

**BA PSYCHOLOGY**  
**FIRST SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT]**  
**BASIC PSYCHOLOGICAL PROCESSES -I**  
**BPY – 101**

**SET**  
**A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

( PART-A: Objective )

Time : 30 min.

Marks : 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1 × 20 = 20**

- Clinical Psychology deals with the practical aspect of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Abnormal Psychology
  - Educational Psychology
  - Child Psychology
  - Experimental Psychology
- Who is the first woman, awarded Ph. D in psychology?
  - Anna Freud
  - Margaret Floy Washburn
  - Melanie Klein
  - Karen Horney
- Study of gender difference is the subject matter of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Industrial and Organisational Psychology
  - Social Psychology
  - Developmental Psychology
  - Clinical Psychology
- Who is a famous psycholinguistic?
  - Gardner
  - Alan Newell
  - A. Simon
  - Noam Chomsky
- Who is credited for setting up the first psychological laboratory in United States?
  - Willhelm Wundt
  - Charles Darwin
  - J. B. Watson
  - William James
- Abraham Maslow and Carl Roger were the founder of \_\_\_\_\_ approach.
  - Developmental approach
  - Biological approach
  - Humanistic approach
  - Socio-cultural approach
- Which of the following glands are located at the upper end of the kidney?
  - Pituitary
  - Thyroid
  - Parathyroid
  - Adrenal
- The endocrine glands are otherwise known as
  - Duct glands
  - Ductless glands
  - Salivary glands
  - Sex glands
- The space between neurons which chemical messengers pass is called
  - Chemical receptor site
  - Synaptic gap
  - Neurotransmitter
  - Axon -dendrite gap
- The band of nerves that connects the left and right cerebral hemispheres is called
  - Cortex
  - Corpus callosum
  - Lateralization connector
  - Neural pathway

11. The simplest kind of learning is called \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Modeling
  - b. Conditioning
  - c. Observational learning
  - d. Concept learning
12. The word "positive" in the term "positive reinforcement" refers to...
- a. Pleasant emotions
  - b. The scientist's assumption that the procedure will increase frequency of behavior
  - c. The application or addition of a stimulus to a situation
  - d. An excitatory influence on neurons
13. Observational learning is also known as
- a. Imitation
  - b. Social learning
  - c. Both
  - d. None
14. Partial or complete loss of memory is called
- a. Agnosia
  - b. Atasia
  - c. Amnesia
  - d. None of the above
15. The situation of feeling certain we know a specific name or word, yet being unable to recall it immediately, has been called the
- a. Deja vu
  - b. Tip of the tongue
  - c. Amnesia
  - d. None of the above
16. As the basal metabolic rate decreases, the weight set point
- a. Decreases
  - b. Increases
  - c. Stays the same
  - d. Varies up and down
17. What concept of motivation has been explained by Sigmund Freud?
- a. Drive
  - b. Incentive
  - c. Instinct
  - d. Need for Power
18. Who is the first person to claim that there are 18 instincts in human beings?
- a. Freud
  - b. Maslow
  - c. McDougall
  - d. Bernard
19. Which of the following is NOT one of the three elements of emotion?
- a. Subjective experience
  - b. Attention
  - c. Behavior
  - d. Physical reaction
20. In the \_\_\_\_\_ theory of emotion, the most important aspect of an emotional experience is the interpretation, or appraisal, of the stimulus
- a. Cognitive -mediational
  - b. James-Lange
  - c. Cannon-Bard
  - d. Facial feedback

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**( PART-B : Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

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|---|--------|
| 1. Write briefly about Pavlov's classical conditioning experiment. Summarize the factors affecting learning.                  | 4+6=10 |
| 2. Explain the concept of correlation. Does correlation means causation? How is a problem in psychological research selected? | 2+8=10 |
| 3. Why is psychology a science?   | 10     |
| 4. Distinguish between positive and negative reinforcement. how reinforcement is different from punishment                    | 5+5=10 |
| 5. What is the function of glial cells? explain the function of sympathetic nervous system                                    | 5+5=10 |
| 6. What are the major types of interference? Suggest few ways to improve memory?  | 3+7=10 |
| 7. How do they motives affect behavior? state the cannon - Bard theory  | 10     |
| 8. Identify the three major regions of the brain. What is the function of the cerebral cortex?                                | 6+4=10 |

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