REV-01 MBA/01/05

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION SECOND SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING MBA - 203

SET

2024/07

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Objective

Marks: 20

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 1. Management accounting deals with what kind of information?
 - a. Qualitative

b. Both a & b

c. Quantitative

- d. None of the above
- 2. Management accounting provides valuable services to management in performing
 - a. Coordinating

b. Planning

c. Controlling

- d. All of the above
- 3. Which of the following are tools of management accounting?
 - a. Standard costing

b. Budget and budgetary control

- c. Marginal costing
- 4. Management accounting is a structure for
 - a. Cost accounting
- b. Decision making

d. All of the above

- c. Financial accounting
- d. Budgeting
- 5. Cost Accounting is an ______ reporting system.

a. External c. Financial

- b. Government d. Internal
- Which of the following is true for Inventory control?
 - a. Economic order quantity has minimum total cost per order
- b. Inventory carrying costs increases with quantity per order
- c. Ordering cost decreases with lo size
- d. All of the above
- The cost of insurance and taxes are included in
 - a. Cost of ordering
- b. Set up cost
- c. Inventory carrying cost
- d. Cost of shortages
- Which of the following is not an inventory?
 - a. Machines

- b. Raw material
- c. Finished products
- d. Consumables
- The following classes of costs are usually involved in inventory decisions except
 - a. Cost of ordering
- b. Carrying cost
- c. Cost of shortages
- d. Machining cost

10.	The difference between total revenue and total variable cost is known as			
	a. Contribution margin	b. Gross margin		
	c. Fixed margin	d. None of the above		
11.	Marginal costs is taken as equal to			
	a. Prime Cost plus all variable overhead	b. Prime Cost minus all variable		
		overheads		
	c. Variable overhead	d. None of the above		
12.	Which cost is more useful for making decision?			
	a. Marginal cost	b. Variable cost		
	c. Opportunity cost	d. None of the above		
13.	Difference between standard cost and actual cost is known as			
	a. Variance	b. Standard cost		
	c. Profit	d. Loss		
14.	Which of the following is the advantage of	standard costing?		
	a. Promoting and measuring efficiency	b. Controlling and reduction cost		
	c. Helps in fixing selling price	d. All of the above		
15.	CIMA Stands of:			
	a. Charted Institute of Management	b. Common Institute of Management		
	Accountants	Accountants		
	c. Charted International of Management	d. None of the above		
	Accountants			
16.	O and a second of the second o			
	a. Planning	b. Controlling business activities		
	c. Programming	d. All of the above		
17.	Budget includes			
	a. Income	b. Expenditure		
	c. Employment of capital	d. All of the above		
18.	Budget should be			
	a. Rigid	b. Both a & b		
	c. Flexible	d. None of the above		
19.	Marginal costing technique helps management in taking decision regarding			
	a. Price of the product	b. Make or buy decision		
	c. To accept order at low price	d. All of the above		
20.	Standard costing is a technique of			
	a. Basic business activities	b. Staffing		
	c. Cost control	d. Directing		

Descriptive

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks:50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

What are the functional classifications of cost? Explain. 5+5=10 a) Write down the difference between Financial Accounting and Cost b) Accounting.

2. Prepare cost sheet from the following:

10

10

Opening stock of raw material	6720
Material purchased	150000
Material return to supplier	2000
Direct labour	50000
Direct expenses	20000
Factory expenses	15300
Office administration expenses	8000
Selling and distribution expenses	7900
Closing stock of raw material	7720
profit	10000

- Explain the importance of ABC analysis for management of 5+5=10 inventory in an organization along with advantage and disadvantage.
 - Write short notes on EOQ (Economic order quantity)
- 4. Calculate the total earning of Worker A and Worker B under
 - Halsey plan
 - ii) Rowan Plan

Time allowed =24 hours

Hourly Rate = 8 Per hour

Time taken by A = 20 hours Time taken by B = 18 hours

5. Explain the meaning of marginal costing and explain the application of 10 marginal costing.

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6.	Variable cost 600,000	10
	Fixed Cost 300,000	
	Profit 200,000	
	Sales 10,00,000	
	Find out-	
	a) P/V Ratio	
	b) BEP (Breakeven point)	
	c) Profit when sales amount is 1200,000	
	d) Sales required to earn a profit of 20,00,000	
	e) Margin of safety	
7.	Explain the concept of Budget and explain the advantages and disadvantages of budgetary control	10
8.	Manufacturing concern which has adopted standard costing furnished	10
	the following information:	
	1) Standard Material for 70kg finishes goods= 100kg	
	2) Standard priced of Material = 1Rs	
	3) Actual Output = 210,000	
	4) Material Used = 2,80,000	
	5) Cost of Material = 2,52,000	
	Calculate:	
	a) Material Usage Variance	
	b) Material Price Variance	
	c) Material cost variance	

[4]