

**MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK  
SECOND SEMESTER  
WORKING WITH GROUPS  
MSW – 201**  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET  
A**

**Duration: 3hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**Time: 20 min.**

**( Objective )**

**Marks: 20**

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1×20=20**

- Which one of the following is a 'secondary group'?
  - Nuclear family
  - Peer group
  - Association
  - Joint family
- The success of group work does NOT depend on?
  - Achievement of goals
  - Understanding and agreement on major problems
  - Handling of behavioural problems
  - Ignoring individual problems
- Leader in a group does NOT depend on?
  - Authoritarian Approach
  - Distribution of responsibility
  - Rapport with individual
  - Understanding group dynamics
- Who among the following helped group work rooted in social work profession?
  - Kurt Lewin
  - H.B. Trecker
  - Murry G. Ross
  - G. Hamilton
- Responsibility for the choice of programme in group work rest with \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Members of the group
  - Group worker
  - The Agency
  - Members of the group with the help of group worker
- The basic objective of group work is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Personality development
  - Problem solving
  - Readjustment
  - Remediation
- Value of the programme in group work lies in?
  - Establishing satisfying affective (love) relationship.
  - Enhancing knowledge of possible alternative activities.
  - Giving expression to creative dynamics drives.
  - Increasing proficiency in the chosen programme activity.

8. Programme in social group work is base on \_\_\_\_\_?
- Interest and resources.
  - Interests and resources of the group.
  - Development of democratic life style
  - Development of leadership qualities.
9. Social group work as a method of social work aims at\_\_\_\_\_.
- Development of capability of adjustment
  - All the above.
10. Group morale refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Cooperation in a group.
  - Coordination in a group.
  - Unity in a group.
  - Team spirit in a group.
11. Which of the following is NOT a principle of social group work?
- Confidentiality.
  - Guided group interactions.
  - Progressive programme development.
  - Evaluation of the progress made by the group.
12. Who was an early pioneer in the settlement house movement in London?
- Jane Addams.
  - Harriet Belet.
  - F. Hollis.
  - Mary E. Richmond.
13. The book "Social Group Work - A Helping Process" is authored by?
- H.B. Trecker.
  - G. Konopka.
  - G.H. Mead.
  - Peter Samuel.
14. Self- disclosure is an effective method of\_\_\_\_\_.
- Group study.
  - Group diagnosis.
  - Group relations.
  - Group treatment.
15. The stages of forming, storming, norming, performing, adjourning is the contribution of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Napier.
  - Bruce Tuckmen.
  - Anne Hopes.
  - James Albert.
16. The relationship in a secondary group is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Personal.
  - Intimate.
  - Formal.
  - Informal.

17. \_\_\_\_\_ is a graphic representation of the choices or the association of group members using symbols for people and their interactions.
- a. Histogram
  - b. Sociogram
  - c. Sonogram
  - d. Isogram
18. No compromise on law is characteristic of \_\_\_\_\_ leadership.
- a. Democratic
  - b. Autocratic
  - c. Bureaucratic
  - d. Laissz Faire
19. Field work in social group work helps to acquire\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Knowledge
  - b. Skill
  - c. Attitude
  - d. All the above
20. The Mutual Aid Model of group work practice has its roots in the practice theory proposed by\_\_\_\_\_.
- a. H.B. Trecker
  - b. Konopka
  - c. William Schwartz
  - d. Naiper

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hr. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any Four (4) from the rest]

1. Write " concept of Group Work", Explain group work objectives. 5+5=10
  
2. a. Write the principles of Group work practice. 5+5=10  
b. Explain the application of principle of Resource Utilization.
  
3. a. Discuss the roles of the group worker in different field setting. 5+5=10  
b. Social group as an instrument of change. Comment
  
4. Write short notes on the following: 5+5=10  
a. Skills of the worker.  
b. Techniques of social group work.
  
5. a. Briefly explain Tuckman's stages of group formation. 5+5=10  
b. What are the principles you would apply during the pre-group formation stage? Discuss.
  
6. Elaborate the phases of group work practice. 10
  
7. a. Are you a good social worker? Justify 5+5=10  
b. Briefly explain programme media.
  
8. a. Discuss the applicable theories in group work practice. 5+5=10  
b. Write short note on social groups.

== \*\* \*\* ==