

M.Sc. PHYSICS
SECOND SEMESTER
LASER & SPECTROSCOPY
MSP – 205
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 1:30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

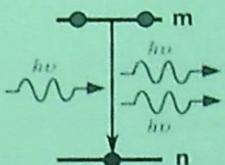
Time: 15 mins.

Marks: 10

[Objective]

Choose the correct answer from the following: **$1 \times 10 = 10$**

1. The "Full angle beam divergence" is associated with
 - a. Directionality
 - b. Monochromaticity
 - c. Intensity
 - d. Coherence
2. Which of the following is an example of optical pumping?
 - a. Ruby laser
 - b. Helium-Neon laser
 - c. Semiconductor laser
 - d. Dye laser
3. What is the wavelength of radiation emitted by a laser made up of a semiconducting material with band gap energy 2.8eV?
 - a. 8 Å
 - b. 4.3308 Å
 - c. 5548.4 Å
 - d. 4430.8 Å
4. Which Einstein's Coefficient is used in the following process



- | | | | |
|----|----------|----|----------|
| a. | A_{12} | b. | A_{21} |
| c. | B_{12} | d. | B_{21} |
5. If E_e , E_v , E_r represent the electronic, vibrational and rotational energy of a molecule, the which among the following is correct?
 - a. $E_e < E_v$
 - b. $E_v < E_r$
 - c. $E_e = E_v$
 - d. $E_v > E_r$
 6. Pure rotational energy spectrum falls in
 - a. gamma-rays
 - b. visible rays
 - c. micro-waves
 - d. ultra-violet waves

7. The selection rule for rotational transition is
- | | | | |
|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| a. | $\Delta J = 1$ | b. | $\Delta J = 0$ |
| c. | $\Delta J = \pm 1$ | d. | $\Delta J = \pm 2$ |
8. The elastic scattering of photons is called as _____ scattering
- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| a. Atmospheric | b. Rayleigh |
| c. Conserved | d. Raman |
9. He-Ne laser is a type of _____
- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| a. Solid laser | b. Liquid laser |
| c. Gas laser | d. Diode laser |
10. In which region of the electromagnetic spectrum, does the semiconductor laser lies?
- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| a. Visible Region | b. UV Region |
| c. Microwave Region | d. Infrared Region |

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(Descriptive)

Time : 1 hr. 15 mins.

Marks : 25

[Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest]

1. a. What are the special features of LASER which distinguish them from ordinary light? 2+3=5
- b. What do you understand by Population Inversion in Laser?
2. Employing Einstein's Quantum Theory of Radiation, deduce the ratio of A and B coefficients. 10
3. Discuss the construction and working of He-Ne Laser. 10
4. a. What is a laser resonator, and how does it contribute to the amplification of light in a laser system? 5+5=10
- b. Discuss the structures and laser feedback techniques in an open and a confocal resonator.
5. a. Discuss the theory of pure rotational spectra of molecule. 5+5=10
- b. In a CO molecule the wave-number difference between the successive absorption lines in the pure rotational spectrum is 384 m^{-1} . Calculate the moment of inertia of the molecule. Masses of the C¹² and O¹⁶ atoms are respectively, $1.99 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ and $2.66 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$.

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