Duration: 3 hrs.

## B. Sc. CHEMISTRY SECOND SEMESTER ORGANIC, INORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II

BSC - 721 [SPECIAL REPEAT] [USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART] SET A

Full Marks: 70

[ PART-A: Objective ] Marks: 20 Time: 30 min. 1X20=20 Choose the correct answer from the following: 1. The rate constant of 1storder reactions has the unit a. s-1 b. mol L-1 s-1 c. L2 mol-2 s-1 d. None of these 2HI - H<sub>2</sub> + I<sub>2</sub> What is the molecularity of the above reaction? b. 2 c. 3 d. 0 3. Decomposition of ammonia is a b. 2nd order reaction a. 3rd order reaction c. 1st order reaction Zero (0) order reaction In adiabatic process, between system and surroundings Heat cannot exchange a. Heat can exchange Temperature is constant c. Mass and heat can exchange H = U + PV in this equation, U refer to a. Enthalpy b. Internal Energy c. Entropy d. Residual heat The concept of entropy is related to b. 2nd law of thermodynamics a. 1st law of thermodynamics Steady state c. Zeroth law The oxidation state of Mn in KMnO4 d. +4 a. +5 b. +7 c. +6 The bond order of O22+ ion is d. 1.5 c. 3 Which of the following is Lewis acid b. AICI3 c. GaCl<sub>3</sub> d. All of the above a. BCl3 10. The oxidation state of oxygen in Na<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> d. None of these c. -3 11. The bond order of N2 molecule d. 4 c. 1 a. 3

12 1	Which of the City	of Lov	uic acid base		
•	Which of the following is correct statemen  a. Acid is electron donor base is proton donor	b.	Acid is electron electron donor		se
	<ul> <li>Both (a) &amp; (b)</li> <li>Identify the major product of the following</li> </ul>		None of the abo on:	ve	
	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Product				
i	<ul><li>a. 2-Methylpent-2-ene</li><li>c. 2-Methylpent-3-ene</li></ul>		4-Methylpent-2- 4-Methylpent-3-		
14. Ii	In the Victor Meyer test, alcohol is treated of the finally the reaction mixture is made alkaling resulting mixture is found to be red then the Primary	vith H e with e alcol b.	I, AgNO <sub>2</sub> and HNO KOH solution. If the nol will be Secondary	O <sub>2</sub> respective ne colour of	
	<ul> <li>Tertiary</li> <li>E1cB reaction is usually seen to involve the</li> </ul>		None of the abo	ve	
a	a. Carbocation	b.	Carbanion		
	c. Carbene The formation of dichlorocarbene from chlo	d. roforn		eaction is se	een to
	lake place via			cuction is se	
	CI OH OF OR OH CI	CI (	Ö−CI ro carbene		
	a. β-elimination c. γ-elimination		α-elimination δ-elimination		
17. T	The product P in the following reaction of a R-C-C-H Alcoholic KOH P			KOH will b	be
Λ	Alkyl halide				
a.	a. Alkane b. Aldehyde		c. Alkene	d. Ketor	ne
a	When glycerol is treated with excess amount 1,3- Diiodo propane  . n-Propyl iodide	b.	I the product obtain 1,2- Diiodo prop Isopropyl iodide	ane	
a	f glycol is heated with conc sulphuric acid  a. Dioxan  c. Glycolaldehyde	b.	oduct obtained is Glycollic acid Glyoxal		
20. T	The structure of carbonyl group is  Tetrahedral		Linear		
				UST	M/COF/R-01

## PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

## [ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

- a. Write down the differences between order and molecularity of a reaction.
   b. Draw the molecular orbital energy diagram for F2 molecule and calculate the bond order of F2 molecule.
   c. Explain fermentation? Discuss the various steps involved in the manufacture of ethanol from molasses.
   a. Deduce the equation for rate const k for a 1st order reaction. What change will be seen in the equation for gaseous reaction?
- change will be seen in the equation for gaseous reaction? =10
  - 6 min<sup>-1</sup>. If we start with [A] = 0.5 mol L<sup>-1</sup>, when would [A] reach the value of 0.05 ML<sup>-1</sup>
  - c. Give an example of pseudo 1st order reaction.
- 3. a. Write down the statement of 1st law of thermodynamics with mathematical expression. Define internal energy (U).
  - b. Prove that  $\Delta H = \Delta U + \Delta n_g RT$
  - c. For the reaction at 298 K,  $1/2 \text{ N}_2(g) + 3/2 \text{ H}_2(g) \rightarrow \text{NH}_3(g)$ ;  $\Delta H = -46 \text{ kJ}$  Calculate the value of  $\Delta U$ .
- 4. a. Define 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics. Describe Carnot engine in detailed. 5+5=10
  - b. Write the following acid base concept with examples
    - (i) Arrhenius acid -base concept
    - (ii) Bronsted Lowry acid base concept
    - (iii) Lewis acid base concept

5. a. balance the following redox reaction

5+5=10

- (i)  $MnO_4$  +  $Fe^{2+}$   $\longrightarrow$   $Mn^{2+}$  +  $Fe^{3+}$  (Acidic medium)
- (ii)  $Cr_2O_7^2 + 1$   $Cr^{3+} + I_2$  (Acidic medium)
- **b.** Write five rules for determination of oxidation state with examples.
- 6. a. Explain the molecular orbital energy level diagram for O<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> 5+5=10 molecule.
  - **b.** Arrange the following species on increasing order of bond length, bond order, bond strength
    - (i) O2, O2+, O22-, O2-
    - (ii) N2+, N2, N2-
- 7. **a.** What are nucleophilic substitutions? Write the difference between S<sub>N</sub>1 and S<sub>N</sub>2 reactions.

3+4+3 =10

**b.** Discuss the mechanism and stereochemistry of the following reaction.

- c. What are elimination reactions? Explain Saytzeff's and Hofmann's rules.
- 8. a. Write the Lucas test to distinguish between 1°, 2° and 3° alcohols.

3+2+5=10

- b. Give the preparation of phenol from cumene with chemical reaction.
- c. Write notes on the following:
  - (i) Aldol condensation (ii) Benzoin condensation

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