

**B.Sc. PHYSICS**  
**FOURTH SEMESTER**  
**MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-III**  
**BSP - 402**  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET**  
**A**

Duration: 1:30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

Time: 15 mins.

**( Objective )**

Marks: 10

**1×10=10**

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

- The real part of the complex number  $(-2-i)(1-i)$  will be?  
a. 1  
b. 2  
c. -2  
d. -1
- If  $z = e^{-i\theta}$  then  $z + \frac{1}{z}$  is  
a.  $2 \sin \theta$   
b.  $2 \cos \theta$   
c.  $2 \sin 2\theta$   
d.  $2 \cos 2\theta$
- The real part of  $\sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/4}$  will be  
a.  $\sqrt{2}$   
b.  $-\sqrt{2}$   
c. 1  
d. -1
- If  $z = \sqrt{2}(-1+i)$ , then its modulus will be  
a. -1  
b. 1  
c. 2  
d. -2
- The smallest value of  $n$  for which  $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^n = 1$  is  
a. 0  
b. 2  
c. 4  
d. 6
- The value of  $e^{-i\frac{\pi}{2}}$  will be?  
a. 1  
b.  $-i$   
c.  $i$   
d. -1
- The value of  $i^{49}$  is  
a.  $i$   
b.  $-i$   
c. 1  
d. -1
- The square of  $(1+i)$  will be  
a. 2  
b. -2  
c.  $-2i$   
d.  $2i$

9. The complex number  $x$  for which  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\varphi}{2}\right)$  is

- a.  $e^{i\varphi}$
- b.  $e^{-i\varphi}$
- c.  $e^{-\frac{i\varphi}{2}}$
- d.  $e^{2i\varphi}$

10. The inverse of  $(1 + i)$  will be

- a.  $\frac{1}{2}(1 + i)$
- b.  $\frac{1}{2}(1 - i)$
- c.  $\frac{1}{2}(-1 + i)$
- d.  $-\frac{1}{2}(1 + i)$

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**( Descriptive )**

Time : 1 hr. 15 mins.

Marks: 25

*[ Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest ]*

1. Find the modulus and argument of the complex number  $\sqrt{2}(1 - i)$ . 3+2=5  
Express this complex number in polar form.
  
2. a. Show that 6+4=10  
$$(a + ib)^n + (a - ib)^n = 2(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{n}{2}} \cos\left(n \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)\right).$$
  
b. Express the complex number  $\left(\frac{1+i}{4+3i}\right)$  in  $a + ib$  form.
  
3. a. Find the complex number 6+4=10  
 $z$  if  $\arg(z + 2i) = \pi/4$  and  $\arg(z - 2i) = 3\pi/4$ .  
b. If  $x + iy = \frac{1}{a+ib}$ , find  $x^2 + y^2$ .
  
4. a. If a complex number  $z = (1 + i)$ , then find  $z^5$ .  
b. Find the value of  $\theta$  for which the complex number  $\left(\frac{3+2i \sin \theta}{1-2i \sin \theta}\right)$  is 4+6=10  
purely imaginary.
  
5. a. Find the square root of the complex numbers  $-4 - 3i$ . 6+4=10  
b. Find the Laplace transform of (i)  $x^n$  (ii)  $e^{ax}$

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