

**MA/M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY
THIRD SEMESTER
ENVIRONMENT & DEVELOPMENT
MOOCs [SPECIAL REPEAT]
[USE OMR SHEET]**

**SET
A**

Duration: 1.30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X35=35

1. Which of the followings are levels of organization?
 - a. Individual, population, community, ecosystem, biome and biosphere
 - b. Individual, population, community, ecosystem
 - c. Ecosystem, biome and biosphere
 - d. Biome and biosphere
2. _____ are organisms that utilize organic materials manufactured by producers.
 - a. Autotrophic
 - b. Abiotic
 - c. Saprophytic
 - d. Heterotrophic
3. Which of the following significant laws was/were passed to establish how the Mississippi River should be administered?
 - a. The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 1969
 - b. The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA), 1972
 - c. Upper Mississippi River Management Act (UMRMA), 1986
 - d. All of these
4. The 'Montreal Protocol' was adopted in _____.
 - a. 1987
 - b. 1999
 - c. 2004
 - d. 2009
5. Which of the following books contains the phrase: "A thing is right when it tends to preserve the integrity, stability and beauty of the biotic community"?
 - a. A Sand County Almanac
 - b. Population Bomb
 - c. Spaceship Earth
 - d. Silent spring
6. Who looked into the origins of the relationship between women and nature?
 - a. Carol J. Adams
 - b. Carolyn Merchant
 - c. Maria Mies
 - d. Val Plumwood
7. Which study looks at the interactions between gender, society and environment?
 - a. Eco gender
 - b. Ecofeminism
 - c. Development
 - d. Gender and environment
8. What does the term 'Eco-Marxism' mean?
 - a. Ecological research with feminist perspective
 - b. Ecological research with antifeminist perspective
 - c. Ecological research with gender development.
 - d. Ecological research with Marxist thought and action

9. Development as a practice and discourse embodies the _____ implicit project of making specific local worldviews and values.
- American Enlightenment's
 - Asian Enlightenment's
 - Chinese Enlightenment's
 - European Enlightenment's
10. Modern technology is always applied in specific _____ which determine its outcome.
- Natural conditions
 - Scientific conditions
 - Social conditions
 - None of these
11. The Chang-nungahpoh ritual is performed by the Kuki Community:
- To appease the souls of the millet
 - To appease the souls of the paddy crop
 - To appease the souls of their ancestors
 - To appease the souls of trees
12. Which Indian state is home to the Sariska Tiger Reserve?
- Madhya Pradesh
 - Rajasthan
 - Kerala
 - Uttar Pradesh
13. Who came up with the idea of 'Fortress Conservation'?
- Dan Brockington
 - E. R. Roe Thompson
 - John Muir
 - Philip Lake
14. What are the two main reasons for the risen in global sea levels?
- Flooding and erosion of coastal areas
 - Forest fires and wild fires
 - Thermal expansion and loss of land-based ice
 - Earthquakes and floods
15. What was the subject of the National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC)?
- Measure on climate change related adaptation
 - Measures on climate change related mitigation
 - Measures on climate change related adaptation and mitigation while simultaneously advancing development
 - None of these
16. What is the focal point of modernization theory?
- Trend towards third world countries policy
 - Trend towards development theory
 - Trend towards western capitalist modernity
 - Trend towards socialist theory
17. What is 'Gender and Development' main goal?
- Mainstreaming women's needs and perspectives
 - Mainstreaming men's needs and perspectives
 - Mainstreaming both men's and women's needs and perspectives
 - All of these
18. The second UN women's Conference took place when and where?
- 1974, Rome
 - 1980, Copenhagen
 - 1985, Nairobi
 - 1989, Rio

19. Which animal is considered as the sacred 'Vohpi' among the Kuki community?
 a. Cow
 b. Elephant
 c. Goat
 d. Pig
20. What does traditional beliefs and practices indicate?
 a. Social relationship of humans and nature
 b. Scientific relationship of humans and nature
 c. Symbiotic relationship of humans and nature
 d. Economical relationship of humans and nature
21. Which of the following object is considered 'sacred' and capable of protecting a person from harmful external influence by Kuki community?
 a. Rice
 b. Rice beer
 c. Thiing (ginger)
 d. Ai (turmeric)
22. Which of the following victory as the greatest psychic revolution in the history of our culture?
 a. The victory of Islam over Confucianism
 b. The victory of Islam over Paganism
 c. The victory of Christianity over Confucianism
 d. The victory of Christianity over Paganism
23. According to Lynn White, the development of science was clearly related to _____ traditions in the mediaeval times.
 a. Christian
 b. Judaism
 c. Judeo-Christian
 d. None of these
24. Our science and technology have grown out of _____ toward man's relation to nature.
 a. Buddhist attitude
 b. Christian attitude
 c. Islamic attitude
 d. Jewish attitude
25. The Earth, according to the _____, is not just for humans but also for other creatures as well.
 a. Atharvaveda
 b. Rigveda
 c. Samaveda
 d. Yajurveda
26. When was the mineral policy of the central government announced?
 a. 1990
 b. 1991
 c. 1992
 d. 1993
27. Mining-induced displacement and resettlement is primarily _____ issue.
 a. Psychological
 b. Social
 c. Human rights
 d. Economic
28. Which river in Odisha is referred to be Kalahandi's 'lifeline'?
 a. Ganga
 b. Ravi
 c. Vamsadhara
 d. Yamuna

29. Which region has been identified by the Ministry of Development of North-Eastern Region as the 'future powerhouse of India'?
- a. Brahmaputra basin
 - b. Ganga basin
 - c. Mahananda basin
 - d. Yamuna basin
30. What do you mean by natural resources?
- a. Resources available in nature
 - b. Naturally occurring substances
 - c. Resources available in unmodified(natural) form
 - d. All of these
31. What does community-based natural resource management refer to?
- a. Community based use and management of natural resources
 - b. Collective use and management of natural resources
 - c. Financial use of natural resources
 - d. Social use of natural resources
32. Environmental problems like degradation of forests come under _____
- a. Human rights
 - b. Economic rights
 - c. Property rights problems
 - d. Cultural rights
33. What are environmental philosophies primarily concerned with?
- a. Human-God relationship
 - b. Human-machine relationship
 - c. Human-nature relationship
 - d. Human-cosmos relationship
34. The term 'deep ecology' was coined by _____
- a. Arne Naess
 - b. Murray Bookchin
 - c. Lynn White
 - d. Roderick Nash
35. Gandhi asserts that industrialization and mechanization produce _____
- a. Decentralization of economic power
 - b. Centralization of economic power
 - c. Decentralization of political power
 - d. Centralization of political power

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