REV-01 BAP/47/52

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Unity of Command signifies---a. Multiple Bosses, Multiple Rules

c. One Boss, One Rule

a. Formal Structure

c. Both (a) & (b)

BA POLITICAL SCIENCE SECOND SEMESTER PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION BAP-202

SET

Full Marks: 70

Marks: 20

2023/06

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Objective

Choose the correct answer from the following: $1 \times 20 = 20$ 1. "The art of administration is the direction, coordination and control of many persons to achieve some purpose or objective", stated by_ a. L. D. White b. D. Waldo c. H. Simon d. W. Wilson 2. The term 'administration' is derived from which origin word? a. Greek b. Latin c. Scandinavian d. None of them 3. Who is regarded as the father of Public Administration? a. Woodrow Wilson b. L. D. White c. Herbert Simon d. Max Weber 4. Administration consists of managerial activities undertaken in pursuit of an objective in view..... This is considered as the view of_ a. Subjective view of administration b. Managerial view of administration c. Integral view of administration d. None of them 5. What is the name of the masterpiece written during the Akbar's ruling period and by whom? a. Aine-Akbari, Abul Fazal b. Aine-Akbari, Akbar c. Arthashastra, Kautilya d. None of the above The term Organization means an organized body of interdependent parts sharing common activity. This statement is considered as---a. True b. False c. Neutral d. Not Applicable Which of the following is/ are the elements of organization? a. Objectives b. Specialization c. Coordination d. All the above

9. Which of the following is/ are the characteristics of Formal Organization?

[1]

b. Responsibility

b. Legal Status

d. None of the above

d. None of the above

10. Which one of the following is/ are the Classical or Traditional Administrative Thinkers of Organization?		
	a. Henry Fayol	b. Luther Gulick
	c. Lyndall Urwick	d. All of them
11. Who is regarded as the father of Classical Theory?		icory?
	a. Woodrow Wilson	b. Luther Gulick
	c. Henry Fayol	d. Max Weber
12.	12. The term 'Scientific Management' was first coined by	
	a. Louis Brandies	b. F. W. Taylor
	c. Fredrick Halsey	d. Henry Fayol
13	13. Max Weber has given pure types of legitimate authority.	
10.	a. Five	b. Three
	c. Four	d. Two
14.	 The Classical theory of Administration was developed during the First half of the 	
	a. 20th Century	b. 21st Century
	c. 19th Century	d. None of the above
15.	The book entitled as 'Papers on the Science of Administration' was published by	
	a. L. Gulick	b. Henry Fayol
	c. L. Urwick	d. L. Gulick & L. Urwick
16.	16. The First Minnowbrook Conference was held under the patronage of	
	a. Woodrow Wilson	b. Charles T. Goodsell
	c. Dwight Waldo	d. None of them
17.		
17.	a. Relevance	b. Values
	c. Social Equity	d. All of the above
18.	Who coined the term New Public Manageme	
	a. Christopher Hood	b. Ted Gaebler
	c. Dwight Waldo	d. David Osborne
19.	Which of the following is/ are the Anti-Goals of New Public Management?	
	a. Politics- Administration Dichotomy	
	c. Both (a) & (b)	d. None of the above
20	20. Which of the following is/ are not the feature(s) of Good Governance?	
-	a. Accountability	b. Transparency
	c. Nepotism	d. Both (a) & (b)
	★ 300 miles	, , , ,

(<u>Descriptive</u>)

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] "Public administration is an integral part of the national development and 10 constructive social change". Justify the statement. Define Public Administration. Discuss its nature. Mention any four 2+4+4=10 differences between Public Administration and Private Administration. 3. State the meaning of Organization. Explain the types of Organization. 2+8=10 4. Mention the Principles of Organization. Describe any two principles of 2+4+4=10 Organization. Explain the contributions of Henry Fayol towards the growth of 10 Classical Theory of Administrative Management. 6. Critically explain the Theory of Scientific Management by F.W. Taylor. 10 7. Write a detailed note on New Public Administration. 4+6=10 Define Good Governance. What are the major principles of Good 2+2+6=10 Governance? Does Good Governance improve transparency of the administration? If yes how and what extent. Discuss

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