REV-01 BSB/07/12

B.Sc. BOTANY THIRD SEMESTER (REPEAT) CYTOLOGY & GENETICS BSB-303

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

2023/12

SET

Marks: 20

Objective Time: 30 mins.

Choose the correct answer from the following: 1×20=20

1. The membrane around the vacuole is known as:

a. Tonoplast

b. Elaioplast

c. Cytoplast

d. Amyloplast

Microfilaments are composed of a protein called:

a. Tubulin

c. Myosin d. Chitin 3. Glycolipids in the plasma membrane are located at:

a. Inner leaflet of the plasma membrane

b. The outer leaflet of the plasma membrane

c. Evenly distributed in the inner and outer leaflets

d. It varies according to cell types

4. Which cell organelle is involved in apoptosis?

a. Lysosome

b. ER

c. Golgi

d. Mitochondria

5. Lysosomes are known as "suicidal bags" because:

a. Parasitic activity

b. Presence of food vacuole

c. Hydrolytic activity

d. Catalytic activity

Which of the following cell organelles does not contain DNA?

a. Lysosome

b. Nucleus

c. Nucleus

d. Mitochondria

Which of the following cell organelles is absent in prokaryotic cells?

a. Nucleus

b. Lysosome

c. Endoplasmic Reticulum

d. All of the above

8. Which of the following statements is true about chromosomes?

a. It is present within the nucleus

b. It carries genes and helps in inheritance

c. It is composed of DNA in the form of Chromatin and protein

d. All of the above

9.	Nuclear DNA replicates in which phase? a. G2 phase c. S phase	b. M phase d. None		
10.	The longest stage in the cell cycle is: a. Interphase c. Anaphase	b. Metaphased. None of the abo	ove	
11.	Chromosome structure can be observed be a. Interphase c. Anaphase	est during: b. Metaphase d. Telophase		
12.	self-fertilized. The resultant plants have ge a. 1:2:1 (homozygous tall: heterozygous			
13.	Which of the following characteristics of p experiments? a. Seed colour c. Pod length	ea plants was not use b. Seed shape d. Flower position		
14.	If both genotype and phenotype shows the shows: a. Incomplete dominance in monohybrid b. Complete dominance in monohybrid cc. Dihybrid cross d. Co-dominance	cross	in the F2 generation, it	
15.	This technique can be used to detect the cha. Tissue culture c. CAT Scanning	nromosomal abnorma b. Ultrasound d. Amniocentesis	lity of an unborn baby:	
16.	Theory of linkage was put forward by: a. De Vries c. Bateson and Punnet	b. Sutton d. Morgan		
17.	Consider this sequence A-O-B-C-D-centromere. Which of the following will be a. A-O-B-D-E-F c. D-B-O-A-E-F	E-F, be a DNA sec a pericentric inversi b. B-O-A-D- d. A-O-E-D-	on? E-F	
18.	If the DNA strand has nitrogenous base se a. ATTGCA c. UAACGG	equence ATTGCC, the b. UGGACC d. ATCGCC	mRNA will have?	
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- 19. The type of coiling in B-DNA is:a. Zig-zagc. Opposite

- b. Left-handedd. Right-handed
- 20. During replication, Okazaki fragments elongate:
 a. Leading strand towards the replication fork
 b. Lagging strand towards the replication fork
 c. Leading strand away from the replication fork
 d. Lagging strand away from the replication fork

$\left(\underline{\text{Descriptive}} \right)$

Tin	Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.	
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]	
1.	Write briefly about the mitosis cell division.	10
2.	Write down the Mendel's law with an example.	10
3.	Define chromosome aberration. Describe about the structural chromosomal aberration with the diagram.	2+8=10
4.	Define numerical chromosome aberration. Write a brief note on numerical chromosomal aberration.	2+8=10
5.	What is DNA replication? Write briefly about the different theory proposed to explain the DNA replication.	2+8=10
6.	Write a short note on mitochondria and Golgi bodies.	5+5=10
7.	Write briefly about the DNA double helix structure.	10
8.	Define exon and intron. Write briefly about the nucleosome solenoid model of DNA packing.	1+1+8=10

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