

**BACHELOR OF EDUCATION
FIRST SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT]
FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION
BED – 101**

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- The word 'Education' has been derived from the latin words _____.
 - 'E' and 'Duco'
 - 'E' and 'Catum'
 - Both a and b
 - None of these
- Which of the following statement is not correct?
 - Education is a lifelong process.
 - Education is modification of behaviour.
 - Education is limited only to schooling and instruction.
 - Education is continuous reconstruction of experiences.
- Who said "Education is complete living"?
 - Herbert Spencer
 - Swami Vivekananda
 - Aristotle
 - John Dewey
- Which statement is against the social aim of education?
 - The state is above the individual citizen.
 - The individual has to be prepared as an integral part of the society.
 - There should be full control of the society over the individual.
 - The state has to give not take anything from the individual
- The exponent of Personalistic (Subjective) kind of Idealism is
 - Berkeley
 - Fichte
 - Kant
 - Pavlov
- According to _____, "Man is born free and I find him in chains everywhere."
 - Rousseau
 - Piaget
 - Kohler
 - Hegel
- The Greek word 'Pragma' means
 - Action
 - Idea
 - Ideal
 - Human
- According to _____, "By education I mean an all-round drawing out of the best in the child and man – body, mind and spirit."
 - Swami Vivekananda
 - John Dewey
 - Mahatma Gandhi
 - Percy Nunn

9. 'A process of learning to live and work together is called socialization.' This statement was given by _____.
 - a. Ogburn
 - b. MacIver
 - c. Bogardus
 - d. Biddle
10. "Educational Sociology is the scientific study of the relationship between education and society". This was stated by?
 - a. Brown
 - b. Ottoway
 - c. Carter
 - d. Skinner
11. What type of education does the family impart to the child?
 - a. Formal
 - b. Non-formal
 - c. Informal
 - d. Deliberate
12. Education of a child actually begins _____.
 - a. Once he takes birth
 - b. Once he attains the age of three
 - c. Once he learns to speak
 - d. Once he is admitted to school
13. The Greek word 'Psyche' means
 - a. Soul
 - b. Attention
 - c. Motivation
 - d. Interest
14. Trial and Error theory of learning was propounded by
 - a. Skinner
 - b. E.L.Thorndike
 - c. Pavlov
 - d. Koffka
15. Law of use and law of disuse are the two sub laws of
 - a. Law of exercise
 - b. Law of readiness
 - c. Law of effect
 - d. None of these
16. According to _____ theory, a neutral stimulus acquires all the properties of natural stimulus when both are repeated together for a number of times.
 - a. Operant conditioning
 - b. Classical conditioning
 - c. Trial and error
 - d. Learning by insight
17. Which is not a soft skill?
 - a. Proficiency in foreign language
 - b. Time management
 - c. Communication
 - d. Leadership
18. Economics of Education is the application of _____.
 - a. Economic principles
 - b. Concepts
 - c. Laws
 - d. All of these
19. Cost Benefit Approach looks at each level of education as
 - a. Investment in human beings
 - b. The purpose that the return will help to improve the whole economy
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above

20. Consumer Driven Educational Programmes are essential to provide the
- a. The skills to empower the consumers and enable them to use their resources effectively
 - b. The knowledge to empower the consumers and enable them to use their resources effectively
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above
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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the importance of Psychology in teaching learning process. 10
2. Discuss aims of education and curriculum construction according to Pragmatism. 5+5=10
3. Write in brief about Trial and Error theory of learning. What are the educational implications of this theory? 5+5=10
4. Write any five differences between Classical Conditioning Theory of Learning and Operant Conditioning Theory of Learning. Write the educational implication of Classical Conditioning theory of learning. 5+5=10
5. What is the narrow and broader meaning of Education? Explain the three different modes of education. 4+6=10
6. What is the nature of educational sociology? Discuss the scope of educational sociology. 4+6=10
7. Discuss the role of education as an agent of social change and development. 10
8. Write short notes on *any two* : 5+5=10
 - a) Education and Economic Development
 - b) Education and Employability
 - c) Consumer Driven Education Programme
 - d) Cost benefit Analysis in Education

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