REV-00 MEV/19/24

#### 2017/12

#### M. Sc. Environmental Science

#### FIRST SEMESTER

### **ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY**

## **MEV - 102**

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 70

Marks: 50

Part : A (Objective) = 20 Part : B (Descriptive) = 50

## [PART-B: Descriptive]

### Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

### [Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	What do you mean by Green Chemistry? Write about the principles of Green Chemistry.	4+6 = 10
2.	What are different water quality parameters? Write about sources, impacts and measurements of hardness and alkalinity of water.	2+8 = 10
3.	Write the reactions of Ozone formation and Ozone depletion in the Stratosphere. What are Freons? Why are they significant?	5+2+3 = 10
4.	What is acid deposition? What are the causes? What are the impacts of acid rain on environment?	2+2+6 = 10
5.	What do you mean by soil structure? Write about the other physico- chemical properties of soil.	2+4+4 = 10
6.	Tests for common ions are run on a sample of water and the results are shown below. $Ca^{2+}=98 \text{ mg/L}$ $Cl^{-}=89 \text{ mg/L}$ $HCO_{3}=317 \text{ mg/L}$ $Mg^{2+}=22 \text{ mg/L}$ $Na^{+}=71 \text{ mg/L}$ $SO_{4}^{2-}=125 \text{ mg/L}$ (C) What is the percent error in the cation-anion balance? (D) Draw a bar diagram for the water.	6+4 = 10
7.	What are soaps and detergents? Write about their cleaning mechanisms. What are the differences between soaps and detergents?	2+3+5 = 10
8.	Write short note on (any two) d) Beer Lambert law e) Biochemical Oxygen Demand	5x2= 10

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f) Application of Bragg's law in XRD

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# [ PART-A: Objective ]

Choose the correct answer from the following :

1. Photochemical smog was first discovered in

- a. London
- b. Paris
- c. Los Angeles
- d. New Delhi

2. Maximum density of water is at

- a. 0 °C
- **b.** 4 °C
- **c.** 100 ∘C
- **d.** 273 °C
- 3. The conjugate acid of HF is
  - a. H<sub>2</sub>F<sup>+</sup>
  - b. F-
  - c. HF2-
  - **d.** F<sup>+</sup>
- 4. Which is called atmospheric detergents
  - a. Cl-radical

b. OH radical

- c. Bleaching powder
- d. Ozone
- 5. Trace metals are determined by
  - a. HPLC
  - b. AAS
  - c. Flame photometry
  - **d.** None of above
- 6. Beer Lambert law defines
  - a. Degree of absorption of light by a homogeneous medium
  - b. AAS
  - **c.** Both the above
  - d. None of above

7.	Amount of water present is rivers of <b>a.</b> 70% <b>b.</b> 2.4% <b>c.</b> 0.001% <b>d.</b> 0.0001%	of the globe
8.	<ul><li>COD is always</li><li>a. Equal or higher than BOD</li><li>b. Equal to BOD</li><li>c. 1.8 times of BOD</li><li>d. Lowe than BOD</li></ul>	
9.	<ul> <li>If an acid is strong, its conjugate base</li> <li>a. Strong</li> <li>b. Weak</li> <li>c. Can not be determined</li> <li>d. Depend upon the chemical structure</li> </ul>	se will be cture
10.	<ul> <li>Which of the following is capable base</li> <li>a. F<sup>-</sup></li> <li>b. CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup></li> </ul>	of functioning both as a Bronsted acid and Bronsted c. HS- d. S <sup>2-</sup>
11.	Ozone is a powerful oxidant, it oxid a. Platinum b. Gold c. diamond d. Both Platinum and Gold	dizes most metals and non-metals except
12.	<ul><li>When a solid melts, there is</li><li>a. No change in enthalpy</li><li>b. No change in entropy</li><li>c. Decreasing in enthalpy</li><li>d. Increasing in enthalpy</li></ul>	
13.	The halogens exhibits the oxidation <b>a.</b> -2 to +6 <b>b.</b> -1 to +7 <b>c.</b> -3 to +4 <b>d.</b> -1 to +1	n number from
14.	The active mass (for a substance A)	is usually denoted by

	e detrie mass	(ioi a babbance ii) h	usually act
a.	А		<b>c.</b> [A]
b.	(A)		<b>d.</b> <a></a>

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 $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

- 15. Which is at the upper layer of soil
  - a. A horizon
  - b. B horizon
  - c. O horizon
  - d. R horizon
- 16. Loamy soil contains
  - a. 40% silt, 40% sand, 20% clay
  - b. 50% silt and sand, 50% clay
  - c. 50% sand, 25% silt, 25% clay
  - d. None of above
- 17. Chemical formula of PAN is
  - a. RCO<sub>5</sub>N
  - b. RCOON<sub>2</sub>
  - c. RCOONa
  - d. None of above
- 18. Which of the following is true regarding solubility of gases in water
  - a. Solubility does not depend upon the temperature
  - b. Liquified gases are difficult to dissolve in water
  - c. A saturated solution can dissolve more solute
  - d. Increase in temperature after a certain level inhibits dissolving reaction
- 19. The chemical composition of CFC-11 is
  - a. CCl<sub>3</sub>F
  - b. CCl<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>
  - c. CCIF<sub>3</sub>
  - **d**. None of the above
- 20. Hardness is commonly measured in terms of
  - a. CaSO<sub>4</sub> equivalents
  - b. CaCO<sub>3</sub> equivalents
  - c. MgSO<sub>4</sub> equivalents
  - d. MgCO<sub>3</sub> equivalents

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Concelling Excellence	[PART (A) : OBJECTIVE] Duration : 20 Minutes	Serial no. of the main Answer sheet
Course :		
Semester :	Roll No :	
Enrollment No :	Course code :	
Course Title :		
Session : 20	17-18 Date :	× .

## Instructions / Guidelines

- > The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.
- > Students shall tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answer.
- > No marks shall be given for overwrite / erasing.
- > Students have to submit the Objective Part (Part-A) to the invigilator just after

completion of the allotted time from the starting of examination.

Full Marks	Marks Obtained
20	
20	

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