

**B.SC. PHYSICS  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS- III  
BSP – 942 ID Mn**

**SET  
A**

Duration: 1:30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

Time: 15 mins.

**( Objective )**

Marks: 10

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1×10=10**

- The Laplace transform of  $x^0$  is
  - $\frac{1}{s}$
  - S
  - 0
  - $\frac{1}{s^2}$
- The Laplace transform of  $e^{-2x}$ 
  - $\frac{1}{s}$
  - $\frac{1}{s^2}$
  - $\frac{1}{s-2}$
  - $\frac{1}{s+2}$
- The Laplace transform of  $\cosh 2x$  will be
  - $\frac{1}{s^2-2^2}$
  - $\frac{s}{s^2+2^2}$
  - $\frac{2}{s^2-2^2}$
  - $\frac{s}{s^2-2^2}$
- If  $L[f(x)] = F(s)$  then  $L[f(ax)]$  will be
  - $\frac{1}{s}F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
  - $\frac{1}{a}F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
  - $F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
  - $F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
- A "periodic function" is given by a function which
  - has a period  $T = 2\pi$
  - satisfies  $f(t+T) = f(t)$
  - satisfies  $f(t+T) = -f(t)$
  - has a period  $T = \pi$
- What are the conditions called which are required for a signal to fulfil to be represented as Fourier series?
  - Dirichlet's conditions
  - Gibbs phenomenon
  - Fourier conditions
  - Fourier Transformation

7. A function  $f(x)$  is called skew symmetric function if
- |                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| a. $f(-x) = -f(x)$  | b. $f(-x) = f(x)$ |
| c. $f(-x) = -f(-x)$ | d. $f(-x) = 0$    |
8. Conjugate of  $(6 + 5i)^2$  is
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| a. $60+11i$ | b. $11-60i$ |
| c. $60-11i$ | d. $11+60i$ |
9. If  $(1+i)(x+iy) = 2+4i$  then  $5x$  is
- |       |      |
|-------|------|
| a. 10 | b. 6 |
| c. 15 | d. 4 |
10.  $\frac{1+i}{1-i} = ?$
- |          |         |
|----------|---------|
| a. $i$   | b. $1$  |
| c. $1+i$ | d. $-i$ |

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**( Descriptive )**

Time : 1 hr. 15 min.

Marks : 25

*[ Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest ]*

1. If  $L\{f(t)\} = F(s)$  then  $L\{f(at)\} = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$  5

2. a. Find Laplace transform of  $ax^2 + bx^3$  3+3+4  
 b. Find  $L[\sin at]$ . =10  
 c. State and prove the change of scale property of Laplace Transform.

3. a. If  $L\{f(t)\} = F(s)$  then  $L\{f(at)\} = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$  5+5=10  
 b. A machine completes its cycle of operations every time as certain pulley completes a revolution. The displacement  $f(x)$  of a point on a certain portion of the machine is given in the table below for twelve positions of the pulley,  $x$  being the angle in degree turned through by the pulley. Find the first harmonic to represent  $f(x)$  for all values of  $x$

$x$	$30^\circ$	$60^\circ$	$90^\circ$	$120^\circ$	$150^\circ$	$180^\circ$	$210^\circ$	$240^\circ$	$270^\circ$	$300^\circ$	$330^\circ$	$360^\circ$
$f(x)$	7.976	8.026	7.204	5.674	3.674	1.764	0.552	0.262	0.904	2.492	4.736	6.824

5. a. Represent the following function by a Fourier series:

5+5=10

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & \frac{\pi}{2} < t \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

- b. Write the Fourier constant to evaluate the Harmonic analysis.

5. a. If  $x + iy = \frac{1}{a + ib}$  prove that  $(x^2 + y^2)(a^2 + b^2) = 1$ .

5+5=10

- b. If  $z = x + iy$ , prove that  $\frac{z}{z} + \frac{\bar{z}}{z} = 2 \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

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