

MA/M.Sc. RURAL DEVELOPMENT
SECOND SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT]
RURAL ADMINISTRATION & COMMUNITY ORGANISATION
MRD – 201

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- The bureaucratic model of public administration emerged in the 19th century in Europe and.....
 - US
 - Asia
 - China
 - Africa
- The civil service system, which is the foundation of modern public administration, emerged during thein China
 - Ming Dynasty
 - Han Dynasty
 - Yuan Dynasty
 - None of the above
-emphasized the need for public administrators to be more responsive to the needs of citizens and adopt management practices from the private sector.
 - New Public Management
 - Bureaucratic Model
 - New Public Administration
 - Civil Service System
- Which of these is not one of the three models of Community Organization?
 - Social Planning
 - Locality Development Model
 - Social Action
 - Social Evaluation
- PRA tool that is used to explore the spatial dimensions of people's realities.
 - Timeline
 - Social Mapping
 - Transact Walk
 - Venn Diagram
- Which model emphasizes the importance of data-driven decision-making process?
 - Social Planning
 - Locality Development Model
 - Social Action
 - Social Evaluation
- Who gave the three models of Community Organization?
 - Robert
 - Rothman
 - Edward
 - None of the above
- PRA method commonly used to explore the temporal dimensions from historical perspective.
 - Timeline
 - Social Mapping
 - Transact Walk
 - Venn Diagram

9. Inplanning Local communities and stakeholders play a central role in the planning process.
- | | |
|----------------|----------------------|
| a. Centralized | b. Decentralized |
| c. Regional | d. None of the above |
10. As of 2018 data, the rural areas account topercent of the global population.
- | | |
|----------|----------|
| a. 55.4% | b. 53.8% |
| c. 56.4% | d. 54.8% |
11. Which states in the North east are exempted from the system of Panchayati Raj?
- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a. Assam, Meghalaya, Manipur | b. Meghalaya, Manipur, Nagaland |
| c. Nagaland, Meghalaya, Sikkim | d. Manipur, Meghalaya, Sikkim |
12. The district level Panchayat responsible for overseeing the overall functioning of the PRI system within the district.
- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| a. Gram Panchayat | b. Panchayat Samiti |
| c. Zila Parishad | d. None of the above |
13. a) Good Governance does not recognize the importance of environmental sustainability in the governance process.
b) Development Administration includes policies and programs related only to urban planning.
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Only a is correct | b. Only b is correct |
| c. Both a and b are correct | d. Both a and b are incorrect |
14. Which of these is not one of the key principles of PRA?
- | | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| a. Systematic | b. Optimal Ignorance |
| c. Rigidity | d. Team work |
15. Development Administration refers to the administration and management of policies, programs, and projects aimed at promoting development.
- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| a. Economic | b. Environmental |
| c. Social | d. All the above |
16. The primary functions of the DRDA include.....of rural development programs.
- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| a. Planning | b. Coordination |
| c. Monitoring, and evaluation | d. All the above |
17. a) Rural areas are often economically disadvantaged.
b) Rural poverty rates are typically higher than urban poverty rates.
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Only a is correct | b. Only b is correct |
| c. Both a and b are correct | d. Both a and b are incorrect |
18. a) Good Governance emphasizes the protection and promotion of human rights and social justice.
b) Good Governance does not recognize the importance of economic sustainability in the governance process.
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Only a is correct | b. Only b is correct |
| c. Both a and b are correct | d. Both a and b are incorrect |

19. a) In PRA the mapping is done only by experts
b) It is not drawn to scale
a. Only a is correct
c. Both a and b are correct
b. Only b is correct
d. Both a and b are incorrect
20. The 73rd Amendment Act was enacted in.....
a. 1991
c. 1992
b. 1993
d. 1994

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Define PRA. What are the key principles of PRA? Explain any three of the tools of PRA. 1+3+6=10

2. a) Explain the evolution of Public administration. 5+5=10
b) Write a short note on Good governance.

3. What is Community Organization? Elaborate the models of CO given by Rothman. 3+7=10

4. Briefly discuss the importance of Rural Planning for rural development. Explain the structure of PRI. 4+6=10

5. Explain the accountability mechanism in DRDA. Why is accountability crucial in rural planning? 8+2=10

6. Write the advantages and disadvantages of centralized and decentralized rural planning. 5+5=10

7. What is Development administration? Explain its features. 2+8=10

8. In PRA, the role of the villagers is not only that of an informant but also that of a partner. Justify. 10

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