REV-01 LLM/01/05

2023/06

LLM SECOND SEMESTER INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW & COMPETITION LAW LLM - 2.1 CCL-4 [REPEAT]



Dui	ration: 3 hrs.	OBJE	Full Marks: 70	
	Object	ive	<u>e</u>)	
Time: 30 min.			Mark	s: 2
Choose the correct answer from t		he	following: 1×20=2	20
1.	WTO stands fora. World Tariff Organization c. World Trade Organization		. World Tax Organization . World Trademark Organization	
2.	is the precursor of WTO. a. NAFTA c. SAARC	d.	. GATT . NATO	
3.	World Trade Organisation came into force a. 27th, July, 2005 c. 1st, January, 1995	b.	. 15th, September, 1993 . 31st, December, 1990	
4.	is the headquarter of the WTO a. Uruguay c. Tokyo		New York Geneva	
5.	TheGathers and publishes data or a. GATT c. OECD	b.	e international economy WHO WTO	
6.	The Uruguay round addresses iss a. Migration c. Tariffs	b.	s. Intellectual Property All of the above	
7.	TRIP stands for a. Tourism-Related Intellectual Property c. Trade-Related International Property	b. d.	Trade-Related International Property	ty
8.	primarily deals with economic issue many countries. a. WTO c. World Bank	s lik		
9.	is where two or more companies competing with one another using various a. Market competition. c. National economy	b.		

10.	India adopted its first competition law w	ay back in
	a. 1970	b. 1950
	c. 2000	d. 1969
11.	What is the full form of MRTP Act?	
	a. Market Ratio for Trade Practice	b. Monopolistic Restriction Trade Practice
	c. Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practice	d. None of the above
12.	MRTP was replaced by	
	a. Consumer Protection Act	b. Copyright Act
	c. Competition Act	d. Fair Trade Practice Act
13.	international developments and to suggest new law or suitable amendments in the M	st legislative framework, which may entail a IRTP Act, 1969.
	a. Raghvan c. Justice Sharma	b. Verma
		d. None of the above
14.	CCI consists of aappointed by	
	a. Chairperson and 5 members	b. Director General and 6 members
	c. Chairperson and 6 members	d. Presiding Officer and 10 members
15.	is not a type of Agreeme	nt under Competition Act,2002
	a. Horizontal Agreement	b. Hybrid Agreement
	c. Vertical Agreement	d. None of the above
16.	has power to exempt enterprise Competition Act, 2002.	e, practice or agreement from application of
	a. Competition Law	b. Appellate Tribunal
	c. State Government	d. Central Government
17.	is horizontal agreements:	
	a. Tie in arrangements	b. Resale Price Maintenance
	c. Cartels	d. All of the above
18.	Which of the following is not the duty of C	Competition Commission? to ensure freedom of trade carried on
	a. to protect the interests of investors;	b. by other participants in markets in India and -for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto;
	c. None of the above	d. All of the above
19.	Anti competitive agreements are:	
	a. Void	b. Voidable
	c. Valid	d. None of the above

20. What orders the commission can pass in case of a combination?

It shall approve the combination if no
a. appreciable adverse effect on
b. case of appreciable adverse effect on

c. It may propose suitable modifications.

competition.

d. All of the above

[<u>Descriptive</u>]

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min.

abuse of dominance?

CCI.

Marks:50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Highlight the main objectives, principles, and significant 5+5=10 contributions of GATT in promoting global trade liberalization, reducing trade barriers, resolving trade disputes, and fostering economic cooperation among member countries. How GATT has influenced the modern global trade landscape, and what challenges and opportunities lay ahead for the WTO in the context of an ever-changing international trade environment? 2. Define international trade. Why is it important to regulate 4+6=10 international trade laws? Approach your answer from the perspective of a third world country. 3. How has the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) 10 evolved over time from its inception to the present day? 4. Trace the historical evolution of competition laws in India. 5+5=10 Write a detailed note on the salient features of the Competition 2+8=10Act, 2022. 6. Explain Anti-Competitive Agreements. What is the procedure 5+5=10 adopted by the CCI to adjudicate matters of Anti- Competitive agreements? 7. Explain in details the concept of Abuse of Dominance. What is 5+5=10 the procedure adopted by the CCI to adjudicate matters of

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Write a detailed note on the role, powers and functions of the

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