REV-01 BSW/24/003

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK FOURTH SEMESTER SOCIAL WORK WITH COMMUNITIES BSW-402

USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PARTI

Full Marks: 70

2024/05

SET

Duration: 3hrs.

Time: 30 min.

Objective

Choose the correct answer from the following:

Marks: 20 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 1. What distinguishes a community from a society? a. Size of the population
 - b. Geographical location
 - c. Shared values and interests
- d. Economic activities
- 2. Which of the following is an example of a closed community?
 - a. A small town with diverse cultural
 - c. An urban neighborhood with transient residents
- b. A religious commune with strict entry criteria
- d. A volunteer organization with open membership
- 3. Who among the following advocated for the "Bhoodan Movement" as a means of social transformation?
 - a. M.K. Gandhi
 - c. Ambedkar

- b. Vinoba Bhave
- d. All of the above
- 4. In a community with a decentralized power structure:
 - a. Power is concentrated in the hands of b. Power is evenly distributed among all a single leader
- members
- c. Power is determined by age and d. Power is influenced by external agencies
- 5. Which factor is often a barrier to challenging existing power structures in a community?
 - a. Social media activism
- b. Fear of retaliation
- c. Strong democratic institutions
- d. Access to resources
- 6. Which factor is least likely to escalate a conflict within a community?
 - a. Scarce resources

b. Ideological differences

c. Strong leadership

- d. Mutual understanding
- 7. What is a potential consequence of prolonged community conflict?
 - a. Increased social cohesion
- b. Distrust among community members
- c. Enhanced cooperation
- d. Economic prosperity

- 8. What is the primary method of social work that emphasizes grassroots-level engagement and empowerment?
 - a. Individual counseling
- b. Community organization

d. Research studies

- c. Legislative advocacy
- 9. In community organization, what does the term "empowerment" refer to?
 - a. Delegating authority to external agencies.
- b. Strengthening the capacity of individuals and groups to take control over their lives.
- c. Controlling access to resources within the community.
- d. Exercising power over community decisions.
- 10. How does the power structure within a community impact social work interventions?
 - a. It has no influence on interventions
- b. It shapes the accessibility of resources and decision-making processes
- c. It determines the length of interventions.
- d. It controls the legal framework of interventions
- 11. How does community organization differ from individual casework in social work
 - a. It focuses on broader social change rather than individual needs
- b. It involves working with one person at a time.
 - c. It does not require collaboration with d. It prioritizes immediate solutions over community leaders.
 - long term impact.
- 12. How does the practice of community organization vary when applied to children's
 - making processes
 - a. By excluding children from decision- b. By prioritizing child rights and participation
 - c. By neglecting child-specific issues
- d. By relying solely on adult perspectives
- 13. What is an essential consideration when applying community organization principles to women's settings?
 - a. Ignoring gender disparities.
- c. Excluding women from decisionmaking processes.
- b. Empowering women and addressing gender-based issues.
- Promoting patriarchal norms.
- 14. When practicing community organization in settings involving the aged, what is a key principle?
 - a. Promoting age discrimination
- b. Valuing the experiences and contributions of older adults
- c. Neglecting elder care services
- d. Excluding older adults from social activities.

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	a. Max Weber. c. Paulo Freire.	b. Saul Alinsky d. All of the above			
16.	Which method of social work practice focuses on grassroots activism and mobilizing communities for social change?				
	a. Social action	b. Community Organization			
	c. Individual counseling	d. Legislative advocacy			
	c. marriagar counsening	d. Legislative advocacy			
17.	What is the ultimate goal of using PRA tools in social work practice?				
	 To maintain professional control over community initiatives. 				
	c. To minimize community involvement in decision-making.	 d. To rely solely on quantitative data for assessments. 			
18.	Which PRA tool involves visualizing commschools, and health facilities?	nunity resources such as water sources,			
	a. Social mapping.	b. Resource mapping.			
	c. Venn diagram.	d. Focus group discussions.			
19	What does a transect walk aim to accomplis	h in PRA2			
	a. Collecting household income data.	b. Identifying natural resources and land use patterns.			
	c. Conducting health screenings.	d. Distributing survey questionnaires.			
20.	In PRA, what is the purpose of using seaso				
	a. To track community events and festivals.	b. To monitor changes in weather patterns.			
	c. To understand seasonal activities and resource availability.	d. To plan agricultural interventions.			

15. Who is known for their contributions to social action as a method of social work

practice?

Descriptive

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any Four (4) from the rest] 1. Define community organization by Murray G. Ross. Explain any six 5+5=10 principles of community organization. 2. How does H.Y. Siddiqui's model of Community Organization 10 emphasize cultural competence and diversity? 3. Explain about the approaches to community work by Mahatma Gandhi 5+5=10 & Vinoba Bhave 4. What do you mean by community? Discuss different types of 10 communities in details. 5. What is PRA? Explain the tools of PRA. 5+5=10 6. In what ways can social workers apply the principles of social action 10 advocated by Max Weber, Saul Alinsky, and Paulo Freire in their practice? 7. What factors influence the power structure within a community, and 10 how does this structure impact decision-making and resource distribution? 8. How do community conflicts arise, and what are some common factors 5+5=10 that contribute to their escalation? How can social workers and community leaders effectively Address and manage conflicts within a community to promote harmony and cooperation?

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