

**BA SOCIOLOGY
FOURTH SEMESTER(REPEAT)
ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY
BS0-401**
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

(Objective)

- When we gift without reckoning the exact value of the gift or expecting a specific thing in return we are practicing.....
 - Positive reciprocity
 - Negative reciprocity
 - Specific reciprocity
 - Generalized reciprocity
- When something is traded or given with the expectation that something of equal value will be returned within a specific time period is known as.....
 - Positive reciprocity
 - Negative reciprocity
 - Balanced reciprocity
 - Generalized reciprocity
- The form of reciprocity occurs within the closest social relationships where exchange happens so frequently that monitoring the value of each item or service given and received would be impossible, is known as.....
 - Positive reciprocity
 - Negative reciprocity
 - Balanced reciprocity
 - Generalized reciprocity
- The Kula ring system of exchange found in the Trobriand Islands in the South Pacific is one example of
 - specific reciprocity
 - generalized reciprocity
 - negative reciprocity
 - balanced reciprocity
- Who was the first scholar to study Kula Ring System of Exchange?
 - A R Radcliffe Brown
 - Levi Strauss
 - Malinowski
 - Edmund Leech
- Christmas gift giving is a form of
 - Positive reciprocity
 - Balanced reciprocity
 - Negative reciprocity
 - Generalized reciprocity
- Gambling is a good example of which form of reciprocity?
 - Positive reciprocity
 - Balanced reciprocity
 - Negative reciprocity
 - Generalized reciprocity

8. Which of the following scholar is associated with New Economic Sociology?
 a. Max Weber
 b. Talcott Parsons
 c. Karl Marx
 d. Mark Granovetter
9. Sociology of Economic life has been written by:
 a. Mark Granovetter, Richard Swedberg, et al.
 b. Karl Polanyi
 c. Max Weber
 d. Karl Marx
10. Economic Action and Social Structure: The Problem of Embeddedness has been written by :
 a. M Granovetter
 b. Richard Swedberg
 c. Max Weber
 d. Karl Polanyi
11. Who has written the book Philosophy of Money?
 a. Georg Simmel
 b. Karl Marx
 c. Max Weber
 d. Richard Swedberg
12. The Economic Sociology emphasizes: (1) the role of interests and rationality in economy. (2) the importance of social relations and social institutions in economy. (3) the role of trust in economic life. Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?
 a. Only 1
 b. 1 and 2
 c. 1,2 and 3
 d. None of the above
13. Who has written the book The Great Transformation?
 a. Mark Granovetter
 b. Richard Swedberg
 c. Karl Polanyi
 d. Karl Marx
14. What is human development?
 a. Human development is defined as the process of enlarging people's freedoms and opportunities and improving their well-being.
 b. Human dimension of development presupposes that development should be measured in terms of the richness of human life.
 c. The concept was insisted upon by a Pakistani economist Mahbub ul Haq and Indian economist Amartya Sen in 1990 and was published by the United Nations Development Programme.
 d. All of the above
15. The theory of development which suggests that societies move from traditional to modern, industrial forms of organization is called:
 a. Westernization theory
 b. Modernization theory

c. Industrialization theory

d. Dependency theory

- 16 Dependency theory made the claim that 'underdeveloped' societies were:
- a. insufficiently involved in the international capitalist economy
 - b. reluctant to surrender their traditional ways of life
 - c. economically dependent on the wealthy countries that exploited them
 - d. the 'metropolises' to which 'satellite' countries were attached
- 17 The capitalist world economy is what Wallerstein would call a 'world system'. This term refers to:
- a. a means of transporting money between different areas of a country
 - b. an empire with a bureaucratic administration but no political center
 - c. an awareness of risks and dangers that affect the environment as a whole
 - d. a unit with a division of labour that extends across ethnic and cultural groups
- 18 The mode of production is ...
- a. the social relations through which human labour is used to transform energy from nature using tools, skills, organization, and knowledge.
 - b. Economic organization of this world
 - c. Process of making money from natural resources
 - d. Tools and techniques using which one can make money
- 19 In classical Marxism, the two earliest modes of production were those of the tribal band or horde, and of the Neolithic kinship group. In Marxist discourse, this mode of production is termed as...
- a. Feudal mode of production
 - b. Slavery mode of production
 - c. Capitalist mode of production
 - d. Asiatic mode of production
- 20 The concept of "sustainable development" was first introduced by
- a. Brundtland conference
 - b. Geneva conference
 - c. Bonn conference
 - d. None of them

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Show how the concept of embeddedness impacts our understanding of economic life. 10
2. Critically analyze formalist-substantivist perspective of the understanding of economic behavior. 10
3. Compare and contrast socialist and capitalist systems. 10
4. Elucidate the nature of hunting gathering societies, and highlight how they differ from settled farmers. 10
5. Is reciprocity a human universal? Can you think of examples of generalized, balanced, or negative reciprocity in your everyday life? 3+7=10
6. What is Kula Ring Exchange? How does the Kula ring exchange among Trobriand Islanders is maintained? 3+7=10
7. Write short notes: (1) Human Development (2) Sustainable development. 5+5=10
8. What do you understand by globalization? Explain with reference to sociological theories of globalization. 10

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