

B.Sc. BOTANY
THIRD SEMESTER (REPEAT)
MYCOLOGY & PLANT PATHOLOGY
BSB-302

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

$$1 \times 20 = 20$$

1. Citrus canker is caused by:
a. *Xanthomonas citri*
b. *Pestalotiopsis palmarum*
c. *Colletotrichum falcatum*
d. *Podosphaera xanthii*
2. An example of macrofungi is:
a. *Mucor*
b. *Penicillium*
c. *Fusarium*
d. *Agaricus*
3. Late Blight of Potato is caused by:
a. *Colletotrichum falcatum*
b. *Phytophthora infestans*
c. *Xanthomonas citri*
d. *Magnaporthe oryzae*
4. Fungi used in production of bread is:
a. Yeast
b. *Mucor*
c. *Rhizopus*
d. *Puccinia*
5.is a defense mechanism present in plants.
a. Stomata
b. Cutin
c. Tendril
d. Hydathode
6. When two mycelium of opposite strains (+) & (-) come near one another, the mycelia produce small outgrowths called as:
a. Progametangia
b. Sclerotia
c. Ascus
d. Metulae
7. The reserve food in yeast is in the form of:
a. Starch
b. Cellulose
c. Oils & glycogen
d. Protein
8. *Penicillium* belongs to class:
a. Eurotiomycetes
b. Deuteromycetes
c. Basidiomycetes
d. Ascomycetes
9. Hyphae of fungi are collectively known as:
a. Sclerotia
b. Mycelium
c. Plectenchyma
d. Rhizomorph

10. Loose smut of wheat is caused by:
a. *Ustilago nuda*
c. *Pestalotiopsis palmarum*
b. *Pyricularia oryzae*
d. *Colletotrichum falcatum*
11. The phenomenon in which there is involvement of two or more different type of sexes or mating types is considered as:
a. Budding
c. Fusion
b. Heterothallism
d. Fragmentation
12. Fungi which can grow only on living host plant are called:
a. Obligate saprophytes
c. Facultative parasites
b. Obligate parasites
d. Saprophytes
13. Conidia and sporangia are the spores produced by:
a. Virus
c. Phanerogams
b. Bacteria
d. Fungi
14. Association of fungi with roots of higher plants is known as:
a. Lichen
c. Mycorrhiza
b. Basidiolichen
d. Ascolichen
15. Alexander Fleming (1929) discovered:
a. Streptomycetease
c. Tyrocidine
b. Penicillin
d. Giseofulvin
16. Phytophthora belongs to family:
a. Pythiaceae
c. Paraconosporaceae
b. Peronophythoraceae
d. Albuginaceae
17. Grey blight disease is caused by:
a. Bacterium
c. Fungus
b. Virus
d. Nematode
18. Which of them is a poisonous mushroom?
a. Agaricus
c. Peasurotus
b. Volvariella
d. Amanita
19. Rhizopus belongs to class:
a. Zygomycetes
c. Trichomycetes
b. Oomycetes
d. Ascomycetes
20. Mycology is the study of:
a. Fungi
c. Bacteria
b. Virus
d. Algae

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(Descriptive)

Marks : 50

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Write a note on the economic importance of fungi. | 10 |
| 2. Describe in brief the symptoms, disease cycle and control measures of Late Blight of Potato. | $3+4+3=10$ |
| 3. What are the types of reproduction occurring in fungi? Describe each type in brief. | $2+8=10$ |
| 4. Write a note on the morphology and reproduction of <i>Mucor</i> . | $5+5=10$ |
| 5. Describe the major symptoms of bacterial and fungal plant diseases. | $5+5=10$ |
| 6. Name the causal organism of Red rot of sugarcane. Describe its symptoms and disease cycle in brief. | $2+4+4=10$ |
| 7. Describe the different spore dispersal mechanisms present in fungi. | 10 |
| 8. Write a note on the morphology and reproduction of <i>Penicillium</i> . | 10 |

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