SET

BALLB SIXTH SEMESTER **HEALTH LAW**

 $\begin{array}{c} BLB - 606 \; H_4 \; CL \\ \text{[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]} \end{array}$

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective]

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 1. Which article of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights mentions of Right to Health as Fundamental Right?
 - a. Article 26(1)

b. Article 24(1)

c. Article 25(1)

- d. Article 23(1)
- 2. What does Euthanasia mean?
 - a. Painless death

b. Good health

c. Mercy Killing

- d. None of the above
- 3. In whose extraordinary case did the Indian Government allow Passive Euthanasia for the first time?
 - a. Aruna Shanbaug
- b. Aruna Baig
- c. Arunima Shanbaug
- d. Anamika Shanbaug
- 4. In which of the following cases right to health was recognized a part of right to life under article 21 of the Indian Constitution
 - a. Francis C. Mullin V. The Administrator. Union Territory of Delhi
 - b. Bandhua Mukti Morcha V. Union of India
 - c. State of Punjab V. Mohinder Chawla
 - d. M.C. Mehta V. Union of India
- 5. When was the Drug and Cosmetics Act passed?
 - a. 10th April,1941

b. 10th April, 1940

c. 11th April,1940

- d. 20th April,1940
- 6. What is the full form of CRC?
 - a. Convention on the Rights of Child
- Convention on the Renumeration of b. the Child
- c. Conference on the Rights of Child
- d. None

d. None

- 7. Which of the following is not a breach of duty to take care?
 - a. Error of Judgement
- b. Both a) & b)
- c. Error of Judgement due to negligence
- 8. What is the purpose of Post Mortem?
- b. To determine the manner of death
- a. To determine the cause of death c. To determine the mode of death
- d. All of the above

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- 20. Who can perform an autopsy?
 - a. Any doctor
 - c. Doctor specialized in medicine
- b. Doctor specialized in forensic medicine
 d. An obstetrician

$\left(\underline{\underline{Descriptive}}\right)$

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min.

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

Marks: 50

1.	Mention the International perspective of Right to Health.	10
2.	What is medical negligence? Mention the ingredients of medical negligence.	4+6=10
3.	What is the Human Organs Act of 1994?	10
4.	What is medical evidence? Mention its use and value.	10
5.	Mention Right to Health as a Fundamental Right in the Indian Constitution.	10
6.	What is Post Mortem? Mention the necessity of post mortem in gunshot wounds.	5+5=10
7.	What are the remedies for medical negligence under law of torts, law of crimes and Consumer Protection Law?	10
8.	Write about the Drugs and Cosmetics Act of 1940.	10

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