REV-01 BSO/01/10

BA SOCIOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER (REPEAT) INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY-II BSO - 201

2024/05

	SCRIPTS FOR OBJ	ECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)
Duration: 3 hrs.	4 01:	Full Marks: 70
Time: 30 min.	RT-A: Object	Marks: 20
Choose the correct answer from th	1×20=20	
 In the history of the development remarkable intellectual development. Urbanization Period of enlightenment 	ent and change b.	
2. In Marxist theory, the working claa. The proletariatc. The Leftists	b.	The Bourgeoisie The Capitalists
3. The first sociology department in university?	North America	n was established in 1892 at which
a. Chicago	b.	Stanford
c. Yale	d.	Frankfurt
4. Contemporary sociology is characa. Objective orientationc. Non-objective orientation	b.	Subjective orientation Non-subjective orientation
5. As a social and historical period, n	nodernity is sa	id to have begun in the
a. 19th century		20th century
c. 17th century		18th century
6. Which theory would explain that obalance of power within a family?		as the outcome of the shifting
a. Marxist		Conflict
c. Neo-Marxist	d.	Feminist
7. The perspective had thea. Interactionistc. Functionalist	b.	e on the feminist perspective Conflict Global
8. Which of the following is a manife	est function of	universities/colleges?
a. To prepare people for profess		To provide opportunities for people to find their future spouses
c. To give students enough time exercise	e to d.	To maintain the economic status quo
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9. Theoretical position that finds meaning in the things in isolation is?	he relation between things, rather than i
a. Feminism	b. Modernism
c. Structuralism	d. Functionalism
10. Which of the following is incorrect about Et	hnomethodology?
 a. Ethnomethodology, literally meaning people's methodology 	b. The method by which people stud the social order in which they live
 A common-sense view of the world is produced 	 d. Ethnomethodology is the study of the impractical methods
11. There are two central ideas indexicality and	reflexivity explained in
a. Phenomenology	b. Symbolic interactionism
c. Ethnomethodology	d. Subaltern perspective
12. Who made a helpful distinction between the observer's perception?	subject's consciousness and the
a. Heidegger	b. Alfred Schütz
c. Sartre	d. Husserl
13. Which American sociologist wrote about "m	ie" as "the looking-glass self"?
a. Herbert Blumer	b. George Homans
c. Charles Horton Cooley	d. Erving Goffman

14. The study of Exchange theory from the microeconomics perspective is attributed to

15. Subaltern refer solely to peasants who had not been integrated into the industrial

c. Antonio Gramsci
 d. David Hardiman
 16. Which of the following is not the concept used by sociologists to describe

multiculturalism?

a. Cultural differences blending into another to form a new whole.

capitalist system according to...

 Belief that members of different cultures can live peacefully alongside each other **b.** A way of approaching cultural diversity within a society.

d. View that cultural differences should be respected or even encouraged.

17. Who is regarded as one of the propounder of the philosophy of postmodernism?

a. Michel Foucault

c. Anthony Giddens

a. George Homans

c. Erving Goffman

a. BR Ambedkar

b. Jacques Derrida

b. Herbert Blumer

d. Peter Blau

b. Ranajit Guha

d. Jean-Francois Lyotard

18. Which Post- structuralist philosopher was interested in the "power- knowledge" relationship?

a. Anthony Giddens

b. Michel Foucault

c. Jean Baudrillard

d. Jacques Derrida

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19. Neo-Marxism comes under the broader framework of the
a. New Left
b. New Right
c. Opposition
d. Ruling

c. Opposition

20. Which Post- structuralist came up with the concept of Deconstructiona. Jean Baudrillardb. Michel Foucault

c. Ferdinand de Saussure

d. Jacques Derrida

PART-B: Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 1. Citing examples explain how Ethnomethodology is designed to 5+5=10 uncover these norms and behaviours. 2. Briefly discuss the growth and development of Sociology as a 10 scientific discipline. 3. Explain how Modern theories are broad extension of the Classical 10 idea of social cohesion. 4. According to the functionalist perspective, each aspect of society is 5+5=10 interdependent and contributes to society's functioning as a whole. Justify with example. 10 5. How can you explain Feminism as the advocacy of women's rights? 6. Why is Symbolic interactionism considered as a micro-level theory? 10 7. How can Postmodernism be explained as largely a reaction against 10 the intellectual assumptions and values of the modern period in the history of Western philosophy? 8. Briefly describe any two from the following: 5+5=10 a) Phenomenology b) Subaltern Perspective

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c) Conflict Perspectived) Multiculturalism