

**BA ADMINISTRATION & GOVERNANCE  
SECOND SEMESTER  
COMPREHENSIVE HISTORY OF INDIA & THE WORLD  
BAAG - 204**

**SET  
A**

**[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**(Objective)**

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

- Who was the leader of the Bolsheviks during the Russian revolution?  
a. Vladimir Lenin  
b. Joseph Stalin  
c. Leon Trotsky  
d. Tsar Nicholas II
- Treaty of Brest-Litovsk signed in march 1918 between:  
a. British & America  
b. Germany & Russia  
c. America & Germany  
d. Russia & British
- Permanent settlement was introduced by:  
a. Robert Clive  
b. Lytton  
c. Lord Cornwallis  
d. Lord Amherst
- The first Sangam was held in which place?  
a. Kanchipuram  
b. Tirchipalli  
c. Madurai  
d. Kapadapuram
- Sun konark temple belong to which school of architecture?  
a. Pala school  
b. Gandhara school  
c. Kalinga school  
d. Mathura school
- Sati was abolished during the tenure of governor general:  
a. Robert Clive  
b. Lord Cornwallis  
c. Warren Hastings  
d. William Bentinck
- Elango Adigal was the author of:  
a. Tolkapiyyam  
b. Silappathigaram  
c. Kalidas  
d. Mangudi
- Sufism was started in India by:  
a. Khwaja Muinuddin Chisti  
b. Bahauddin Zakariya  
c. Kabir  
d. None of the above
- Vesara temple architecture is mixture of:  
a. Nagara & Dravida  
b. Only Nagara  
c. Only dravida  
d. None of the above

10. Harshavardhan was defeated by which ruler?
  - a. Narsimhavarman I
  - b. Bhaskarvarman
  - c. Pulekeshin II
  - d. Sasanka
11. French revolution overthrows which dynasty?
  - a. Bourbon dynasty
  - b. Czar dynasty
  - c. Capetian dynasty
  - d. None of the above
12. Industrialization first took place in which country in Europe?
  - a. France
  - b. Britain
  - c. Germany
  - d. Russia
13. Who was known as the father of modern India?
  - a. Dada bhai Naroji
  - b. Mahatma Gandhi
  - c. Raja ramohanroy
  - d. Bal gangadhartilak
14. Doctrine of lapse was introduced in India by:
  - a. Lord Hastings
  - b. William Bentick
  - c. Warren Hastings
  - d. Lord Dalhousie
15. Who was the last Peshwa of Maratha kingdom?
  - a. Balajibajirao
  - b. Bajirao I
  - c. Balajivishwanath
  - d. Bajirao II
16. 'Go back to Vedas' Slogan was given:
  - a. Raja Rammohan Roy
  - b. Dayanandsarawasti
  - c. RabindraNath Tagore
  - d. Bal GangadharTilak
17. Slogan of Russian revolution:
  - a. Liberty, Equality, Fraternity
  - b. Peace, Land, Bread
  - c. Power to the people
  - d. None of the above
18. Treaty of Serengipattam was sign between:
  - a. Mysore & Maratha
  - b. Mysore & French
  - c. Mysore & Britain
  - d. Mysore & Nizam
19. Founder of Pallava dynasty:
  - a. Simhavishnu
  - b. Mahendravarman
  - c. Narishmavarma
  - d. Aditya karikalan
20. Aham in tamilsangam literature related to:
  - a. Love stories
  - b. Heroism
  - c. Both
  - d. None of the above

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**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

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|---|----|
| 1. Elucidate the theory of 'Drain of wealth'.                           | 10 |
| 2. Differentiate between the Nagara and Dravidan temple architecture.   | 10 |
| 3. Elaborate the land revenue systems under British East India Company. | 10 |
| 4. Discuss the polity, society, economy in sangam period.               | 10 |
| 5. Discuss the growth of Bhaktism in india.                             | 10 |
| 6. Write the causes behind the rise of social reform movement in India. | 10 |
| 7. What are the causes and consequences of American revolution?         | 10 |
| 8. Discuss the causes and impact of industrialization in Europe.        | 10 |

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