B.Sc. PHYSICS THIRD SEMESTER BASIC INSTRUMENTATIONAL SKILL

BSP - 306 [SPECIAL REPEAT] [USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART] Duration: 1 hr 30 min.

9. The shape of a Lissajous figure depends on

c. Ratio of frequency of two waves

a. amplitude



Full Marks: 35

(Objective) Time: 15 min Market 10

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C	following: 1X10=10	
1.	The ratio of incremental output to increa a. sensitivity c. span	mental input of a measuring instrument gives b. precession d. accuracy
2.	Range of an instrument from minimum a. sensitivity c. span	to maximum value is called b. precession d. accuracy
3.	If a thermometer has a scale from -40o to a. 70°C c. 110°C	o 110oC, then its span is b. 150°C d40°C
4.	Ammeter uses a in par a. low resistance c. low capacitor	rallel with the basic meter. (Fill in the blank) b. high resistance d. high capacitor
5.	A basic moving coil system can be converged in (Choose the a. shunt resistor, parallel c. shunt resistor, perpendicular	erted to a dc ammeter by adding a suitable ne correct pair of words). b. capacitor, parallel d. capacitor, perpendicular
6.	The knob for intensity control of a CRC a. heater c. cathode	D is connected to b. grid d. anode
7.	Non-electrical quantities like pressure, t to electrical signals by using a. capacitors c. transducer	emperature, strain, accelerations are converted b. signal modifier d. indicating device
8.	is called the 'heart' of an oscillo a. Electron Gun c. Cathode ray tube	scope. (Fill in the blank). b. Deflecting Plates d. Glass envelope

b. Phase difference

d. All of the these

10. A function generator can producea. sine waves onlyc. sine and triangular waves

b. square waves only d. All of these

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USTM/COE/R-01

Descriptive

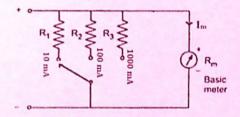
Time: 1 hrs. 15 min.

Marks: 25

[Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest]

- Explain briefly with diagram, how a basic meter (moving coil) works.
 Explain with diagram how to convert a basic meter into
- 3+1+1

- a. a dc ammeter
- b. a dc voltmeter
- 2. a. It is required to convert a 5 mA meter with 20Ω internal resistance into a 5 A current. Calculate the value of the shunt resistance required.
 - 1+4=5
 - b. You are to design a multi-range ammeter as shown in the figure below. Calculate the values of the shunt resistances R_1 , R_2 , and R_3 , need to apply in terminals in order to get current ranges 10 mA, 100 mA, and 1000 mA, respectively. (Given: unshunted meter has resistance R_m =100 Ω , and current I_m =1mA).



- 3. What are the four major components of a Cathode Ray Tube (CRT)?

 With proper diagram, explain the function of the electron gun assembly in focusing and accelerating the electron beam in a CRT.
- 4. What are the two primary functions of Aquadag coated inside the CRT Explain briefly the functions of deflecting plates (Horizontal and Vertical) of a CRT
- 5. Deduce the equation for Deflection Sensitivity of a CRT.

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