

10. New Democracy, or the New Democratic Revolution, is a concept based on Mao's _____ theory in post-revolutionary China which argued originally that democracy in China would take a path that was distinct from any other country.
- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a. Bloc of two social classes | b. Bloc of three social classes |
| c. Bloc of four social classes | d. Bloc of five social classes |
11. _____ suggests three justice preserving rules.
- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| a. John Rawls | b. Rousseau |
| c. Isaiah Berlin | d. Robert Nozick |
12. 'Anarchy, State and utopia' was written by _____
- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| a. John Rawls | b. Isaiah Berlin |
| c. Robert Nozick | d. Macpherson |
13. _____ was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1974 in economic sciences for his contributions to the theory of money and economic fluctuations.
- | | |
|----------|----------------|
| a. Hayek | b. Amartya Sen |
| c. Marx | d. Gramsci |
14. _____ was the author of "The Road to Serfdom".
- | | |
|------------|----------|
| a. Marx | b. Lenin |
| c. Gramsci | d. Hayek |
15. Who is the author of "Two concepts of Liberty"?
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| a. J. S. Mill | b. T. H. Green |
| c. Herbert Spencer | d. Isaiah Berlin |
16. _____ provided the empirical and historical analysis to Marxist theory of State.
- | | |
|-------------------|------------|
| a. Marx | b. Lenin |
| c. Ralph Miliband | d. Gramsci |
17. According to Miliband, the state system is composed of _____ elements.
- | | |
|---------|----------|
| a. Two | b. Three |
| c. Four | d. five |
18. _____ is known as one of the founders of post-structuralism.
- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| a. Jacques Derrida | b. Michel Foucault |
| c. Gilles Deleuz | d. Leo Straus |
19. Foucault's ideas about history gave more importance to -----
- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| a. Social constructions | b. Past events |
| c. Future prospects | d. Socio-political phenomena |
20. Herbert Marcuse is known as the father of _____
- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| a. Political Science | b. New Left |
| c. Political Philosophy | d. None of the above |

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Critically evaluate John Rawls theory of Justice. | 10 |
| 2. Discuss Lenin's views on the objective and subjective conditions of Social Revolution. | 10 |
| 3. Critically discuss Gramsci's concept of Hegemony. | 10 |
| 4. Discuss Mao's views on New Democracy. | 10 |
| 5. "Hayek championed the idea of freedom and its role in the society". Discuss Hayek's concept of Freedom to support the above statement. | 10 |
| 6. "Isaiah Berlin gave a new interpretation of liberty". Discuss Berlin's views on liberty in the light of the above statement. | 10 |
| 7. Discuss Ralph Miliband's views on Instrumental Marxism. | 10 |
| 8. Discuss Herbert Marcuse's concept of one-dimensional Man. | 10 |

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