REV-01 BSO/21/26 2023/12

SET

BA SOCIOLOGY FIFTH SEMESTER RESEARCH METHODOLOGY BSO-502

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Objective)

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- What is objectivity?
 a. Objectivity is the state of mind in which the social scientist remains objective, just, unbiased and is not influenced by emotions, personal
 - prejudices c. Both a and b

and biased and is influenced by emotions, personal projudices

b. Objectivity is the state of mind in which

the social scientist remains subjective

- d. None
- Value neutrality, as described by, is the duty of sociologists to identify and acknowledge their own values and overcome their personal biases when conducting sociological research.
 - a. August Comte

b. Emile Durkheim

c. Max Weber

- d. Karl Marx
- Exploratory research isstudy of an unfamiliar problem about which the researcher has little or no knowledge.
 - a. Preliminary

b. In-depth

c. Exhaustive

- d. Detailed
- involves a critical inquiry of a previous age with the aim of reconstructing a faithful representation of the past.
 - a. Historical research

- b. Exploratory research
- c. Experimental research
- d. None
- mercearch involves collecting and analyzing non-numerical data.
 - a. Qualitative

b. Quantitative

c. Both

- d. None
- 6. Which of the following is the Objective of the Research?
 - a. To become familiar with a phenomenon
- c. To determine the frequency with which something occurs or with it is associated with something else
- d. All of the above

b. To test a hypothesis of a causal

relationship between variables

- 7. Research is basically:
 - a. A methodology of enquiry
- b. Search of truth
- c. A systematic exploration of facts
- d. All of the above

8.	 In descriptive research data is collected using a. Observation, interviewing and mail questionnaire c. Observation, mail questionnaire, focus group discussion 	b.	Observation, focus group discussion, interview schedule None
9.	A hypothesis is a:a. Tentative statement whose validity is still to be testedc. Statement of fact		Supposition which is based on the past experiences All of the above
10.	What is 'participant observation'? a. In participant observation, the researcher integrates themselves into a group to study their way of life, their culture, and how they structure their community	b.	Participant observation is commonly used in quantitative research
	c. Only a	d.	Both a and b
11.	Primary data is a type of data that is a. Collected by researchers directly from main sources through interviews, surveys, experiments, etc.	b.	Collected from the source – where the data originally originates from
	c. Both of these	d.	None of these
12.	The Census of India is a document based or country. For a researcher like you, what is to a. Primary data c. Both of these	he r b.	
13.	Which of the following graph is primarily u a. Pie chart c. Histogram	b.	for qualitative data? Bar graph Polygons
14.	Which of the following graph is primarily u a. Pie chart c. Histogram	b.	for quantitative data? Bar graph Polygons
15.	 Which materials are considered secondary a. Photos and letters are given to you by another person c. Responses from participants whom you both surveyed and interviewed 	b.	
16.	How many people are there in a village, is a a. Quantitative data c. None of these	b.	example of Qualitative data Both of these
17.	 'A conversation with a purpose' can be call a. Observation 		ns Interview schedule

d. Interview

c. Case study

	a. Quantitative and qualitative naturec. None of these	b. Area and Timed. Both of these
19.	a. To confuse the readers c. To simplify data and facilitate comparison	b. Does not portray trendsd. None of these
20.	The value of greatest frequency (maximum a. Mean c. Mode	n number of times) is called b. Median d. None of these

18. Data can be classified on the basis of......

Descriptive

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hr. 30 mins. [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 10 1. What is objectivity in research? Can it be achieved in social science research? 2+8=10 2. What is a survey? Explain the method of data collection in a survey. 5+5=10 3. Write short notes on: a) Descriptive research b) Historical research 10 4. Explain the differences between exploratory and explanatory research. 5. a) Define primary and secondary sources of data. 5+5=10 b) Differentiate between quantitative and qualitative data. 6. What is a sample? Discuss different types of probability sampling. 3+7=10 7. Calculate the mean value, median value, and mode value of the given 4+4+2=10 data set - 105, 110, 100, 120, 115, 125,110,135 8. a) Differentiate between a questionnaire and an interview schedule. 5+5=10 b) Mention the common structure of a research report.

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