

**BA ADMIN & GOVERNANCE [POL. SCIENCE]  
THIRD SEMESTER  
INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT  
BAAG – 321**

**SET  
A**

**[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**(Objective)**

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

- Which among the following is not a Ashrama?
  - Brahmacharya
  - Grihastha
  - Vanaprastha
  - Veda
- Kautilya's concept that the State consists of seven elements is called
  - Saptanga Theory
  - Sapthamugha theory
  - Sapthabhaaga Theory
  - None of the above
- Kautilya was also known as:
  - Chanakya
  - Saraswati
  - Swami Vivekananda
  - Dayanand Saraswati
- The main architect of ancient Indian polity was:
  - Kautilya
  - B.R. Ambedkar
  - Jawaharlal Nehru
  - Rammohan Roy
- In Arthasastra, Kautilya mentioned about
  - 7 types of spies
  - 8 types of spies
  - 9 types of spies
  - 10 types of spies
- Brahmo Samaj opposed-
  - Sati System
  - Caste system
  - Child marriage
  - All of the above
- Who was the father of Renaissance of modern India?
  - M.N Roy
  - Aurobindo Ghosh
  - Mahatma Gandhi
  - Raja Rammohan Roy
- When Sati System was abolished?
  - 1850
  - 1905
  - 1857
  - 1829
- Who was the Governor General of India who abolished Sati System?
  - Lord Curzon
  - Lord Macaulay
  - Lord William Bentinck
  - Lord Minto
- Which of the following text was burnt by Ambedkar and his followers?
  - Rigveda
  - Mahabharata
  - Manusmriti
  - Gita

11. Who is known as the father of communism in India?
  - a. M.N Roy
  - b. Nehru
  - c. Aurobindo Ghosh
  - d. None of the above
12. Who of the following propounded Radical Humanism?
  - a. Gandhiji
  - b. Vivekananda
  - c. Nehru
  - d. M.N Roy
13. When did Gandhi published "Hind Swaraj"?
  - a. 1901
  - b. 1905
  - c. 1909
  - d. 1920
14. Ramakrishan Mission was founded by
  - a. Gandhiji
  - b. Dayananda Saraswati
  - c. Swami Vivekanand
  - d. Raja Rammohan Roy
15. Who is known as the Patriotic Saint of India?
  - a. Swami Vivekananda
  - b. Mahatma Gandhi
  - c. Raja Ram MohanRoy
  - d. M N Roy
16. Which of the following adjectives has been most widely used to describe Swami Vivekananda?
  - a. Punditji
  - b. Vedantic Scientist
  - c. Mahatma of the masses
  - d. None of the above
17. Who regarded the villages as the centre of Indian economic organisation?
  - a. Gandhiji
  - b. Vivekananda
  - c. Raja Rammohan Roy
  - d. Tilak
18. Who wrote the book "Discovery of India"?
  - a. Gandhi
  - b. Lal Bahadur Shastri
  - c. Bhagat Singh
  - d. Nehru
19. Vivekananda "is the maker of the modern India". Who said this?
  - a. Rabindranath Tagore
  - b. J.L Nehru
  - c. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose
  - d. C. Rajagopalachari
20. Who moved Objective Resolution in the Constituent Assembly?
  - a. B.R Ambedkar
  - b. Rajendra Prasad
  - c. Nehru
  - d. Gandhi

**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

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| 1. What is Dharmashashtra? Critically examine the social organization prescribed in Dharmashashtra.              | 3+7=10 |
| 2. Discuss Kautilya's Mandala Theory.  | 10     |
| 3. Discuss Ethical foundation of Buddhism.   | 10     |
| 4. Who was Raja Rammohan Roy? Discuss him as a Social reformer.  | 10     |
| 5. Who was Swami Vivekananda? Critically analyse the concept of Cultural Nationalism given by Swami Vivekananda. | 2+8=10 |
| 6. Discuss B.R Ambedkar's views on Social Justice.   | 10     |
| 7. Critically discuss Mahatma Gandhi's concept of Swaraj.  | 10     |
| 8. Critically discuss Jawaharlal Nehru's views on Democracy and Secularism.                                      | 10     |

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