

10. Folkways and Mores are..... forms of social control.
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|-------------|--------------|
| a. Informal | b. Organised |
| c. Formal | d. Direct |
11. Who wrote the book "The sociological Imagination"?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a. Auguste Comte | b. Peter Berger |
| c. C Wright Mills | d. Ralf Dahrendorf |
12. Functionalist perspective given significance to..... in maintaining order stability in society.
- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| a. Universalism | b. Moral Consensus |
| c. Individualism | d. Cooperation |
13. Find out a functionalist sociologist.
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a. Emile Durkheim | b. Karl Marx |
| c. G H Mead | d. Ralf Dahrendorf |
14.means that transition from one social position to another.
- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| a. Social Mobility | b. Norms |
| c. Social Heterogeneity | d. Folkways |
15. Which is the characteristic of industrial society?
- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. Hunting and gathering | b. Personal relationship |
| c. Less division of labour | d. Impersonal Relationship |
16. Who said "Man is a social animal"?
- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| a. Plato | b. Aristotle |
| c. Socrates | d. Saint Simon |
17.is something such as ark, sign or gestures, images, words that stand for orrepresenting something or have some meaning.
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a. Status | b. Roles |
| c. Esteem | d. Symbols |
18. Participating in the removal of illiteracy is a:
- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| a. Conscience | b. Cultural change |
| c. Social change | d. None of these |
19. Karl Marx thought that the following factors can lead to societal change:
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. By violent method | b. By education only |
| c. Evolutionary and revolutionary | d. By killing the bourgeois class |
20. According to which sociological theory, a social norm won't be passed down from one generation to the next if it doesn't support the stability or existence of the society?
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| a. Normative perspectives | b. Functionalist perspectives |
| c. Structuralist perspectives | d. Conflict perspectives |

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Why sociology is called the social sciences? How does the sociological perspective help us to go beyond common sense? | 5+5=10 |
| 2. How do sociology and history differ and relate to each other as social science disciplines? | 5+5=10 |
| 3. Define social status and role. Explain the interrelationships between ascribed and achieved status. | 5+5=10 |
| 4. Describe social change. Critically analyze how does culture provides us the possibilities to adapt to social change. | 3+7=10 |
| 5. Discuss the purpose of the social control. Mention any five agencies of social control in our society. | 5+5=10 |
| 6. Write a short note on social norms and values. Illustrate on the importance of norms in the society. | 2+2+6=10 |
| 7. What is the functionalist perspective in sociology? | 10 |
| 8. What is social mobility? Discuss the various types of social mobility. | 5+5=10 |

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