## LLB THIRD SEMESTER LAW OF EVIDENCE LLB – 301 [REPEAT] JUSE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

## Choose the correct answer from the following:

owing: 1×20=20

- 1. Under Section 8 of Evidence Act .....is relevant
  - a. Motive

b. Preparation

c. Previous Conduct

- d. Motive, preparation and previous conduct
- 2. The fact which forms part of the same transaction are relevant under
  - a. Section 5

b. Section 6

c. Section 7

d. Section 8

- 3. Admissions
  - a. Must be in writing
    - riting
- b. Must be oral
- c. Must be in gestures
- d. Either oral or in writing
- 4. A dying declaration to be admissible
  - a. Must be made before a Magistrate
  - Maybe made before a doctor or a private person
- b. Must be made before a police officer
- d. May be made either before a magistrate or a police officer or a doctor or a private person.
- A confession made while in police custody is admissible under section 26 of The Evidence Act if
  - a. Made in the presence of a Magistrate
- b. Made in the presence of a private person
- c. Made in presence of a doctor
- d. All of the above

- 6. Facts can be
  - a. Physical facts
  - c. Both a and b

- b. Psychological facts
- d. None
- 7. Under section 45 of Evidence Act, the opinion of expert can be for
  - a. Identity of hand writing
- b. Identity of finger impression
   d. None

c. Both a and b

- u. None
- 8. Opinion of an 'expert under section 45 of Evidence Act
  - a. Is a conclusive proof

- b. Is corroborative in nature
- c. Is not conclusive in nature
- d. Either a or c

	Facts which need not be proved by the para. Facts of which judicial notice has to be taken  c. Both a & b  Oral evidence under section 60 of Evidence a. Direct	<ul> <li>b. Facts which have been admitted by the parties at or before the hearing</li> <li>d. Neither a nor b</li> <li>e Act may be-</li> <li>b. Hearsay</li> </ul>
	c. Both a and b	d. Either a or b
11.	a. By primary evidence c. Either by primary or by secondary evidence	b. By secondary evidence d. None
12.	Burden of proof under section 101 of Evid  a. Never shifts  c. May shift	ence Act- b. Goes on shifting as the trial proceeds d. Both a and c are correct
13.	Burden of introducing evidence under sec a. Never shifts c. Constantly shifts	tion 102 of Evidence Act- b. Occasionally shifts d. Both b and c
14.	In criminal trials, the onus is on the accuse a. Any of the general exception c. Any of the proviso to any provision	<ul> <li>d to prove that his case falls in-</li> <li>b. Any of the special exception</li> <li>d. All the above.</li> </ul>
15.	Section 108 of Evidence Act relates to- a. Presumption of death c. Presumption of Landlord and tenant	b. Presumption of life d. Presumption of ownership
16.	For presumption under section 107 of Evic alive- a. Within 7 years c. Within 3 years	dence Act, the person is to be shown to be  b. Within 12 years d. Within 30 years
17.	The doctrine of <i>estoppel</i> is contained in- a. Section 112 of Evidence Act c. Section 114 of Evidence Act	b. Section 113 of Evidence Act d. Section 115 of Evidence Act
18.	A person is competent to testify- a. If he understands the question put to him c. If has both a& b	b. If he is able to give rational awareness to those questions     d. None
19.	Photostat copy of family settlement is allowa. Primary Evidence c. Electronic evidence	wed to be produced before court as- b. Secondary evidence d. None
20.	Law of evidence is- a. Lex tallienis c. Lexfori	b. Lex loci solutionis d. Lex situs

## [ Descriptive ]

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. Marks: 50

## [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Explain the purpose, scope and objectives of Law of Evidence?	10
2.	Explain the kinds of evidences.	10
3.	Elaborate Principle of Res Gestae.	10
4.	What is Dying declaration? Whether dying declaration is evidence? Explain	3+7=10
5.	Under Section 56 of IEA, "Facts judicially noticeable need not be proved". What is 'taking judicial notice'?	10
6.	Explain in details the provisions of "Burden of Proof" under the law of evidence.	10
7.	Who is a witness? Can a 5 year old child depose evidence? Explain with the help of case laws.	3+7=10
8.	Explain why Hearsay is no evidence? Give case law.	10

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