

BA LLB  
THIRD SEMESTER  
SOCIOLOGY III: SOCIOLOGY OF GENDER  
BLB – 303  
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

**SET  
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

**(Objective)**

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1 × 20 = 20**

1. Which form of feminism draws on Marxist theory?
  - a. Liberal
  - b. Socialist
  - c. Radical
  - d. Postmodern
2. Which movement of the following addresses the gender inequalities in India?
  - a. The self-help group movement
  - b. The Anti-Arrack movement
  - c. The food sovereignty movement
  - d. The Chipko movement
3. Which form of feminism is most closely associated with intersectionality?
  - a. Postmodern feminism
  - b. Socialist feminism
  - c. Radical feminism
  - d. Black feminism
4. Among the following terms, which is not closely associated with violence?
  - a. Battering
  - b. Adultery
  - c. Harassment
  - d. Abuse
5. Which feminist perspective has patriarchy as its fundamental concept in the explanation of gender inequality?
  - a. Liberal feminism
  - b. Radical feminism
  - c. Socialist feminism
  - d. Marxist feminism
6. Gender roles refer to:
  - a. The rights, responsibilities, expectations, and relationships of women and men.
  - b. Chromosomal and hormonal differences that cause inevitable differences in the behaviour of men and women.
  - c. The subordination of women based on the assumption of superiority of men.
  - d. None of the above
7. Which one of the feminist scholars listed below coined the term 'Feminine Mystique'?
  - a. Ann Oakley
  - b. Betty Friedan
  - c. Margaret Mead
  - d. Simone De Beauvoir

8. According to the text, the terms masculinity and femininity are most closely linked to
- |           |               |
|-----------|---------------|
| a. Sexism | b. Patriarchy |
| c. Gender | d. Sex        |
9. A dowry is:
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a. compensation to the bride's family for losing a daughter | b. The transfer of money or wealth by the groom's family for the loss of his labour                 |
| c. wealth received by the bride from her husband's family   | d. compensation for taking responsibility for the bride where women are regarded as economic burden |
10. Which of the following is an ascriptive status?
- |          |               |
|----------|---------------|
| a. Caste | b. Profession |
| c. Class | d. Gender     |
11. .... is the study of social processes-
- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| a. Biology   | b. Law     |
| c. Sociology | d. History |
12. What is Gender?
- |                         |                       |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Biological construct | b. Social construct   |
| c. Individual construct | d. Familial construct |
13. Who among the following is a liberal feminist-
- |                  |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| a. Betty Friedan | b. Shulamith Firestone |
| c. Adremne Rich  | d. Mary O'Brien        |
14. Sociology is an academic discipline that is concerned with the functions, processes and structures of-
- |              |                        |
|--------------|------------------------|
| a. Community | b. Social institutions |
| c. Groups    | d. Society             |
15. When a married couple live near or with brides parents, then it is known as?
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| a. Matrilineal | b. Matriarchal |
| c. Matrilocal  | d. Patrilocal  |
16. A hierarchical system in which cultural, political, and economic structures are dominated by males is a (n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- |                    |                                |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| a. Patriarchy      | b. Gendered division of Labour |
| c. Pluralist model | d. Elite model                 |
17. The \_\_\_\_\_ perspective combines the exploitation of women by capitalism with patriarchy in the home in its analysis of gender inequality.
- |                       |                        |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| a. Radical feminist   | b. Democratic feminist |
| c. Socialist feminist | d. Liberal feminist    |

188. The collective effort to change power relations at all levels from the interpersonal to the international is known as-
- a. Imperialism
  - b. Feminism
  - c. Activism
  - d. Liberalism
199. Women's work was recognized as being as essential as men's work for which kind of society?
- a. Tribal society
  - b. Rural society
  - c. Urban society
  - d. Modern society
200. Which is not the ascribed status?
- a. Sex
  - b. Age
  - c. Nationality
  - d. Marital Status

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**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. What is Feminism? Write about its various waves. 3+7=10
2. Explain the types of gender stratification. 10
3. What are some of the gendered social problems? Suggest some remedial measures to overcome it. 5+5=10
4. What is the difference between Gender, sex and sexuality? 10
5. What is gendered stratification? How does caste and class plays a role in gendered stratification? 3+7=10
6. Elaborate on violence against women. What are some of the government laws that helps to regulate violence against women? 5+5=10
7. How do we understand subordination and resistance? 10
8. Which school of feminist thought do you relate yourself with and why? Write about the works of your favorite feminist scholar. 5+5=10

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