

MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK
SECOND SEMESTER
INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES AND DEVELOPMENT DISCOURSE
MSW – 205 (REPEAT)
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

**SET
A**

Duration: 1:30 hrs.

Full Marks: 35

Time: 15 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 10

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

- Which term refers to the process of tribes regaining their traditional customs and practices?
 - Detribalization
 - Sanskritization
 - Retribalization
 - Urbanization
- Which process involves tribes adopting customs and practices of dominant cultures?
 - Retribalization
 - Detribalization
 - Sanskritization
 - Urbanization
- Which Indian state is primarily home to the konyak tribe ?
 - Arunachal Pradesh
 - Nagaland
 - Manipur
 - Mizoram
- What is a significant component of tribal social organizations?
 - Tribal council
 - Yuvagruh
 - Customary laws
 - Economic forms
- Which aspect is NOT typically included in tribal social organizations?
 - Marriage
 - Religion
 - Political parties
 - Kinship
- What is the primary purpose of tribal art in cultural practices?
 - Economic production
 - Religious expression
 - Political activism
 - Entertainment

7. How do tribal dialects contribute to cultural diversity?
- a. They hinder communication
 - b. They promote assimilation
 - c. They preserve linguistic uniqueness
 - d. They have no impact on cultural diversity
8. What role do tribal drama and storytelling play in cultural transmission?
- a. They promote assimilation
 - b. They preserve historical narratives
 - c. They encourage isolation
 - d. They have no role in cultural transmission
9. What is the primary difference between detribalization and retribalization?
- a. Detribalization leads to loss of tribal identity, while retribalization strengthens it
 - b. Detribalization promotes urbanization, while retribalization promotes rural living
 - c. Detribalization encourages economic development, while retribalization hinders it
 - d. Detribalization is a natural process, while retribalization is forced
10. How do tribal perspectives differ from British perspectives on tribes?
- a. Tribes view themselves as primitive, while the British view them as advanced
 - b. Tribes view themselves as equals, while the British view them as inferior
 - c. Tribes view themselves as independent, while the British view them as dependent
 - d. Tribes view themselves as urban, while the British view them as rural

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(Descriptive)

Time: 1 hr. 15 mins.

Marks: 25

[Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest]

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| 1. Explain six characteristics of tribe of India | 5 |
| 2. Define tribe. Explain the constitutional meaning of tribe in India. | 5+5=10 |
| 3. What is a tribal council, and what role does it play in tribal governance? Discuss the importance of folklore and dialects in preserving tribal heritage. | 5+5=10 |
| 4. Explain the concept of kinship and its importance in tribal societies. | 10 |
| 5. How do tribal communities practice their religion and customary traditions? | 10 |

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