

BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY  
FIRST SEMESTER  
SOCIOLOGY  
BPT – 104

**SET  
C**

(USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

Time : 30 min.

**( Objective )**

Marks : 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1×20=20*

1. Scientific examination of human behavior is -
  - a. Civic sense
  - b. Anthropology
  - c. Social Science
  - d. None of the above
2. Which is not achieved status?
  - a. Marital status
  - b. Occupation
  - c. Racial status
  - d. Education
3. Which class is backward according to Constitution?
  - a. Those who don't have money
  - b. Religious minority classes
  - c. Untouchable groups
  - d. Those who are backward Socially and educationally
4. When did the term sociology coined?
  - a. 1838
  - b. 1650
  - c. 1732
  - d. 1835
5. Handing down of opinion, customs, beliefs from generation to generation is known as-
  - a. Tradition
  - b. Taboos
  - c. Customs
  - d. Folkways
6. What should be done to uplift the Harijans?
  - a. Caste system should be abolished
  - b. Lower occupations should be stopped
  - c. All of these
  - d. Disabilities should be eradicated
7. Age, sex and caste are set by-
  - a. Achieved
  - b. Ascribed
  - c. Per-set
  - d. status-set
8. The father of sociology is-
  - a. Auguste Comte
  - b. Herbert Spencer
  - c. Max Weber
  - d. Emile Durkheim
9. Sociology is an academic discipline that is concerned with the functions, processes and structures of-
  - a. Community
  - b. Social institutions
  - c. Groups
  - d. Society

10. ....is the study of social processes-
- |              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| a. Biology   | b. Physiotherapy |
| c. Sociology | d. History       |
11. What is Gender?
- |                         |                       |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Biological construct | b. Social construct   |
| c. Individual construct | d. Familial construct |
12. Sociology is an academic discipline that is concerned with the functions, processes and structures of-
- |              |                        |
|--------------|------------------------|
| a. Community | b. Social institutions |
| c. Groups    | d. Society             |
13. When a married couple live near or with brides parents, then it is known as?
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| a. Matrilineal | b. Matriarchal |
| c. Matrilocal  | d. Patrilocal  |
14. Which is the measure taken by Government to protect downtrodden to discriminate from other communities?
- |                   |                              |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| a. Financial help | b. Reservation Policy        |
| c. Isolation      | d. Protective discrimination |
15. Which is the effect of over-population?
- |                           |                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. Population and poverty | b. Low per capita income |
| c. Shortage of food       | d. All of the above      |
16. Which is not a remedial measure for unemployment?
- |                      |                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Political Reforms | b. Education Reforms  |
| c. Five-Year Plans   | d. Population Control |
17. Which is not the ascribed status?
- |                |                   |
|----------------|-------------------|
| a. Sex         | b. Age            |
| c. Nationality | d. Marital Status |
18. Sex ratio means \_\_\_\_\_
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a. Difference between birth rate and death rate | b. Number of females per thousand males |
| c. Number of females per hundred males          | d. The study of population growth       |
19. Which one of these is not a cause of poverty in India?
- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| a. Low level of economic development | b. Migration of people from rural to urban India |
| c. Income inequalities               | d. Unequal distribution of land                  |
20. What is the average calorie requirement in India in urban areas (per person per day)?
- |                            |                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. 2000 cal / person / day | b. 2100 cal / person / day |
| c. 2300 cal / person / day | d. 2400 cal / person / day |

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. Discuss why we need application knowledge of sociology in physiotherapy. 10
2. Define social groups and social group in hospitals and rehabilitation settings 3+7=10
3. Define social change and factors of social change. 3+7=10
4. Define Community. What are its characteristics 5+5=10
5. Explain the difference between rural and urban communities. 10
6. What is the difference between caste and class? 10
7. What is Socialization? Explain with examples 10
8. Explain four types of social problems. Suggest some remedial measures or laws enacted to reduce those problems 5+5=10

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