# MA GEOGRAPHY <br> First Semester (Repeat) <br> CLIMATOLOGY \& OCEANOGRAPHY <br> (MGE - 02) 

Duration: 3Hrs.
Full Marks: 70
Part-A (Objective) $=20$
Part-B (Descriptive) $=50$

## (PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: $\mathbf{2}$ hrs. 40 mins.
Marks: 50

## Answer any four from Question no. 2 to 8 Question no. 1 is compulsory.

1. Define climatology. Explain its scope in terms of applied climatology. $(3+7=10)$
2. Distinguish between airmass and front. Provide classification of any one of them with suitable diagrams.
3. What are the basis of climatic classification? Explain. Put forward Koeppen's climatic classification.
4. What is the basic composition of atmospheric gases? Incoming solar radiationoutgoing solar radiation $=0$, explain.
5. Put forward justified explanations about characteristics of ocean waters. Brief about oceans of the world.
6. Define ocean dynamics. Brief about oceanic ice.
7. Distinguish between Continental Shelf and Continental Slope. Briefly discuss the topography of the floor of the Pacific Ocean.
$(5+5=10)$
8. What do you mean by Ocean dumping? Describe the different causes of Marine pollutions with suitable examples.

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Duration: 20 minutes
Marks - 20

## (PART A - Objective Type)

## I. Tick $(\sqrt{ })$ the correct answer: <br> $1 \times 20=20$

1. In Yogoslavia Mediterranean wind is called-
a) Mistral
b) Bora
c) Pampero
d) Gibli
2. Java has a world record of an average of............days thunderstorms per year.
a) 300 days
b) 322 days
c) 365 days
d) 330 days
3. Doldrums in equatorial climate is a-
a) Disturbed areas
b) Calm areas
c) Rainfall zones
d) Cyclone zones
4. Wind rose represents-
a) Wind data
b) Wind turbulance
c) Wind pressure
d) Wind temperature
5. Which of the following winds is called anti-trade wind?
a) Chinook
b) Cyclone
c) Typhoon
d) Westerlies
6. Trade winds are due to-
a) Conduction
b) Convection
c) Radiation
d) Scattering
7. A wall of sea water in Bay of Fundy is called-
a) Neap tide
b) Tidal bore
c) Spring tide
d) Frontal rainfall
8. What is the cause behind frontal rain?
a) Tropical air meets cold polar air
b) Cold air from sea
c) Convection currents
d) None of these
9. Atmospheric pressure generated on the earth's surface is due to-
a) Earth's rotation
b) Earth's revolution
c) Gravitational force
d) None of these
10. Blizzards are characteristic feature of-
a) Equatorial region
b) Tropical region
c) Antarctic region
d) Temperate region
11. Which of the following belt is called doldrum?
a) Equatorial Low pressure belt.
b) Sub tropical high pressure belt
c) Sub polar low pressure belt
d) None of these

Dynamic cyclones affect the weather conditions of very large areas in-
a) Polar latitudes
b) Equatorial latitudes
c) Mid-latitudes
d) None of these
13.Match the following:

## Climatic Types

A) Af Climate
B) Aw Climate
C) Am Climate
D) As Climate

## Their Characteristics

1. Humid Tropical Climate
2. Tropical Humid and Dry climate
3. Monsoon Climate
4. Dry Summers

Codes:

|  | A) | B) | C) | D) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| a) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| b) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| c) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| d) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |

14.The paths of the surface planetary winds are curved due to Earth's-
a) Revolution
b) Rotation
c) Circumference
d) Size
15. When there is an active upward ascent of lighter warm air over the cold dense air, the front is called-
a) Cold front
b) Warm front
c) Occluded front
d) None of these
16. Which two gases have been added to Earth's atmosphere in large amounts and are believed to have increased global warming by absorbing infrared radiation?
a) Chlorine and Nitrogen
b) Hydrogen and Helium
c) Methane and Carbon dioxide
d) Neon and Argon
17. Clouds and ground reflection loss of radiant energy of the Sun is-
a) $19.5 \%$
b) $25 \%$
c) $27.3 \%$
d) None of these
18. Any object moving horizontally in the northern hemisphere tends to deflect to the-
a) Left
b) Centre
c) Right
d) None of these
19. Instrument used for the measurement of wind speed is called-
a) Altimeter
b) Barometer
c) Anemometer
d) None of these
20.Radiation coming from the sun is-
a) Long wave
b) Short wave
c) Medium wave
d) None of these

