

LLM
FIRST SEMESTER
CYBER CRIMES
LLM – 1.6 [SPECIAL REPEAT]
(USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following: $1 \times 20 = 20$

- Many cyber crimes come under Indian Penal Code. Which one of the following is an example?
 - Sending Threatening message by email.
 - Forgery of Electronic Record
 - Bogus Website
 - All of above
- Assessing computer without prior authorisation is a cyber crime that comes under?
 - Section 65
 - Section 66
 - Section 68
 - Section 70
- The following cannot be exploited by assigning or by licensing the rights of others.
 - Patent
 - Design
 - Trademark
 - All the above
- Altering of data so that it is not undone unless the changes are undone is
 - Biometrics
 - Encryption
 - Ergonomics
 - Compression
- When to start investigation
 - After receiving permission from cyber cell
 - After receiving authority from Sr. Inspector of police
 - In case of cognizable offence after lodging of the F.I.R under section 154 of Cr.p.c
 - As soon as non- cognizable offence is brought to the notice of police.
- In the following cases the Hon'ble Supreme Court struck down sections 66 A of I.T Act
 - Kartar Singh vs State of Punjab
 - Maneka Gandhi vs UOI
 - K.A Abbas vs UOI
 - Shreya Singhai vs UOI
- Prosecution has to give copies of
 - All electronic records relied upon by the prosecution to the Accused
 - Only those copies of the electronic records which are contained external harddisk, pen drives, CD, etc
 - Non- electronic records involved in the case to the Accused.
 - Only certain electronic documents to the Accused.

-means a person who has been granted a licence to issue a electronic signature certificate
- Certifying Authority
 - Certifying Private Key Authority
 - Certifying system controller
 - Appropriate Authority
9. Authentication is
- To assure identity of user on a remote system
 - Insertion
 - Modification
 - Integration
10. The following cannot be exploited by assigning or by licensing the rights of others
- Patent
 - Design
 - Trademark
 - All of the above
11. Hacking is
- The act of compromising digital devices and networks through unauthorized access to an account or computer system
 - The act of compromising digital devices and networks through authorized access to an account or computer system
 - devices through unauthorized access to an account or computer system
 - All of the above
12. Cyber warfare is a cyber attack against nation-state causing harm disruption of computer systems and loss of life.
- True
 - False
 - Partly false
 - Partly true
13. Identity theft is the crime of obtaining the personal information of another person leaving damages in
- credits
 - Finances
 - reputation
 - All of the above
14. Under which section of Indian Penal Code stalking has been define?
- Sec.354D
 - Sec.355D
 - Sec .354C
 - Sec 355 C
15. Electronic signature is a legal way to get consent or approval on-
- E- documents
 - E-certificates
 - E- forms
 - All of the above
16. Under which section of IT Act 2000 deals with the offence of computer hacking?
- Sec 66
 - Sec 55
 - Sec 44
 - Sec 25
17. Cyber crime includes only-
- Monetary crimes
 - Non monetary crimes
 - Political benefits
 - All of the above

18. Spam is
- a. Unauthorized mail
 - b. Digital junk mail
 - c. authorized mail
 - d. Digital mail
19. Offenders of Cyber frauds are liable for-
- a. 7 years jail
 - b. fine of 2 lakhs
 - c. 7 years jail or fine
 - d. Both A and B
20. Under which sec . of Information Technology Act 2000 deals with pornography as an offence.
- a. Sec. 67
 - b. Sec 67- A
 - c. Sec 67 -B
 - d. Sec 66

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the theoretical perspective of cyber law and its development in its national perspectives. 10
2. Describe the concept of data protection , cyber security and its recognition of liability in the digital world. 10
3. Explain cyber crime in the context of internet -actus Reus/ and mens rea . 10
4. Discuss Budapest convention on cybercrime and the different types of attacks under cyber law. 4+6=10
5. Discuss briefly about the various context of cyber crimes relating to Indian Penal Code. 10
6. Discuss briefly about the effect of Indian Law's technical and legal solution on obscenity and pornography. 10
7. Write a brief note on Indian legal system on Free Speech in Internet and Freedom of expression in Internet. 10
8. Explain the contemporary trends of cyber law relating to identity theft,online privacy, and copyright regulations. 10

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