root disease?

a. A. rhizogenes

b. R. rhizogenes

c. Both a & b

d. None of these

10. Which vegetables are regenerated from protoplast?

a. Capsicum annuum

b. Brassica oleracea

c. Cucumis sativus

d. All of these

USTM/COE/R-01

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11.	Which gene has NO essential functions in G a. II c. VIII	b.	VI
	c. VIII	a.	All of these
12.	Commercially produced particle bombardment apparatus is:		
	a. PDS-1000/HC		PDS-1000/CH
	c. DDS-1000/HC	d.	All of these
13.	Which stain binds to the newly formed cell walls?		
	a. Calcofluor white		Evans blue dye
	c. Fluorescein diacetate	d.	None of these
14.	In-plant tissue culture, the callus tissues are generated into a complete plantlet by altering the concentration		
	a. Hormones	b.	Amino acids
	c. Sugars	d.	All of these
15.	5. Biolistic method of gene transfer is invented by:		
10.	a. Stanford		Standford
	c. Sanford		Senford
16	Which are seen and for motorlast in a		
10.	Which enzymes are used for protoplast isol a. Pectinase		Cellulase
	c. Hemicellulase		All of these
17.	The pair of hormones required for a callus to differentiate are		
	a. Auxin and Cytokinin		Ethylene and Auxin
	c. Auxin and Abscisic acid	d.	None of these
18.	The production of secondary metabolites requires the use of		
	a. Cell suspension	-	Axillary buds
	c. Protoplast	d.	All of these
19. Polyethylene Glycol-mediated transformation needs:			needs:
	a. PEG, mannitol & calcium nitrate		PEG, glucose & calcium nitrate solution
	solution		and the second s
	c. PEG, sorbitol & calcium nitrate	d.	None of these
	solution		
20	Which is the most used non-ionic osmoticum?		
20.	a. Sorbitol		Mannitol
	c. Glucose		None of these
	· Ciucosc		rvone or these

Descriptive

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

10 Give details on the cell culture of plants. 5+5=10 Write short notes on: a) Basic techniques of plant tissue culture. b) Organic supplements and growth regulators. 3. Explain the objectives behind haploid plant production. What are the 2+4+1+2+1=10 methods for increasing the chromosome number? Explain the methods. What will be the outcome of such procedures? Write in your own words. What is the advantage of pollen culture over anther culture? Define gynogenesis. 3+4+3=10 According to you, which method is more effective in delivering DNA ago plant cells - vectors mediated or vector less? Justify your answer. Is there any future of transgenic crops? Explain in your own words citing different examples. What is transgene, phenomenon of Transgenesis and lipofection? 5+5=10 5. Write short notes on: a) Technique of Micropropagation b) Culture of protoplast 10 What is somatic hybridization? Discuss on the details process and mechanism for successful development of somatic hybrid plants. 7. Is there any difference between micropropagation and production of 2+4+1+3=10 haploids? Justify your answer. If you are asked to go for germplasm storage of pure lines, what method will you choose to produce a pure line? Explain the method which gives better results. How will you define haploid plants in your own words? What is the method used to check the stages of germ cells before production of haploid plants? Explain the methods. 5+5=10 8. Write short notes on: (any two) a) Biolistic method b) PEG method of gene delivery

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c) Electroporation of gene delivery