BALLB THIRD SEMESTER LAW OF CONTRACT BLB - 304 [REPEAT] IUSE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PARTI

SET

Full Marks: 80

Duration: 3 hrs.

Objective)

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 30

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

1. Which of the following feature is not essential for a contract:

- a. It should be in writing only
- b. free consent of parties competent to contract
- lawful consideration and with a lawful object
- d. It should not be declared void expressly
- An agreement not enforceable by law is called
  - a. Void agreement
- b. Valid agreement
- c. Voidable agreement
- d. None of the above

d. None of the above

- 3. A proposes by a letter to sell a house to B. The communication of proposal is complete---
  - a. When A makes such proposal
- b. When B accepts the proposal

- c. Both a and b
- 4. Proposal may be-
- b. Specific
- a. Implied or express c. Generic
- d. All of the above
- An offer made without any words spoken or written is
  - a. Counter offer
- b. Implied offer

c. . Cross offer

- d. Special offer
- Goods displayed in a shop with a price tag is an
  - a. Offer

b. invitation to offer

- c. counter offer
- d. none of the above
- 7. Coercion, fraud and misrepresentation makes a extract
  - a. Void at the option of the party whose consent was so caused
- b. Voidable at the option of the party whose consent was so caused
- c. Valid for both sides
- Agreement without consideration is
- a. Void c. Valid

- b. Voidable
- d. None of the above

d. None of the above.

- The doctrine of frustration come in the play
  - a. where the performance is physically cut off
- b. where the object of the contract is failed
- c. either (a) or (b)
- d. none of the above

- 10. Mr. 'X' contracted to sell a specified quantity of potatoes to be grown, but failed to supply them as the crop was destroyed by a disease, identify the specific ground of frustration
  - a. Destruction of subject matterc. non-occurrence of contemplated
- b. change of circumstances3
- d. None of the above

## Answer the following: (Use descriptive answer sheet)

 $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- 1. Define consideration under the Indian contract Act.
- 2. Who is an Agent and Principal?
- 3. Define "Pledge", "pawnor", and "pawnee"?
- 4. What is a Contract?

event

- 5. What are the essentials of valid offer?
- 6. What is anticipatory breach?
- 7. Define proposal
- 8. Distinguish between void and voidable contract
- 9. Who is a minor?
- 10. Who is an unsound person?

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USTM/COF/R-01

## ( <u>Descriptive</u> )

Marks: 50 Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. [ Answer the following questions ] a. Explain the term 'offer'. What are the essentials of a valid 2+4+4=10 offer? Explain the modes as given under section 5 of the Indian Contract Act. b. What is a contract? What are the essentials of a valid 2+3+5=10 contract? "Every contract is an agreement but every agreement is not contract" explain. 2+4+4=10 2. a. Write a note on Quasi Contracts? Explain the provisions relating to Quasi contract. Orb. 'Agreement without consideration is void'-explain. What are 7+3=10 the kinds of consideration 10 3. a. Describe when a contract is said to be free. b. Explain minor's capacity to contract along with the 10 restitutions of a minor's agreement. 10 4. a. Explain the doctrine of frustration. b. Describe the modes of discharge of contract. 10 5. a. Explain the constitutional provisions of a government 10 contract. Or10 b. Explain the remedies for breach of contract.

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