MA GEOGRAPHY Fourth Semester (Repeat) REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY (INDIA & NORTH EAST INDIA) (MGE – 401)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20 Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 8 Question no. 1 is compulsory.

- 1. Divide India into physiographic divisions. Mention the salient characteristics of any one of them. Give support of diagram. (5+5=10)
- 2. Compare the different characteristics between the north and the south Indian drainages. Why mega dams are discouraged on the north Indian drainages?

(6+4=10)

- 3. Explain the mechanism of Indian Monsoon. What are the causes of uneven distribution of rainfall pattern in the state? (5+5=10)
- 4. Mention physiographic divisions of North East India. Describe anyone of them.

(4+6=10)

- 5. "For balanced regional growth, agro-climatic zonal planning has been considered as an effective approach"-Explain with proper map. (7+3=10)
- 6. Write short notes on: (any two)

(5+5=10)

- i. Age sex composition
- ii. Religious composition
- iii. Linguistic composition

- 7. 'India offers unity among diversity'---Explain. Give support of the map of India. (7+3=10)
- 8. Classify soil as a physiographic characteristic in Indian landmass. Give support of map of India. (7+3=10)

D. Rice

2017/08

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						(N	AGE – 401)		
Dui	ration:	20 m	inutes		(PA	RT A	- Objective Ty	ne)	Marks - 20
I. C	hoose t	he co	rrect a	nswer				μ.,	1×20=20
	Choose the correct answer: Arrange the following horizon i. Nepal Himalayas iii. Himachal Himalayas v. Assam Himalayas					ii. U.	ons of the Himal P. Himalayas ashmir Himalay		
	Codes:								
	A. B. C. D.	1 3 4 2	2 4 3 1	3 1 2 4	4 2 1 3	5 3 5 5			
2.	Mahi, I A. Bun B. Ara C. Satp D. Vin	idelkh valli oura ra	and	are the	names	of riv	ers found in:		
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4.	Only w A. Mal B. Nar C. Nar D. Mal	nanad mada mada	i and C and Ma and Ta	auvery ahanad pti		sular	India are:		
5.	A. Cot B. Mill C. Rub	ton lets	are su	itable f	or:				

- 6. Which one of the following are distributaries of the Barak river?
 - A. Meghna and Jamuna
 - B. Surma and Kusiyara
 - C. Padma and Karnaphuli
 - D. None
- 7. Which is the main river emerging from the northern slopes of Barail?
 - A. Dhansiri
 - B. Diyung
 - C. Jiri
 - D. Surma
- 8. Which river forms the border between Karbi Anlong district of Assam and Nagaland?
 - A. Makru
 - B. Dhansiri
 - C. Kopili
 - D. None
- 9. In Himalaya the Patkai hill ranges are located at:
 - A. North East
 - B. North West
 - C. West
 - D. North
- 10. The McMohan Line was determined as per Simla Agreement of 1914 between:
 - A. India and Tibet
 - B. India and Nepal
 - C. India and Myanmar
 - D. India and China
- 11. Due to head erosion of Kapili and Dhansiri river the Karbi plateau is detached from:
 - A. Meghalaya plateau
 - B. Tibetan plateau
 - C. Deccan plateau
 - D. None of These
- 12. Which of the following is the oldest part of the Himalayas?
 - A. Middle Himalayas
 - B. Greater Himalayas
 - C. Lower Himalayas
 - D. Trans Himalayas
- 13. 'Barind' plains in the deltaic region of Bengal is an another name of:
 - A. Bhabar
 - B. Bhangar
 - C. Terai
 - D. Khadar

14. Which of the following is not a part of Great Plains?	14	Which	of the	following	is not a p	art of Great	Plains?
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- A. Punjab-Haryana plain
- B. Marusthali and Bagar areas of Rajasthan
- C. The Brahmaputra valley of Assam
- D. The lowland of Chambal Basin of M.P.

15. The famous valley of Kashmir lies between:

- A. Pir Panjal and Westerly range of the Himadri
- B. Karakoram and Pirpanjal
- C. Karakoram and Jaskar range
- D. None of these

16.In NE India the highest Urban Sex-ratio is in:

- A. Mizoram
- B. Nagaland
- C. Assam
- D. Arunachal

17.Khasi and Jaintia are descendents of:

- A. Mon Khamer speaking Astro-Asiatics
- B. Mongoloids speaking Sino-Tibetan
- C. Indo Aryans speaking Vedic Sanskrit
- D. Austro-Asiatic speaking Mundari

18. The population density per square kilometer according to 2011 census is:

- A. 352
- B. 362
- C. 372
- D. 382

19.In which years did the population of India decline?

- A. 1901-11
- B. 1911-21
- C. 1921-31
- D. 1941-51

20. Which one is the oldest refinery of India?

- A. Digboi
- B. Vishakhapatnam
- C. Koyali
- D. Madras



University of Science and Technology, Meghalaya

ESSION 2016-17				
OURSEPAPER CODE:				
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calculations must be scored out before submitting the answer			Name of the Paper	
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5. Do not bring any book or loose paper in the examination				
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5. Do not tear any page from the answer booklet.	For Descriptive Type			
	Questions			
7. Do not write anything on the question paper or blotting	Question No.	Marks		
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