

**BA SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY-I
BSO-101
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

**SET
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(Objective)

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. Emigration refers to:
a. Movement out of a particular area b. Migration into a particular area
c. Migration out of a country d. Migration into a country
2. The concept of Social mobility was first introduced by:
a. T.L. Hobhouse b. Gillin and Gillin
c. Pitirim Sorokin d. N. Kabeer
3. When was the term Untouchable eradicated under India's constitution and formally referred to as the SC?
a. 1947 b. 1950
c. 1952 d. 1960
4. Which of the following is not true about gender?
a. The term gender means much more than sex and more inclusive than sex b. Gender is a biologically constructed and determined category
c. Gender refers to the socially constructed and culturally determined role that men and women play in their day-to-day lives d. The gender of a man is masculine and a woman is feminine
5. Which Estate performed the basic function of providing justice to the people in the Feudal system?
a. Clergy b. The Nobility
c. Nobility of the Sword d. Nobility of the robe
6. According to "to bring about conformity, solidarity and continuity of a particular group or society" social control is needed.
a. Ross b. Kimball Young
c. Karl Mannheim d. Talcott Parsons
7. Examples of shaking hands, bowing, and kissing as methods of greeting people are:
a. Belief system b. Mores
c. Custom d. Folkways
8. Public nudity is considered deviant in most public places, but is expected on nude beaches is an example of which type of deviance?
a. Serial Deviant Behaviour b. Sub-cultural Deviant Behavior
c. Situational Deviance d. Informal Deviant Behavior

9. Example of the great king, Ram Chandra turning his wife Sita out of his house and sending her into exile on the word of a washer man of his kingdom is which type of social control?
 - a. Control by Public Opinion
 - b. Control by Customs
 - c. Control by Sanctions
 - d. Control by Morality
10. The aim of social order is "*nipping deviant tendencies in the bud*" according to:
 - a. Talcott Parsons
 - b. Ross
 - c. Ogburn and Nimkoff
 - d. Kimball Young
11. Sociology as a scientific discipline has emerged during:
 - a. Russian and scientific revolution
 - b. American revolution
 - c. French and Industrial revolution
 - d. Technological revolution
12. The investigation on the cultural remains of early man and of the living cultures of some of the primitive contemporaries is related to:
 - a. Social Anthropology
 - b. Anthropology
 - c. Cultural Anthropology
 - d. Physical Anthropology
13. Which is the best description of the sociological thinking/ perspective?
 - a. Investigating the cultural remains of early man and of the living cultures
 - b. It deals with economic activities of man and relation to his unlimited ends and scarce means
 - c. The sociological perspective is an attempt to view social behavior neutrally and scientifically to understand behaviour by placing it within a social context
 - d. It tries to understand the changes in the political system or nature of power structure brings changes in society
14. Auguste Comte was asociologist.
 - a. French
 - b. British
 - c. American
 - d. German
15. Who propounded the theory of Sociological Imagination?
 - a. Wright Mills
 - b. Alfred Schutz
 - c. Garfinkel
 - d. Domer
16. Society is classified into Gemeinschaft and Gesellschaft by:
 - a. Horton and Hunt
 - b. Maclver
 - c. Georg Herbert Mead
 - d. Ferdinand Tonnies
17. When persons and groups acquire the culture of other group adopting its attitudes and values, its patterns of thinking and behaving is called:
 - a. Socialization
 - b. Acculturation
 - c. Association
 - d. Assimilation
18. When an organization is deliberately formed for the collective pursuit of some interest or set of interests, which its members share is called:
 - a. Association
 - b. Institution
 - c. Socialization
 - d. Community

19. The internalization of social norms and essential element of social interaction in a society is:
- a. Socialization
 - b. Acculturation
 - c. Accommodation
 - d. Assimilation
20. Which thinker wrote the famous book 'Folkways'?
- a. Herbert Hymen
 - b. Ferdinand Tonnies
 - c. William Graham Sumner
 - d. Pitrim A Sorokin

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What is sociological perspective and explain what does it mean to have a sociological imagination? 2+8=10
2. Explain why is Sociology considered a science. 10
3. Elaborate the different types or forms of family. 10
4. Point out the different types of kinship usage and explain any one of the usage. 5+5=10
5. Discuss social stratification with its characteristics. 5+5=10
6. What is social mobility? Briefly explain the different types of social mobility with examples. 2+8=10
7. What according to Karl Mannheim, Kimball Young and Cooley are the types of social control? 10
8. Answer *any two* from the following: 5×2=10
 - a) Bring out the main differences and similarities between Slavery and Indentured servitude.
 - b) Distinguish Power and authority.
 - c) What is deviance or deviant behaviour?
 - d) Explain Social Control.

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