REV-01 MBA/127/132

## MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION. FIRST SEMESTER QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES IN BUSINESS MBA-105

SET B

2023/12

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Full Marks: 70

Marks: 20

| CI | noose the correct answer from the foll                                                                                                 | oreing: 1×20=                                                                                             |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | For an event A, if $P(A) = 34$ , then $P(A^c) = \frac{1}{4}$<br>c. 12                                                                  | b. $\frac{3}{4}$ d. $\frac{1}{3}$                                                                         |
| 2. | Let, the random variable X follows a binor then the standard deviation of X, isa. 2.45 c. 1.73                                         |                                                                                                           |
| 3. | Which of the following statement is true for a. Mean < variance c. Mean ≠ variance                                                     | or a Poisson distribution?  b. Mean > variance  d. Mean = variance                                        |
| 4. | The mean and standard deviation of a stanta. 1 and 0 c. $\mu$ and $\sigma$                                                             | ndard normal variate Z are respectively b. 0 and 1 d. None of the above                                   |
| 5. | If a sample of large size n with known stapopulation, which of the following test state. Z                                             | nndard deviation, is drawn from a normal<br>distic is applied?<br>b. χ²<br>d. F                           |
| 6. | The mean of the sampling distribution of a. the population variance c. the population proportion.                                      | the sample means, is b. the population mean d. None of the above                                          |
| 7. | The corresponding statistic of population a. sample variance c. sample mean                                                            | variance, is b. sample standard deviation d. None of the above.                                           |
| 8. | Which of the following is Type II error?  a. Reject H <sub>0</sub> , when it is not true.  c. Accept H <sub>0</sub> , when it is true. | <ul> <li>b. Reject H0, when it is true.</li> <li>d. Accept H<sub>0</sub>, when it is not true.</li> </ul> |

| 9.  | The linear function that is maximized or r                                  |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | a. Objective function                                                       | b. Inequality function                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. Equality function d. None of the above                                   |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | In all the constraints of an LPP are satisfied.                             |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>a. Infeasible region</li><li>c. Either (a) or (b)</li></ul>         | b. Feasible region                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. Neither (a) nor (b)                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | Which of the following distribution is true for symmetric distribution?     |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. mean≠median≠mode c. mean < median < mode                                 | b. mean > median > mode                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. mean = median = mode                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. | The best relative measure of dispersion is                                  |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>a. standard deviation</li><li>c. coefficient of variation</li></ul> | b. variance                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. none of the above                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | In a certain distribution, mode = $24$ , mean = $25.5$ , the median is      |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. 25<br>c. 26                                                              | b. 25.5                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. 26.5                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | are not effected by the extreme values.                                     |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. mean and mode                                                            | b. median and mode                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. mean and median                                                          | d. none of the above                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. | In a certain distribution, $CV = 25\%$ , the me                             | ean is 60, the standard deviation is         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. 12.5<br>c. 15                                                            | b. 3.75                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. 5.25                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Which of the following statement is true for squares method?                | or the determination of trend by using least |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. Trend values can be determined for                                       | b. Trend values cannot be determined for     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | each period                                                                 | each period                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. It is free from subjective error                                         | d. Both (a) and (c)                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Paasche's index possesses                                                   | ``                                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. upward bias                                                              | b. downward bias                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. no bias                                                                  | d. None of the above                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. | If $r_{XY} = 0$ , the variables X and Y are                                 |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. linearly related                                                         | b. independent                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. not linearly related                                                     | d. not independent                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | The product of the two regression coefficients                              |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | a. <1                                                                       | b. ≤1                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. >1                                                                       | d. ≥1                                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20  |                                                                             |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | index number is an ideal index number.  a. Laspeyre's  b. Paasche's         |                                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | c. Fisher's                                                                 | b. Paasche's                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                                                                             | d. None of the above                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## $\left( \underline{\text{Descriptive}} \right)$

| Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks: 50                        |                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   |            |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| [ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ] |                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   |            |  |
| 1.                                                    | var<br>Age                                                                                                                                                                            | culate mean, median,<br>iation of the following<br>e in years (less than): 1<br>mber of persons | distributi |                    | deviatio<br>6070<br>1520 | 80<br>2325 | pefficient of     | 10         |  |
| 2.                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                       | Write in brief the importance of Statistics in managerial decision making.                      |            |                    |                          |            |                   |            |  |
| 3.                                                    | a)<br>b)                                                                                                                                                                              | Why is standard dedispersion? Which of the followir (i) Mean = 22 (ii) Mean = 23                |            | ition is n<br>= 24 | nore skev<br>standar     |            | tify.<br>ion = 10 | 4+6=10     |  |
| 4.                                                    | <ul><li>a) Explain Time Reversal Test (TRT) and Factor Reversal Test (FRT).</li><li>b) Fit a straight line trend of the following data and estimate sales for the year 2018</li></ul> |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   | 4+6=10     |  |
|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       | •                                                                                               | 2013<br>20 | 2014<br>18         | 2015<br>19               | 2016<br>22 | 2017              |            |  |
| 5.                                                    | inches and standard deviation 3.0 inches, how many students have height  (i) Greater than 72 inches  (ii) Less than 64 inches  (iii) Between 65 and 71 inches                         |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   | 3+3+4=10   |  |
|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       | [Given $Z = 1.00$<br>A = 0.8413 0.9082]                                                         | 1.33       |                    |                          |            |                   | -          |  |
| 6.                                                    | a)<br>b)                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   |            |  |
|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       | Sales                                                                                           | Advertis   | ing expe           | nditure                  |            |                   |            |  |
|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       | (₹ in crore)(₹ in crore)<br>Mean<br>Standard deviation<br>Coefficient of correlat               | 35<br>13   | 0.85               |                          | 8 2        |                   |            |  |
|                                                       | <ul> <li>(i) Estimate the likely sales for a proposed advertisement expenditure<br/>of ₹12 crores</li> </ul>                                                                          |                                                                                                 |            |                    |                          |            |                   |            |  |
|                                                       | (ii)                                                                                                                                                                                  | What would be the actarget of ₹50 crores.                                                       | dvertising | expendi            | ture if th               | ne firm fi | xes a sales       |            |  |
|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                 |            | [3]                |                          |            | USTN              | 1/COE/R-01 |  |

7. a) Write the steps of testing of hypothesis.

5+5=10

10

b) The following table gives the number of aircraft accidents that occurred during the seven days in a week. Find at 5% level of significance, whether the accidents are uniformly distributed over

Days : Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri No. of accidents: 14 18 12 11 15 [Given, the critical value of  $\chi 2$  at 5% level of significance and 5 degree of freedom is 11.07]

8. Solve the following LPP Maximize Z = 5x + 6y

> Subject to  $2x + 3y \le 18$

 $2x+y \le 12$   $3x + 3y \le 21$   $x,y \ge 0$ 

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