REV-01 BLB/60/30/35

BA LLB FOURTH SEMESTER RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

BLB-403 [USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective

Time: 30 min. Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Marks: 20

2024/06

SET

B

1. The last page of the research report isb. Bibliography

a. Appendix

c. Index

d. Title page

2. Which of the following options most appropriately explains 'Research Ethics'? It states how to write a research

report flawlessly It governs the prevention of

c. plagiarism

b. It gives the methodology of researching within social norms

It provides a common set of dos and

don'ts of conducting ethical research

3. Research ethics is-

a. The doctrine of morality

A social phenomenon, the form of c. social consciousness

b. The whole of moral relations

d. All of the above

4. Free will is a category of-

a. Ethics

c. Commercial law

b. Sports law

d. Political law

5. The purposes of Literature review are all, except

a. Discovering

b. Copy Pasting

c. Synthesizing

d. Identifying

6. The two important component of research responsibility are: sincerity in work and avoiding

a. Plagiarism

b. Writing the thesis

c. Research techniques

d. Confidentiality

7. Reports are often used to display the result of-

a. Experiment

b. Investigation

c. Inquiry

d. All of the above

-- research is data-base, coming up with conclusions that are capable of being verified, by observation or by experiment.

1

a. Conceptual research

b. Contextual research

c. Empirical research

d. Analytical research

9.	Applied research is a type of research on the a. Application c. Types of information sought	he basis of- b. Objective d. None of the above
10.	Which of the following abbreviations used same place'? a. Et.al. c. Ibid.	in footnotes and endnotes means 'in theb. Loc.cit.d. Op.cit.
11.	Which of the following is a type of legal rea. Doctrinal research c. Comparative legal research	search? b. Empirical research d. All of the above
12.	A research problem is feasible only when-a. It is researchablec. When it has utility and relevance	 b. It consists of independent and dependent variables d. All of the above
13.	Which type of research is also known as so a. Doctrinal research c. Both (a) and (b)	
14.	Which of the following statement is not cora. A technique for collecting datac. Set of questions for the purposes of a survey or statistical study	rect about a questionnaire? b. Large amounts can be collected d. An expensive method to collect data
15.	On the basis of information sought there ar a. Exploratory & Explanatory research c. Qualitative & Quantitative research	b. Descriptive & Correlation research d. Basic & Applied research
16.	What is the purpose of research design? a. To develop hypothesis To determine the methods for data collection and analysis	b. To select a sampled. All of the above
17.	Which of the following is a characteristic of a. Deductive process c. Both a & b	qualitative research? b. Inductive process d. None of the above
18.	Researchers, while writing manuscripts, oft means a. Extra alternate c. At the end	b. And others d. And alternatively
19. Which of the following is characteristic of research		
	a. Data are collected systematically There is a clear purpose to find out	b. Data are interpreted systematically
	c. things	d. All of the above

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20. A quantitative statement about a population is calleda. Research hypothesis
b. Scientific hypothesis
c. Null hypothesis
d. Statistical hypothesis

Descriptive

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 1. What do you mean by scientific research? Describe different types 1+9=10 of research. 10 2. Briefly describe the different steps involved in a research process. 3. How do you define a research problem? Explain the techniques of 2+8=10 formulating a research problem. 1+9=10 4. What is hypothesis? Discuss the various types of hypotheses. 1+9=10 5. What do you mean by sampling? Elaborate the types of sampling with relevant illustrations. 6. What is abstract? Prepare a well-structured report on any topic 1+9=10 related to current social issues from a legal perspective. 7. Distinguish between research methods and research methodology. 5+5=10 Explain the different methods of collecting data. 8. What do you mean by plagiarism? Give examples of plagiarism 1+2+7 =10 prevention tools. Why ethics and integrity in research are important?

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