Duration: 3 hrs.

c. Chemoprophylaxis

D.PHARM. FIRST YEAR SOCIAL PHARMACY ER 20-15T [SPECIAL REPEAT] (USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

2024/07 SET A

Full Marks: 80

1×20=20

[PART-A: Objective]

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1.	is the part of health economics that deals with the evaluation of the costs and consequences of therapeutic decision making.				
	a. Cost of drug	b. Pharmacoeconomics			
	c. Utility unit	d. Cost effective analysis			
2.	Is not included in the Central Level Health System.				
	a. Health and Family Welfare Service	b. Central Council of Health			
	c. Union Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	d. All of the above			
3.	National Tuberculosis Program (NTP) was launched in the year.				
	a. 1962	b. 1982			
	c. 1955	d. 1983			
	C. 1955	u. 1983			
4.	Pulse Polio Immunisation (PPI) was launched in India in the year				
	a. 1995	b. 1983			
	c. 1997	d. 1955			
5.	The causative agent of syphilis is?				
	a. Treponema pallidum	b. Human papilloma virus			
	c. Mallusecum contagiosm	d. Trichomoniasis			
6.	most commonly affects the urogenite				
	a. Syphillis	b. AIDS			
	c. Gonorrhea	d. scabies			
7.	is a muscular disease in which the mu	iscles become stiff			
	a. Leprosy	b. AIDS			
	c. Tetanus	d. Gonorrhea			
	c. retailus	d. Golloffilea			
8.	3. The causative agent of tetanus iswhich releases an exotoxin.				
	a. Treponema Pallidum	b. Mycobacterum leprae			
	c. Molluscum contagiosm	d. Clostridium tetanus			
9.					
	a. Mantoux test	b. BCG vaccine			
	ar manous test	J. Des racent			

d. All of the these

10.	Hepatitis virus mainly transmits by. a. Sexual transmission c. Blood and blood products	b. Mother to foetusd. Faecal oral route
11.	The causative agent of measles is? a. Salmonella typhimurium c. Vibrio cholerae	b. Mycobacterium tuberculosisd. RNA Paramyxovirus
12.	Lack of water results in? a. Mal functions of heart c. High blood pressure	b. Kidney failured. All of the above
13.	is required for growth and fertility?a. Iodinec. Zinc	b. Seleniumd. Fluoride
14.	Carbohydrate is required by the moderate a. 1500-2000 kcal/day c. 2500-2800 kcal/day	nctive females? b. 2500-3000 kcal/day d. 1500-2500 kcal/day
15.	stage of demographic cycle is also known. Third c. First	wa high stationary stage? b. Second d. Fourth
16.	First stage of demographic cycle is also kno a. Late expanding stage c. Low stationary stage	wn as? b. High stationary state d. Declining stage
17.	An expert committee of the WHO defined f a. 1970 c. 1971	amily planning in? b. 1976 d. 1980
18.	indicators are not directly used for meathe indicators of healthcare? a. Socio-economic c. Health policy	b. Nutritional status d. Environment
19.	are used for improving the mortality of be property described? a. Mortality	data so that the status of a population
20.	c. Morbidity indicatorsis a connecting link between physiological connections.	b. Healthcare delivery d. Life expectancy
	a. Physical health c. Mental health	b. Social health d. Spiritual health

(PART-B: Short Answers)

	[Answer any ten (10) from the following]	[3x10=30]
1.	Write a note on role of pharmacist in public health?	3
2.	Write a note on ill effects of infant milk substitutes and bottle feeding?	3
3.	Write a note on social impact of drug abuse habits on social health and productivity and suicidal behavior?	3
4.	Define balance diet. Write a note on health benefits of balance diet?	1+2=3
5.	Define contact tracing, mode of transmission and morbidity?	1+1+1 =3
6.	What are the causative of Measles, Rubella and Mumps diseases?	1+1+1 =3
7.	Write a note on health care system in India?	3
8.	Define food adulteration. Write a note on artificial ripening?	1+2=3
9.	Define epidemiology. Write a causative agent and clinical presentation of leprosy?	1+2=3
10.	Define opportunity cost, incremental analysis and cost benefit analysis?	1+1+1=3
11.	Write an explanatory note on importance of pharmacoeconomics?	3

(PART-C: Long Answers)

[Answer any six (6) from the following] [5x6=30]1+4=5 1. Define concept of health. Write a note on different types of health? 2. Define vaccine? Write a note on types of immunity and 1+3+1 =5 immunization? 1+4=5 3. Define nutrition and write a note on different types of macronutrition? 1+4=5 4. Define fortification of food. Write note on different type's food fortification? 1+1+1+1 5. Define epidemiology. Write a clinical presentation of chickenpox, +1=5 diphtheria, typhoid and Ebola? 5 6. Write a note on national health program in India? 2+3=5 7. Explain in details about STDs, HIV/AIDS?

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