

BA LLB
FOURTH SEMESTER
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II
BLB – 405
(USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

**SET
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

[Objective]

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- Which amendment of the Constitution of India is also often termed as the 'mini constitution'?
 - 34th Amendment
 - 42nd Amendment
 - 44th Amendment
 - None of the above
- All revenue received by the Union government by way of taxes and other receipts for the conduct of government business are credited to the-
 - Contingency Fund of India
 - Public account
 - Consolidated Fund of India
 - Deposits and advanced funds
- Under which Article of the Constitution of India can the Parliament make laws under the Residuary powers?
 - Article 248
 - Article 249
 - Article 250
 - Article 251
- An amendment of the Constitution of India can be initiated in?
 - Lok Sabha
 - Rajya Sabha
 - Either house of the Parliament
 - Parliament or State legislature
- Which Article of the Constitution of India lays down the procedure for the amendment of the Constitution?
 - Article 348
 - Article 358
 - Article 368
 - Article 378
- The President can declare National Emergency on the basis of
 - War
 - External aggression
 - Armed rebellion
 - All of the above
- Which kind of emergency can be proclaimed on the grounds of failure of Constitutional machinery in States?
 - National Emergency
 - State emergency
 - Financial emergency
 - All of the above
- Article 301 of the Constitution of India deals with?
 - Freedom of trade
 - Power of the President
 - Legislative power
 - Fundamental duties

9. The 'Doctrine of Pleasure' embodied in the Constitution of India is borrowed from-
 - a. Russia
 - b. Japan
 - c. United Kingdom
 - d. United States of America
10. A civil servant once appointed can only be dismissed by-
 - a. Officer of same rank as the appointing authority
 - b. The High Court
 - c. Any officer of the government
 - d. None of the above
11. The current President of India is -
 - a. Smt. Pratibha Devi Singh Patil
 - b. Shri Ram Nath Kovind
 - c. Smt. Draupadi Murmu
 - d. Shri Jagdeep Dhankar
12. Process of impeachment of the President of India is-
 - a. Judicial Process
 - b. Quasi-Judicial Process
 - c. Legislative Process
 - d. Executive Process
13. Which of the following is not a power of the Governor?
 - a. Appointment of the Chief Minister
 - b. Appointment of other ministers on the advice of the Chief Minister
 - c. Forgive the conviction of any convicted person in the power of the state executive
 - d. Appointment of High Court Judges
14. All Union Ministers are appointed by-
 - a. Chief Justice of India
 - b. President
 - c. Vice-President
 - d. Prime Minister
15. Which of the following comes under the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India
 - a. Centre-State Dispute
 - b. Disputed between states or two or more states
 - c. Dispute on river water
 - d. Both (a) and (b)
16. Which of the following is not a qualification required for the appointment of the Judges of the Supreme Court of India?
 - a. He should be a citizen of India
 - b. He should have been a Judge of a High Court for five (5) years
 - c. He should have been an advocate of a District Court for ten (10) years
 - d. He should be a distinguished jurist in the opinion of the president
17. Which article of the Constitution of India empowers the Supreme Court to issue writs?
 - a. Article 32
 - b. Article 226
 - c. Article 132
 - d. Article 136

18. The power of Judicial review relates to which of the following action?
- a. Advise the President of constitutional matters
 - b. Declare laws passed by the Parliament unconstitutional that are against the Constitution
 - c. Review the organization of Judiciary
 - d. None of the above
19. Articles 245 to 255 of the Constitution of India deals with?
- a. Legislative relation between Centre and State
 - b. Administrative relation between Centre and State
 - c. Financial relation between Centre and State
 - d. Powers of the governor
20. In which list does the Union government enjoy exclusive power?
- a. Union list
 - b. State list
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. Concurrent list

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What are the qualifications for a person to be appointed as the President of India? Discuss the various powers of the President of India? 3+7=10

2. Write short notes on- 5+5=10
 - a. Council of Ministers
 - b. High Courts in the States

3. Discuss the procedure of the appointment of Judges to the Supreme Court of India. Also mention the case laws as relevant. 10

4. Discuss the different types of Jurisdictions of the Supreme Court as provided by the Constitution of India. 10

5. Discuss the division of legislative power between Centre and State as provided by the Constitution of India. 10

6. Write short notes on- 5+5=10
 - a. Colourable Legislation
 - b. State emergency

7. Discuss the tussle between the Parliament and the Supreme Court of India in relation to the powers of amendment of the Constitution of India. 10

8. Discuss the freedom of Trade Commerce and Intercourse along with the restrictions as provided by the Constitution of India. 10

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